

532.546

We consider the problem on determination of pressure field in heterogeneous fractured porous stratum. We derived the initial nonlinear differential partial equation with the main divergent part and established its type. We formulate this problem and suggest the method for solution on the basis of analytical transformations and the iterations method. Also the general algorithm and a number of examples are given.

Key words: pressure field, heterogeneous fractured porous strata, nonlinear differential partial equation, type, algorithm.

[2]-[3].

[1]
[4],

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}[k\Phi(x, y, p, S)\frac{\partial p}{\partial x}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}[k\Phi(x, y, p, S)\frac{\partial p}{\partial y}] = a\frac{\partial p}{\partial t} + f. \quad (1)$$

(1)

$$f(x, y, t) - \dots, k - \dots, \Phi - \dots, p - \dots, S - \dots, x, y - \dots, t - \dots, a - \dots$$

$$\bar{v} = -\frac{k}{\sqrt{\lambda_2 S + \sqrt{\lambda_3 S^2 + |\nabla p|^2}}} \frac{|\nabla p| - \lambda_1 S - r}{\sqrt{k}} \nabla p, S = r / \sqrt{k}, \quad (2)$$

$$\bar{v} - \dots, \dots, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \dots, r - \dots, k = k(x, y), \quad (2),$$

[5]

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}(hv_x) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(hv_y) + f = 0. \quad (3)$$

$$h = 1. \quad (2) \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[\frac{k}{\sqrt{\lambda_2 S + \sqrt{\lambda_3 S^2 + |\nabla p|^2}}} \frac{|\nabla p| - \lambda_1 S - r}{\sqrt{k}} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[\frac{k}{\sqrt{\lambda_2 S + \sqrt{\lambda_3 S^2 + |\nabla p|^2}}} \frac{|\nabla p| - \lambda_1 S - r}{\sqrt{k}} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} \right] = f. \quad (4)$$

(4)

 p k

$$a_{11} \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x^2} + 2a_{12} \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x \partial y} + a_{22} \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial y^2} + H(x, y, p, \frac{\partial p}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial p}{\partial y}) = f, \quad (5)$$

$$a_{11} = A + B \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} \right)^2, a_{12} = B \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y}, a_{22} = A + B \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial y} \right)^2, A = k \frac{|\nabla p| \sqrt{k} - \lambda_1 S - r}{\lambda_2 r + \sqrt{\lambda_3 r^2 + k |\nabla p|^2}},$$

$$B = \frac{k^{3/2}}{|\nabla p| (\lambda_2 r + \sqrt{\lambda_3 r^2 + k |\nabla p|^2})} - \frac{k^2 (|\nabla p| \sqrt{k} - \lambda_1 S - r)}{\sqrt{\lambda_3 r^2 + k |\nabla p|^2} (\lambda_2 r + \sqrt{\lambda_3 r^2 + k |\nabla p|^2})},$$

$$H = \frac{(\frac{\partial k}{\partial x} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial k}{\partial y} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y})(1, 5|\nabla p|\sqrt{k} - \gamma_1 \gamma_0 r)}{\gamma_2 r + \sqrt{\gamma_3 r^2 + k|\nabla p|^2}} - \frac{0, 5(\frac{\partial k}{\partial x} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial k}{\partial y} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y})k|\nabla p|^2 (|\nabla p|\sqrt{k} - \gamma_1 \gamma_0 r)}{\sqrt{\gamma_3 r^2 + k|\nabla p|^2} (\gamma_2 r + \sqrt{\gamma_3 r^2 + k|\nabla p|^2})^2}.$$

(5),

$$d = a_{12}^2 - a_{11}a_{22}.$$

$$a_{11}, a_{12}, a_{22},$$

$$d = -A^2 - |\nabla p|^2 AB.$$

d

1. $\gamma_1 = \gamma_0 = 1, \gamma_2 = \gamma_3 = 0, A = (|\nabla p| - s) / |\nabla p| > 0, \quad |\nabla p| > s, s -$
 $, B = ks / |\nabla p|^2 > 0, \quad , d < 0.$
 2. $\gamma_1 = 0, \gamma_2 = \gamma_3 = 1, A = |\nabla p| / (s + \sqrt{s^2 + |\nabla p|^2}) > 0,$
 $B = k^{3/2}r (r + \sqrt{r^2 + k|\nabla p|^2}) / |\nabla p| \sqrt{r^2 + k|\nabla p|^2} (r + \sqrt{r^2 + k|\nabla p|^2})^2 > 0,$
 $, d < 0.$
 3. $\gamma_1 = 0, \gamma_2 = 1, \gamma_3 = 0, \quad A = k|\nabla p| / (s + |\nabla p|) > 0, B = 0, \quad , d < 0.$
 4. $\gamma_1 = 1, \gamma_0 = 1 - \epsilon / \epsilon, \gamma_2 = \gamma_3 = 0, A = [|\nabla p| - (1 - \epsilon / \epsilon)s] / |\nabla p| > 0,$
 $\epsilon / \epsilon < 1, (\epsilon -$
 $), 1 - \epsilon / \epsilon < 1, |\nabla p| > s, B = \gamma_0 r k / |\nabla p|^2 > 0, \quad d < 0.$
 5. $\gamma_1 = \gamma_2 = \gamma_3 = 0, A = k > 0, B = 0, \quad , d < 0.$
- (5)

$$\frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial y^2} + t(x, y, p, \frac{\partial p}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial p}{\partial y}) = 0$$

$$\Delta p + H(x, y, p, \frac{\partial p}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial p}{\partial y}) = 0. \quad (6)$$

(6) D ∂D

$$1. \quad p(r, n) = p_k(n) \quad r=1 \quad (\quad),$$

$$2. \quad A_i \quad p \quad ,$$

$$\lim_{x_i \rightarrow 0} \oint \frac{kh}{\partial n} \frac{\partial p}{\partial n} ds = Q_i \quad x_i \rightarrow 0.$$

$$Q_i = \quad , \quad \uparrow = kh / \sim - \quad , \quad x_i -$$

$$(6) \quad [6] \quad z = x + iy, \bar{z} = x - iy$$

$$(7) \quad \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial z \partial \bar{z}} + 0, 25 H(z, \bar{z}, p, \frac{\partial p}{\partial z}, \frac{\partial p}{\partial \bar{z}}) = 0.$$

$$p(z, \bar{z}) = \{ (z) + \mathbb{E}(\bar{z}) - 0, 25 \int_{z_i}^z \int_{\bar{z}_i}^{\bar{z}} H(' , '^- , p, \frac{\partial p}{\partial '}, \frac{\partial p}{\partial '^-}) d' d'^- , \quad (8)$$

$$\{ \quad \mathbb{E} - \quad , \quad z_i = x_i + iy_i, \bar{z}_i = x_i - iy_i, x_i, y_i - \quad (8)$$

$$p_0(z, \bar{z}) = \{ (z) + \mathbb{E}(\bar{z}),$$

$$p_1(z, \bar{z}) = \{ (z) + \mathbb{E}(\bar{z}) - 0, 25 \int_{z_i}^z \int_{\bar{z}_i}^{\bar{z}} H(' , '^- , p_0, \frac{\partial p_0}{\partial '}, \frac{\partial p_0}{\partial '^-}) d' d'^- ,$$

$$p_2(z, \bar{z}) = \{ (z) + \mathbb{E}(\bar{z}) - 0, 25 \int_{z_i}^z \int_{\bar{z}_i}^{\bar{z}} H(' , '^- , p_1, \frac{\partial p_1}{\partial '}, \frac{\partial p_1}{\partial '^-}) d' d'^- ,$$

$$p_n(z, \bar{z}) = \{ (z) + \mathbb{E}(\bar{z}) - 0, 25 \int_{z_i}^z \int_{\bar{z}_i}^{\bar{z}} H(' , '^- , p_{n-1}, \frac{\partial p_{n-1}}{\partial '}, \frac{\partial p_{n-1}}{\partial '^-}) d' d'^- .$$

$$(6) \quad , \quad \{ (z), \mathbb{E}(\bar{z})$$

$n -$

p_n

$$p_n(x, y) = \text{Re}[\{ (z) - 0, 25 \int_{z_i}^z \int_{\bar{z}_i}^{\bar{z}} H(' , '^- , p_{n-1}, \frac{\partial p_{n-1}}{\partial '}, \frac{\partial p_{n-1}}{\partial '^-}) d' d'^-]. \quad (9)$$

$$p_n \quad (9)$$

$$\text{Re}[\{ (z) - 0, 25 \int_{z_i}^z \int_{\bar{z}_i}^{\bar{z}} H(' , '^- , p_{n-1}, \frac{\partial p_{n-1}}{\partial '}, \frac{\partial p_{n-1}}{\partial '^-}) d' d'^-] = p_k(n). \quad (10)$$

$$, \quad \{ (z)$$

$$\{ (z) = B_i \ln(z - z_i) + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n z^n, \quad (11)$$

c_n

B_i

$$B_i = Q_i / 2f \dagger_i, \dagger_i = \dagger(x_i, y_i).$$

(10)

c_n .

M

: Mathematica, Maple, Gauss
Mathcad 7.0 Professional.

Mathcad-

MINPACK,
().

1980 .

c_n (9),

$$k = k(x, y, p),$$

(1)

$$\Delta p + \frac{\partial k}{\partial x} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} / k + \frac{\partial k}{\partial y} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} / k + \frac{\partial k}{\partial p} [(\frac{\partial p}{\partial x})^2 + (\frac{\partial p}{\partial y})^2] / k = 0. \quad (12)$$

(6),

$$H = \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial x} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial y} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial p} [(\frac{\partial p}{\partial x})^2 + (\frac{\partial p}{\partial y})^2]. \quad (13)$$

$$k = k(x, y, |\nabla p|)$$

(1)

$$\frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x^2} [1 + \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial |\nabla p|} (\frac{\partial p}{\partial x})^2 \frac{1}{|\nabla p|}] + \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial y^2} [1 + \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial |\nabla p|} (\frac{\partial p}{\partial y})^2 \frac{1}{|\nabla p|}] + 2 \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x \partial y} \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial |\nabla p|} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} \frac{1}{|\nabla p|} + \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial x} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial y} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} = 0. \quad (14)$$

$$a_{11} = 1 + \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial |\nabla p|} (\frac{\partial p}{\partial x})^2 \frac{1}{|\nabla p|}, a_{12} = \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial |\nabla p|} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} \frac{1}{|\nabla p|}, a_{22} = 1 + \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial |\nabla p|} (\frac{\partial p}{\partial y})^2 \frac{1}{|\nabla p|},$$

(14)

$$a_{11} \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x^2} + 2a_{12} \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x \partial y} + a_{22} \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial x} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial y} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} = 0. \quad (15)$$

$$d = a_{12}^2 - a_{11}a_{22} = -1 - k|\nabla p| / \frac{\partial k}{\partial |\nabla p|}, \quad k > 0 \quad (15)$$

$$), \quad \partial k / \partial |\nabla p| > 0 \quad (16)$$

$$d < 0 \quad (17)$$

$$(6),$$

$$(1)$$

$$\Delta p + \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial x} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial y} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} = 0, \quad (16)$$

$$(8)$$

$$p(z, \bar{z}) = \{ (z) + \mathbb{E}(\bar{z}) - 0, 5 \int_{z_i}^z \int_{\bar{z}_i}^{\bar{z}} \left[\frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial'} \frac{\partial p}{\partial'} + \frac{\partial \ln k}{\partial''} \frac{\partial p}{\partial''} \right] d' d'' \quad (17)$$

$$p_n(z, \bar{z}) = \{ (z) + \mathbb{E}(\bar{z}) - 0, 25 \int_{z_i}^z \int_{\bar{z}_i}^{\bar{z}} H(z', \bar{z}', p_{n-1}, \frac{\partial p_{n-1}}{\partial'}, \frac{\partial p_{n-1}}{\partial''}) d' d'' \quad (18)$$

$$\frac{\partial p_n}{\partial z}, \frac{\partial p_n}{\partial \bar{z}}$$

$$\frac{\partial p_n}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial \{ (z) \}}{\partial z} + \int_{z_i}^z [a(z, \bar{z}') \frac{\partial p_{n-1}}{\partial z} + b(z, \bar{z}') \frac{\partial p_{n-1}}{\partial'}] d' \bar{z}', \quad (19)$$

$$\frac{\partial p_n}{\partial \bar{z}} = \frac{\partial \mathbb{E}(\bar{z})}{\partial \bar{z}} + \int_{z_i}^z [a(z', \bar{z}) \frac{\partial p_{n-1}}{\partial'} + b(z', \bar{z}) \frac{\partial p_{n-1}}{\partial \bar{z}}] d' z'. \quad (20)$$

$$(p_n, \frac{\partial p_n}{\partial z}, \frac{\partial p_n}{\partial \bar{z}})$$

$$\check{S}_n = p_{n+1} - p_n = \int_{z_i}^z \int_{\bar{z}_i}^{\bar{z}} [a(z', \bar{z}') \frac{\partial \check{S}_{n-1}}{\partial'} + b(z', \bar{z}') \frac{\partial \check{S}_{n-1}}{\partial''}] d' d'',$$

$$\frac{\partial \check{S}_n}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial p_{n+1}}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial p_n}{\partial z} = \int_{z_i}^z [a(z, \bar{z}') \frac{\partial \check{S}_{n-1}}{\partial z} + b(z, \bar{z}') \frac{\partial \check{S}_{n-1}}{\partial'}] d' \bar{z}',$$

$$\frac{\partial \check{S}_n}{\partial \bar{z}} = \frac{\partial p_{n+1}}{\partial \bar{z}} - \frac{\partial p_n}{\partial \bar{z}} = \int_{z_i}^z [a(z', \bar{z}) \frac{\partial \check{S}_{n-1}}{\partial'} + b(z', \bar{z}) \frac{\partial \check{S}_{n-1}}{\partial \bar{z}}] d' z', \quad (n=1, 2, \dots).$$

$$a \quad b-$$

$$C_1,$$

$$p_0,$$

$$\frac{\partial p_0}{\partial z}, \frac{\partial p_0}{\partial \bar{z}}$$

$$C_2$$

$$D,$$

$$|\check{S}_0| < 2C_1 C_2 \frac{(|z - z_i| + |\bar{z} - \bar{z}_i|)^2}{2!}, \quad \left| \frac{\partial \check{S}_0}{\partial z} \right| \leq \left| \frac{\partial \check{S}_0}{\partial \bar{z}} \right| < 2C_1 C_2 (|z - z_i| + |\bar{z} - \bar{z}_i|).$$

$$|\check{S}_1| < \frac{(2C_1)^2 C_2}{3!} (|z - z_i| + |\bar{z} - \bar{z}_i|)^2, \left| \frac{\partial \check{S}_1}{\partial z} \right| \left| \frac{\partial \check{S}_1}{\partial \bar{z}} \right| < \frac{(2C_1)^2 C_2}{2!} (|z - z_i| + |\bar{z} - \bar{z}_i|)^2.$$

$$|\check{S}_n| < \frac{C_2}{2C_1} (2C_1)^{n+2} \frac{(|z - z_i| + |\bar{z} - \bar{z}_i|)^{n+2}}{(n+2)!},$$

$$\left| \frac{\partial \check{S}_1}{\partial z} \right| \left| \frac{\partial \check{S}_1}{\partial \bar{z}} \right| < \frac{C_2}{2C_1} (2C_1)^{n+2} \frac{(|z - z_i| + |\bar{z} - \bar{z}_i|)^{n+1}}{(n+1)!}.$$

\check{S}_{n+1}

$$\begin{aligned} |\check{S}_{n+1}| &< C_1 \left| \int_{z_i}^z \int_{\bar{z}_i}^{\bar{z}} (|z' - z_i| + |\bar{z}' - \bar{z}_i|)^{n+1} d' \bar{d}' \right| < \\ &< 2C_1 \frac{C_2}{2C_1} (2C_1)^{n+2} \frac{1}{(n+1)!} \left| \int_{z_i}^z \int_{\bar{z}_i}^{\bar{z}} (|z' - z_i| + |\bar{z}' - \bar{z}_i|)^{n+1} d' \bar{d}' \right| = \\ &= \frac{C_2}{2C_1} \frac{(2C_1)^{n+3}}{(n+2)!} \left| \int_{z_i}^z [(|z' - z_i| + |\bar{z}' - \bar{z}_i|)^{n+2} - |z' - z_i|^{n+2}] d' \right| = \\ &= \frac{C_2}{2C_1} \frac{(2C_1)^{n+3}}{(n+3)!} [(|z - z_i| + |\bar{z} - \bar{z}_i|)^{n+3} - |\bar{z} - \bar{z}_i|^{n+3} - |z - z_i|^{n+3}] < \\ &< \frac{C_2}{2C_1} \frac{(2C_1)^{n+3}}{(n+3)!} (|z - z_i| + |\bar{z} - \bar{z}_i|)^{n+3}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\left| \frac{\partial \check{S}_{n+1}}{\partial z} \right| < \frac{C_2}{2C_1} \frac{(2C_1)^{n+3}}{(n+2)!} (|z - z_i| + |\bar{z} - \bar{z}_i|)^{n+2},$$

$$\left| \frac{\partial \check{S}_{n+1}}{\partial \bar{z}} \right| < \frac{C_2}{2C_1} \frac{(2C_1)^{n+3}}{(n+2)!} (|z - z_i| + |\bar{z} - \bar{z}_i|)^{n+2}.$$

$$D \quad |z - z_i| + |\bar{z} - \bar{z}_i| < L, \quad L -$$

$\exp(2C_1 L)$ (

$$\{p_n\}, \{\partial p_n / \partial z\}, \{ \partial p_n / \partial \bar{z} \}.$$

(18)-(20),

$z \quad \bar{z}.$

$$k = k_0 \exp(\Gamma x + S y), (k_0, \Gamma, S = \text{const})$$

$$x = \text{arctg } S / \Gamma$$

$$k = k_0 \exp(mx), \quad (m = \sqrt{\Gamma^2 + S^2}).$$

(17)

$$p(z, \bar{z}) = \{ (z) + \mathbb{E}(\bar{z}) - \} \int_{\bar{z}_i}^z \int_{\bar{z}_i}^{\bar{z}} \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial z'} + \frac{\partial p}{\partial \bar{z}' } \right) d' z' d' \bar{z}' = m / 4. \quad (21)$$

$$r_1 = 0,24, n_1 = 3f / 2 \quad (\quad), \quad \bar{p}_k = 13,58$$

$$k_0 = 0,46 * 10^{-12} \quad ^2, \quad Q = 1866 \quad ^3/c,$$

$$D = 650 \quad ($$

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2. // – 1966. – 4. – . 152-154.
3. // – 1967. – 3. – . 186-182.
4. „ : « », 1989. – 120 .
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6. – : « », 1988. – 509 .