

...
: «
...
» [1, .146-147]
4- « » : « , ?» [5].
: «
...
» [2].
(,) -
(341 - 270 . .)
- « »
: « , -
» [6,
.211-212].
«... [], - ...
» (« ») [4].
« » -
(, , , , .)
(« »),
(« »)

1. ... 4- ... / - ... : ... , 1984. - ... 4: ... /[...] - 1984. - 830 .
2. ... : [...] / - ... :
//http://www.gumer.info/bibliotek_Buks/Culture/Gus_Etika/_31.php
3. ... : [...] - ... : //http://esolibraryplus.narod.ru/budd_pr.html
4. ... : [...] / [...] . - ... :
//http://spiritual.ru/lib/dhammapada.html
5. - ... : [...] / ... ; [...] - ... : //http://lunyu.ru/
6. ...] - ... : - ... , 1955. - 239 . / [...] - ... : [...] / ... ; [...] . - ... : //http://www.psylib.ukrweb.net/books/plato01/30zak12.htm
8. ... / ... ; [...] - ... : ... , 1999. - 608 .

Summary

Brodetsky O. The Conceptual and Methodological Correlation between Ancient Oriental and Greek and Roman Etical Doctrines. The article contains the comparative analysis of the Ancient Oriental ethical doctrines and the ethics of Greek and Roman philosophy. It is outlined the common humanistic basis of these ethical traditions and considered the potencies of their conceptual synergy. Keywords: ethical doctrines, religious and secular ethics, humanism, Buddhism, Confucianism.