

# SUMMARY

---

Olha HUL'

5–17

## **Lviv Citizens Protests against the Abuses of the City Council in the Early 16<sup>th</sup> Century**

The article highlights the main reasons and circumstances of Lviv citizens protests against the abuses of the City Council representatives in the early 16<sup>th</sup> century. Relying on the existing sources the history of the conflict is recreated. The article discusses the activities and decisions of the Rroyal Commission aimed at solving the raised issues. It reveals the changes in the functioning of the local authorities that were introduced as the result of this conflict.

*Key words:* social conflict, the City Council, the Royal Commission, elites, pro-government group, Decemvirum.

Hryhorii SAVCHUK

18–24

## **Cyrillic and latin publications of stavropyhian institute in Lviv 1825–1855**

In this article the attention on Lviv's Stavropyhian institute's publishing in 1825–1855 is concentrated. The special attention to the activities of "Ruthenian trinity" and the events of the 1848 revolution in institute's prints is granted. Gradual and ambiguous crossing of institute's leaders on moskwophile positions is observed.

*Key words:* Stavropyhian institute, typography, "Ruthenian trinity", moskvophiles, catalogue.

Khrystyna KHARCHUK

25–31

## **Activity of the polish historical memorial public organizations and societies in Lviv during XIX – early XX century**

The article examines the activities of Polish historical memorial community organizations and societies during the nineteenth – early twentieth century on Preservation of Military History in Lviv. Analyzed the contribution of these organizations and companies to set up military cemeteries and burial arrangements fallen soldiers from the Polish uprisings period 1831–1832 and 1863–1864 years of the First World War and the liberation wars of 1914–1920 years.

*Key words:* society, community organizations, military cemetery, military burial, historical memorial heritage, monument.

Olga NIKOLAYENKO

32–38

## **Participation of Polish women in the religious movement in the Ukrainian provinces of the Russian Empire in the late XIX and early XX centuries**

The article described a religious movement of Polish women in the right-bank and southern Ukrainian provinces at the end XIX and beginning of the XXth centuries.

Based on the analysis of archival materials identifies presuppositions of female religious activities, directions, forms, meanings. Identify features of the Polish women's religious movement, influencing both the status of Catholicism in the region, and the social position of women.

*Key words:* Polish population, the Ukrainian province of the Russian Empire, social-political movement, the Catholic faith, the women's movement.

Natalia MYSAK

39–54

**The financial status of the pedagogical intelligentsia in Galicia at the end of XIX th century and at the beginning of XX<sup>th</sup> century**

This article suggests to analyze the financial status and work conditions of the different categories of pedagogical intelligentsia in Galicia at the end of XIX th century and at the beginning of XX th century. Moreover it is supposed to find and the amount and components of salary, pension of pedagogical workers in comparison with the other professional categories and to retrace the main requirements and the course of teachers struggle for the improvement of their prosperity.

*Key words:* pedagogical intelligentsia, professor, teacher, Galicia, financial status, salary, pension.

Oksana RUDA

55–69

**Ukrainian-Polish relations in the XVII th century in Olgerd Gurkha's interpretation (1887–1955)**

The article analyzes historiographical legacy of the famous Polish scholar Olgerd Gurkha devoted to Ukrainian-Polish relations in the XVII th cent., in particular, Cossack revolution under the leadership of Bogdan Khmelnytskyi and its consequences for the Commonwealth. The article is focused on the research methodology of the scientist, his attempt to objective coverage of the causes and course of the Polish-Cossack wars.

*Key words:* Polish historiography, historical myths, Commonwealth, Polish-Cossack relations, Cossack revolution under the leadership of Bogdan Khmelnytskyi.

Mirosław SZUMILO

70–83

**Dmytro Levytskyy – the head of the Ukrainian National-Democratic Union (UNDO) in 1925–1935**

The article analyzes the political career and the activities of Dmytro Levytskyy, especially during the period when he was the head of the Ukrainian National-Democratic Union (UNDO). Furthermore trying to assess its role in ukrainian political life in the Second Republic of Poland.

*Key words:* Dmytro Levytskyy, Ukrainian National-Democratic Union, the Second Republic of Poland.

Taras HORBACHEVSKIY

84–88

**Association and scientific centers of Roman-Catholic priests in the Lviv during interwar period**

This article shows the activities of Roman-Catholic priests' association, clerical seminary and theological faculty of Jan Kazimir university and their contribution in the development of theological science during the interwar period in Poland.

*Key words:* Roman-Catholic Church, Lviv, Theological Association of Poland, clerical seminary, theological faculty.

Aleksander SMOLIŃSKI

89–107

**The Industry, Farming and Infrastructure of Soviet Ukraine at the Beginning of the Thirties in the 20th Century on the Ground of the Records of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Department of the General Staff of Polish Army**

The Treaty of Riga that was made on 18<sup>th</sup> March 1921 between Poland, Soviet Russia and Soviet Ukraine finished Polish-soviet war in an official way. Yet, the mentioned treaty meant only end of an open war as a part of the political reasons of this conflict was still unsolved. As a result both countries led reconnaissance operations by the whole interwar period. Polish intelligence service was interested in any information connected with soviet military potential. Therefore, the author focused on presenting the state of Polish intelligence service's knowledge about industry, farming and infrastructure on Soviet Ukraine on early thirtieth 20 century. This presentation has been based on saved archive records of 2nd Department of the General Staff of Polish Army, which was responsible for intelligence service.

*Key words:* Polish military intelligence, industry, transport, agriculture.

Zoriana POLIOVA

108–128

**Polish-ukrainian military relations: conflict development and the attempts at reconciliation**

In this article I analyze the dynamic of the Polish-Ukrainian wartime conflict and explain Polish-Ukrainian attempts at compromise as well as the factors causing their failure. Placing the Polish-Ukrainian wartime conflict within a combined German and Soviet context, it is legitimate to argue that both the Nazis and the Soviets inflamed the conflict and implemented a policy of divide and rule in the region. I pay special attention to the illumination of the anti-Polish front within the Ukrainian nationalistic insurgency's strategy of all-out struggle for the USSR and the anti-Ukrainian front within the AK's political strategy of armed struggle for independent and democratic Poland.

*Key words:* The OUN, the UPA, the detachments of self-defense, the ZWZ, the AK, the WiN, the NSZ, depolonization campaign, operation "Burza", deportations, operation "Wisła", the Nazis, the Soviets.

Andrii BOLIANOVSKIY

129–142

**The problem of number of Polish victims of Volhynian tragedy, 1943**

The article raises question of number of Polish victims as a result of Ukrainian-Polish confrontation in Volhynia in 1943. In accordance with mainly Polish archival

sources, the author argues that the real number of losses of Volhynian Polish population as a result of activities of the underground of Ukrainian nationalists and the Ukrainian Insurgent Army (UPA) at the same year didn't overwhelmed 20000 persons.

*Key words:* Ukrainian-Polish relations, Volhynia, victims of the conflict.

Yaroslav KONDRACH

143–159

### **Ukraine's Path to European integration in the 1990s**

The article considers and analyzes the transformation of Ukrainian – European Union relations through the lense of the evolution of economic and political developments in Eastern Europe. An example of the successful integration of the Republic of Poland into the European structures and the benefits it brought in economical, political, social and cultural spheres are suggested as a good example for Ukraine to follow.

*Key words:* Ukraine, Poland, the European Union, the Ukrainian-Polish relations, European integration.

Liubomyr KHA KHULA

160–172

### **Religious, national and cultural life of Ukrainian society in Poland in the end of XX – at the beginning XXI of century**

In the article the process of adjusting of religious, national and cultural life of Ukrainian society in Przemyśl and in Przemyśl Voivodeship after democratic transformations in Poland is analysed; the role of widespread among the Poles historical stereotypes about Ukraine among the Poles during an origin, motion and decision of the debatable Polish-Ukraine problems is considered. Main questions in relation, to that proceeded most discussions, touched the return of sacred object to Greek-Catholics, attempts of Ukrainians to set monuments to the warriors of Ukrainian Insurgent Army and desire of Ukrainian society to conduct the Festival of the Ukrainian culture in Przemyśl.

*Key words:* Poland, Przemyśl, social and political ideas, Ukrainian Insurgent Army, historical stereotypes.

Maryna CHEBAN

173–192

### **Ivan Krypiakevych Ukrainian Studies Institute of the National Academy of Science of Ukraine: cooperation with the Polish academic institutions and advancement of Polish Studies (1991–2013)**

The article analyses academic cooperation between Ivan Krypiakevych Ukrainian Studies Institute of the National Academy of Science of Ukraine and Polish institutions. It characterises research related to Poland conducted by the Institute's employees and examines their personal academic contacts. It evaluates participation of the scholars in international conferences and other academic events in the past two decades.

*Key words:* Ivan Krypiakevych Ukrainian Studies Institute of the National Academy of Science of Ukraine, Polish Studies, research, cooperation, Ukraine, Poland.