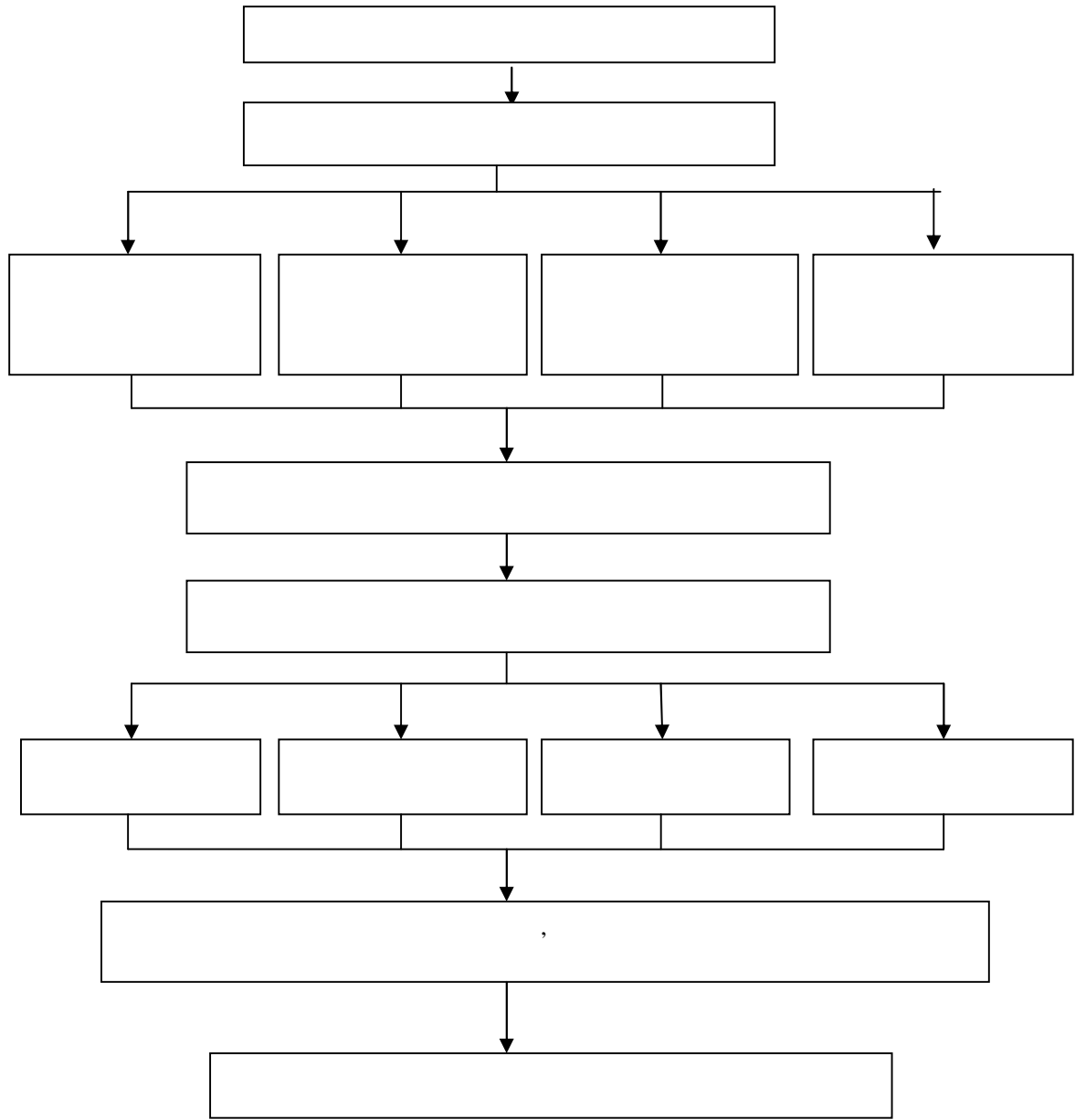


339.13.17:339.37

This article explores the density of connection between the musical accompaniment in various retail outlets and sales volumes there. The main tasks and rules for choosing a musical background and optimal selection process are identified.

Keywords: store atmosphere, music, brand outlet, sales.

[4]. [2]. [2]. [3]. (. 1).



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. 1.

1.

/		x_2 (.),	(.), x_1		
				(.)	, %
1	1	10600	11800	1200	11
2	2	8900	10300	1400	16
3	3	13200	13500	300	2
4	4	10100	12900	2800	28
5	\bar{x}	10700	12125	1425	14
6	1	30600	34900	4300	14
7	2	27800	32900	5100	18
8	3	22900	30100	7200	31
9	4	35200	37500	2300	7
10	\bar{x}	29125	33850	4725	18
11	1	15700	19100	2400	15
12	2	18200	19300	1100	6
13	3	13100	14700	1600	12
14	4	15900	17700	1800	11
15	\bar{x}	15725	17700	1975	13

[1].

(1):

$$F_F = \frac{\delta_x^2 * K_2}{\delta_{iar}^2 * K_1} \tag{1}$$

$\delta_x^2 -$;
 $\delta_{iar}^2 -$;
 $K_1 \quad K_2 -$;
 (2; 3): (δ_x^2) (δ_{iar}^2)
 $K_1 = m-1$ (2)

$$K_2 = m*(n-1) \tag{3}$$

$$K_1 = 1, K_2 = 6.$$

$\bar{x}_1 -$;
 $\bar{x}_2 -$;
 $m -$;
 (4):
 $\delta_x^2 = \sum_{i=1}^m (\bar{x}_i - \bar{x})^2 * n_i$, (4)
 $\bar{x} -$;
 $n_i -$ (,) - .
 . 1 (m = 2),
 - 4 (n = 4). (5)
 (5):

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2}{m} , \tag{5}$$

(δ_{iar}^2) ,
 (6):

$$\delta_{iar}^2 = \sum_{i=1}^m (x_{ij} - \bar{x})^2 \tag{6}$$

$x_{ij} -$

2.

		δ_x^2	δ_{iar}^2	F_F
	11412,5	1269139,625	987916,6667	7,7
	31487,5	13953514,63	4898333,333	17,09
	16712,5	2437889,625	2253333,333	6,49

F_F (4) ($F_T = 5,99$).
 F- () ,

F_F F_T,

7,7>5,99;
17,09>5,99;
6,49>5,99.

F- ()

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24.09.2012 .