

angustifolium  
 Chamaenerion angustifolium

Z.H. Abudayeh  
**STUDY OF QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE  
 COMPOSITION OF POLYSACCHARIDES IN  
 CHAMAENERION ANGUSTIFOLIUM IN DIFFERENT  
 PHASES OF VEGETATION AND DIFFERENT ORGANS**

**Key words:** Hamenerion angustifolia, polysaccharides, flowers, willow-herb, willow-leaf tea, the buds of willow-herb

Study of the quantitative content of polysaccharides in Chamaenerion angustifolium in different organs was conducted. It was established that most alcohol-soluble polysaccharides of the quantitative content, pectins, hemicellulose A and B had contained in flowers, water-soluble polysaccharides - in buds. In different phases of plant growth the highest content of pectins, hemicellulose A was found in leaves of plants with a height of 40-50 cm (up to bud), water-soluble polysaccharides and hemicellulose found in leaves of plants with the height of 20-30 cm (up to bud), alcohol-polysaccharides in leaves during bud formation. The qualitative composition of water-soluble polysaccharides in Shamaenerion angustifolium in different phases of vegetation and in different organs was determined. In the hydrolyzate of soluble polysaccharides of Shamaenerion angustifolium glucose, rhamnose, galactose and galacturonic acid were found, in a free state in the aqueous extract of Chamaenerion angustifolium glucose was detected.

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**BMICT                    E O B H  
 (MELISSA OFFICINALIS)**

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 (Melissa officinalis).  
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 [7, 14].  
 [2, 9,11].  
 [3, 7, 10].  
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 [10, 12], ipaei

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 250  
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 100 200-250 [4].  
 [5].  
 [4,13].

$$X = ((V - V!) \cdot 0,004157 \cdot 250 \cdot 100 \cdot 100) / ( \cdot 25 \cdot (100 - " ) ),$$

$$V - ' (0,02 / ),$$

$$; V1 - ' -$$

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		, %
	16:0	59,3 ± 1,5
	16:1	8,5 ± 0,8
	14:0	6,8 ± 0,5
	15:0	0,8 ± 0,1
	17:0	2,5 ± 0,3
	18:0	2,5 ± 0,3
	18:1	8,5 ± 0,9
	18:2	10,2 ± 1,0
	18:3	0,8 ± 0,1
		71,9 ± 1,6
		28,1 ± 1,6=

9 , 2. :  
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 HO C O H (MELISSA OFFICINALIS)

P.I. Sereda, I.A. Liutenko, T.S. Briuzgina, U.V. Karpiuk  
**THE CONTENT OF TANNINS AND FATTY ACID LIPIDS OF MELISSA OFFICINALIS**

**Key words:** herb lemon balm, *Melissa officinalis*, fatty acids, tannins

The result of the research was obtained by the method of gas chromatography of fatty acids of *Melissa officinalis* herb, including those essential higher fatty acids (oleic, linoleic, linolenic). Also, it was set the quantitative content of tannins, that pointed to the pharmacological properties: antimicrobial, anti-inflammatory, astringent.

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