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CLINICAL FEATURES OF REPRODUCTIVE DISORDERS IN WOMEN WITH ENDOMETRIAL HYPERPLASIA

Ye. P. Kovalenko

SUMMARY

The study analyzed the features of reproductive disorders in 101 women early and late childbearing age with various forms of endometrial hyperplasia. Analyzed the most frequent violations and forms of infertility, menstrual dysfunction nature and formation of associated hyperplastic processes in the uterus. It is established that in endometrial hyperplasia more than half of the women identified fertility problems, the most common of which is infertility and habitual miscarriage. Thus endometrial hyperplasia usually accompanied by a high frequency in combination with other proliferative diseases of endometrium (from 55.6% to 67.9%) and hyperpolimenorea formation.

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- (55,6% 67,9%) .

101

-, 24-62% [1,8,9].

, 2 - 19-49

[6]. (17,2-67,7%) : -

[2,7], (34-73,1%)

50% ; ; ; () 56

32,7±1,0),

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«XARIO» 4D SSA-660A («Toshiba», 3 41 3,5 ; 2 – ; 3 -(), - 36 - 24 6,5 7 (6 - 8 20 - 2248 (47,5%) 36 21 (20,8%), - 15 (14,9%). «NEMIO» XG 12 (11,9%) (.1). 11,8% 14,9% 47,5% 20,8% □Без нарушений репродуктивной функции □Бесплодие I ■Бесплодие II □Невынашивание беременности . 1. 58,3% .2). : 31 (30,7%) 35 17 (16,8%) -3:1, 36-49 (. 1). 1:2,5. 2%.

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		19-35	36-49
	101(100%)	38 (37,6%)	63 (62,4%)
	53 (52,5%)	7 (6,9%)	46 (45,5 %)
-	48 (47,5%)	31 (30,7%)	17 (16,8%)
	36 (35,6%)	26 (25,7%)	10 (9,9%)
	12 (11,9%)	5 (5,0%)	7 (6,9%)

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(%)

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(n=41)	25 (24,8%) (60,9%)	5(4,9%) (12,2%)	20(19,8%) (48,8%)	15(14,9%) (36,6%)	5(4,9%) (12,2%)
(n=36)	21 (20,8%) (58,3%)	7 (6,9%) (19,4%)	14(13,9%) (38,9%)	(4,0%) (11,1%)	10 (9,9%) (27,8%)
(n=24)	2 (2,0%) (8,3%)	-	2 (2,0%) (8,3%)	(2,0%) (8,3%)	
(n=101)	48 (47,5%)	12(11,9%)	36(35,6%)	21(20,8%)	15(14,9%)

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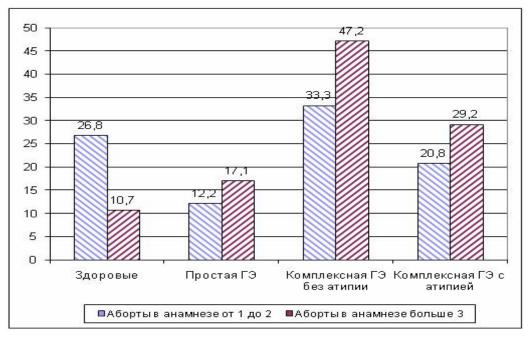
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(n=41)	21 (51,2%)	20 (48,8%)	1 (2,4%)	12 (29,3%)	5 (12,2%)	7 (17,1%)
(n=36)	29 (80,6%)	25 (69,4%)	4 (11,1%)	29 (80,6%)	12 (33,3%)	17 (47,2%)
(n=24)	11 (45,8%)	10 (41,7%)	1 (4,2%)	12 (50%)	5 (20,8%)	7 (29,2%)
(n=101)	61 (60,4%)	55 (54,5%)	6 (5,9%)	53 (52,5%)	22 (21,8%)	31 (30,7%)
(n=56)	38 (67,8%)	35 (62,5%)	3(5,3%)	21(37,5%)	15 (26,8%)	6(10,7%)

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