

## ABSTRACT AND REFERENCES

## INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY. INDUSTRY CONTROL SYSTEMS

DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2017.103651

## EVALUATION METHODS OF THE RESULTS OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH ACTIVITY OF SCIENTISTS BASED ON THE ANALYSIS OF PUBLICATION CITATIONS (p. 4-10)

**Andrii Biloshchytskyi**Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv,  
Kyiv, UkraineORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-9548-1959>**Alexander Kuchansky**Kyiv National University of Construction and  
Architecture, Kyiv, UkraineORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-1277-8031>**Yurii Andrashko**

Uzhhorod National University, Uzhhorod, Ukraine

ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-2306-8377>**Svitlana Biloshchytska**

Kyiv National University of Construction and Architecture

ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-0856-5474>**Oleksandr Kuzka**

Uzhhorod National University, Uzhhorod, Ukraine

ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-7556-3057>**Olexander Terentyev**State «Research Institute of building production»,  
Kyiv, UkraineORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-6995-1419>

We propose the method for the evaluation of results of scientific research activity of scientists PR-q. This method allows us to calculate a scalar evaluation of the results of scientific activity. The method is based on determining a number of real coefficients, which determine citation of one scientist in the publications by other scientists. The basis of the method is finding the evaluations by solving a system of linear algebraic equations. In this case, the matrix of the given system consists of the constructed coefficients. The proposed method, in contrast to other known methods of calculating the indices of citation, does not lose information about any citation of the author and of any publication.

We proposed the method, based on the construction of vectors of scalar evaluations for each scientist in a multidimensional metric space. This method implies construction of the ideal point, which consists of scalar evaluations, the best in terms of achieving maximal effectiveness of scientific research activity. The evaluation of each scientist is calculated as a metric distance from the ideal point to the vector of scalar evaluations of the given scientist.

The proposed methods for the evaluation of results of scientific research activity might be used to build the modules for automated systems of evaluation of the results of the work of scientists, effectiveness of conducting scientific research by higher educational institutions.

**Keywords:** citation index, evaluation of scientific research activity, bibliometric indicators, integrated evaluation.

**References**

- Lizunov, P., Biloshchytskyi, A., Biloshchytska, S. (2011). Vector project management of higher educational establishment. *Management of Development of Complex Systems*, 6, 135–139.
- Otradskaia, T., Gogunsky, V. (2016). Development process models for evaluation of performance of the educational establishments. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 3 (3 (81)), 12–22. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2016.66562
- Yakovenko, V., Gogunskii, V. (2009). Forecasting the state of the quality management system of educational institution. *Research systems and informational technologies*, 2, 50–57.
- Gogunskii, V., Kolesnikov, O., Kolesnikova, K., Lukianov, D. (2016). «Lifelong learning» is a new paradigm of personnel training in enterprises. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 4 (2 (82)), 4–10. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2016.74905
- Sherstyuk, O., Olekh, T., Kolesnikova, K. (2016). The research on role differentiation as a method of forming the project team. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 2 (3 (80)), 63–68. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2016.65681
- Koroleva, T. S., Vasiliev, I. A., Torozhkov, I. O. (2014). Evaluation criteria for research Institutes activities. *Proceedings of the St. Petersburg Scientific Research Institute of Forestry*, 2, 94–111.
- Andrashko, Yu., Biloshchytskyi, A., Kuchansky, A., Biloshchytska, S., Lyashchenko, T. (2017). Performance evaluation of teaching staff and universities overview. *Management of Development of Complex Systems*, 29, 151–159.
- Burkov, V., Biloshchytskyi, A., Gogunskii, V. (2013). Parameters citation of scientific publications in scientometric databases. *Informatization of higher education*, 15, 134–139.
- Hirsch, J. E. (2005). An index to quantify an individual's scientific research output. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, 102 (46), 16569–16572. doi: 10.1073/pnas.0507655102
- Egghe, L. (2006). Theory and practise of the g-index. *Scientometrics*, 69 (1), 131–152. doi: 10.1007/s11192-006-0144-7
- Zhang, C.-T. (2009). The e-Index, Complementing the h-Index for Excess Citations. *PLoS ONE*, 4 (5), e5429. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0005429
- Kosmulski, M. (2006). A new Hirsch-type index saves time and works equally well as the original h-index. *International Society for Scientometrics and Informetrics*, 4–6.
- Egghe, L. (2010). The Hirsch index and related impact measures. *Annual Review of Information Science and Technology*, 44 (1), 65–114. doi: 10.1002/aris.2010.1440440109
- Gagolewski, M., Mesiar, R. (2014). Monotone measures and universal integrals in a uniform framework for the scientific impact assessment problem. *Information Sciences*, 263, 166–174. doi: 10.1016/j.ins.2013.12.004
- Page, L., Brin, S., Motwani, R., Winograd, T. (1998). The PageRank Citation Ranking: Bringing Order to the Web. *Proceedings of the 7th International World Wide Web Conference*. Brisbane, Australia, 161–172.
- Avrachenkov, K., Litvak, N., Nemirovsky, D., Osipova, N. (2007). Monte Carlo Methods in PageRank Computation: When One Iteration is Sufficient. *SIAM Journal on Numerical Analysis*, 45 (2), 890–904. doi: 10.1137/050643799
- Liao, Q., Jiang, S., Yu, M., Yang, Y., Li, T. (2017). Monte Carlo Based Incremental PageRank on Evolving Graphs. *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, 356–367. doi: 10.1007/978-3-319-57454-7\_28

18. Kuchanky, A., Biloshchytskyi, A. (2015). Selective pattern matching method for time-series forecasting. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 6 (4 (78)), 13–18. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2015.54812

DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2017.103630

**METHOD OF FUNCTIONING OF INTELLIGENT AGENTS, DESIGNED TO SOLVE ACTION PLANNING PROBLEMS BASED ON ONTOLOGICAL APPROACH (p. 11-17)**

**Vasyl Lytvyn**

Lviv Polytechnic National University, Lviv, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-9676-0180>

**Victoria Vysotska**

Lviv Polytechnic National University, Lviv, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-6417-3689>

**Petro Pukach**

Lviv Polytechnic National University, Lviv, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-0359-5025>

**Miroslava Vovk**

Lviv Polytechnic National University, Lviv, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-7818-7755>

**Dmytro Uhryn**

Chernivtsi faculty of the National Technical University  
“Kharkiv Polytechnic Institute”, Chernivtsi, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-4858-4511>

The problem of operation of intelligent agents of action planning with the use of ontological approach was studied. Operation of intelligent agents is possible based on the knowledge of the subject-area, in other words, the knowledge base is used. Ontologies became the standard of knowledge base. Therefore, there arises the problem of development of methods and means of operation of intelligent systems based on ontologies, in particular intelligent agents of action planning.

The method of functioning of intelligent agents of action planning based on ontologies was developed. For this purpose, weights of importance of concepts and relationships were introduced to the structure of ontology. These weights are used for finding a path in the space of states. The space of states itself is built by using the language of requests to ontology. Optimization problem, which assigns the rational behavior of an intelligent agent, is two-criterial. To solve it, we chose the method of the main component, if objective functions may be evaluated, or the method of complex criterion, if these functions are impossible to evaluate.

Dimensionality of the space of states depends on the completeness of the ontology, and behavior effectiveness of an intelligent agent depends on the relevance of ontology. With this aim, in the course of automated development of ontology, we developed a method for evaluation of reliability of information sources that are used for developing ontologies. As a result of the studies, it was found that this approach allows us to increase operational efficiency of intelligent agents, if the process of ontology development is relevant to the needs of a subject domain.

The developed approach may serve as a base for constructing a unified methodology for development of intelligent agents of action planning if ontology of a subject domain is the central component of this software complex.

**Keywords:** ontology, intelligent agent, natural language processing, concept, space of states, action planning.

## References

- Gruber, T. R. (1993). A translation approach to portable ontology specifications. *Knowledge Acquisition*, 5 (2), 199–220. doi: 10.1006/knac.1993.1008
- Guarino, N. (1995). Formal ontology, conceptual analysis and knowledge representation. *International Journal of Human-Computer Studies*, 43 (5-6), 625–640. doi: 10.1006/ijhc.1995.1066
- Sowa, J. F. (1992). Conceptual graphs as a universal knowledge representation. *Computers & Mathematics with Applications*, 23 (2-5), 75–93. doi: 10.1016/0898-1221(92)90137-7
- Bulskov, H., Knappe, R., Andreasen, T. (2004). On Querying Ontologies and Databases. *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, 191–202. doi: 10.1007/978-3-540-25957-2\_16
- Cali, A., Gottlob, G., Pieris, A. (2010). Advanced processing for ontological queries. *Proceedings of the VLDB Endowment*, 3 (1-2), 554–565. doi: 10.14778/1920841.1920912
- Galopin, A., Bouaud, J., Pereira, S., Seroussi, B. (2015). An Ontology-Based Clinical Decision Support System for the Management of Patients with Multiple Chronic Disorders. *Stud Health Technol Inform*, 216, 275–279.
- Zhao, T. (2014). An Ontology-Based Decision Support System for Interventions based on Monitoring Medical Conditions on Patients in Hospital Wards. *University of Agder*, 125.
- Ugon, A., Sedki, K., Kotti, A., Seroussi, B., Philippe, C., Ganascia, J. G. et. al. (2016). Decision System Integrating Preferences to Support Sleep Staging. *Studies in health technology and informatics*, 228, 514–518.
- Rospocher, M., Serafini, L. (2013). An Ontological Framework for Decision Support. *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, 239–254. doi: 10.1007/978-3-642-37996-3\_16
- Rospocher, M., Serafini, L. (2012). Ontology-centric decision support. *Proceedings of the International Conference on Semantic Technologies Meet Recommender Systems & Big Data (SeRSy'12)*, 919, 61–72.
- Lytvyn, V. V. (2011). Bazy znan' intelektual'nykh system pidtrymky pryynyattya rishen'. Lviv: Vydavnytstvo Lvivs'koyi politekhniki, 240.
- Sutton, R. S., Barto, A. G. (2012). *Reinforcement Learning: An Introduction*. Cambridge, Massachusetts, London, 334.
- Van Otterlo, M., Wiering, M. (2012). *Reinforcement Learning and Markov Decision Processes*. *Reinforcement Learning*, 3–42. doi: 10.1007/978-3-642-27645-3\_1
- Lytvyn, V., Tsmots, O. (2013). The process of managerial decision making support within the early warning system. *Actual Problems of Economics*, 11 (149), 222–229.
- Chen, J., Dosyn, D., Lytvyn, V., Sachenko, A. (2016). Smart Data Integration by Goal Driven Ontology Learning. *Advances in Intelligent Systems and Computing*, 283–292. doi: 10.1007/978-3-319-47898-2\_29
- Lytvyn, V., Dosyn, D., Smolarz, A. (2013). An ontology based intelligent diagnostic systems of steel corrosion protection. *Elektronika: konstrukcje, technologie, zastosowania*, 54 (8), 22–24.
- Wong, W., Liu, W., Bennamoun, M. (2012). Ontology learning from text. *ACM Computing Surveys*, 44 (4), 1–36. doi: 10.1145/2333112.2333115
- Lytvyn, V., Vysotska, V., Pukach, P., Bobyk, I., Pakholok, B. (2016). A method for constructing recruitment rules based on the analysis of a specialist's competences. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 6 (2 (84)), 4–14. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2016.85454
- Montes-y-Gomez, M., Gelbukh, A., Lopez-Lopez, A. (2000). Comparison of Conceptual Graphs. *MICAI 2000: Advances in Artificial Intelligence*, 548–556. doi: 10.1007/10720076\_50

20. Lytvyn, V., Uhryn, D., Fityo, A. (2016). Modeling of territorial community formation as a graph partitioning problem. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 1 (4 (79)), 47–52. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2016.60848
21. Lytvyn, V., Vysotska, V., Chyrun, L., Dosyn, D. (2016). Methods based on ontologies for information resources processing. LAP Lambert Academic Publishing. Saarbrücken, Germany, 324.
22. Basyuk, T. (2015). The main reasons of attendance falling of internet resource. 2015 Xth International Scientific and Technical Conference “Computer Sciences and Information Technologies” (CSIT). doi: 10.1109/stc-csit.2015.7325440
23. Burov, E. (2014). Complex ontology management using task models. *International Journal of Knowledge-Based and Intelligent Engineering Systems*, 18 (2), 111–120. doi: 10.3233/kes-140291
24. Lytvyn, V., Vysotska, V., Veres, O., Rishnyak, I., Rishnyak, H. (2016). Classification Methods of Text Documents Using Ontology Based Approach. *Advances in Intelligent Systems and Computing*, 229–240. doi: 10.1007/978-3-319-45991-2\_15
25. Lytvyn, V., Pukach, P., Bobyk, I., Vysotska, V. (2016). The method of formation of the status of personality understanding based on the content analysis. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 5 (2 (83)), 4–12. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2016.77174
26. Lytvyn, V., Vysotska, V., Veres, O., Rishnyak, I., Rishnyak, H. (2016). Content linguistic analysis methods for textual documents classification. 2016 XIth International Scientific and Technical Conference Computer Sciences and Information Technologies (CSIT). doi: 10.1109/stc-csit.2016.7589903
27. Serednytskyy, Y., Banakhevych, Y., Drahilyev, A. (2005). Suchasna proty koroziyna izolyatsiya v truboprovidnomu transporti. *Chep. 3. Lviv-Kyiv*, 288.

DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2017.103550

#### REALIZATION OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY OF CHARACTER RECOGNITION BASED ON COMPETING CELLULAR AUTOMATA (p. 18-24)

Ivan Myroniv

Yuriy Fedkovych Chernivtsi National University,  
Chernivtsi, Ukraine

ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-8618-9881>

Vladimir Zhikharevich

Yuriy Fedkovych Chernivtsi National University,  
Chernivtsi, Ukraine

ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-4882-2954>

Sergey Ostapov

Yuriy Fedkovych Chernivtsi National University,  
Chernivtsi, Ukraine

ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-4139-4152>

We examined the possibility of applying cellular automata to solve the problem on recognition of text characters. For this purpose, we introduced the notion of competing cellular automata and developed algorithms of their functioning and interaction. In order to implement the proposed algorithms, we created modeling software. It allowed us to evaluate effectiveness of the cellular-automaton algorithms to conduct experiments on text character recognition using the English alphabet and to demonstrate a number of advantages in comparison with other methods.

We investigated a description of the solution to the problem on selecting the structural attributes in the images of text char-

acters, which directly affect the quality of recognition. In the present work, it is proposed to use a set of cellular automata constructed on the diagrams of states of Moore and Mealy machines for each type of cellular automata, to determine the end points, junctions and cycles in characters. We considered operation of the modeling program.

The advantages of the given technology are the simplicity of rules of interaction, easy parallelization of the process of recognition, the possibility of recognition of distorted and partially overlapping characters. We compared performance quality and efficiency of the commercially available system ABBYY FineReader, which has demonstrated high performance indicators of the developed recognition technology.

**Keywords:** competing cellular automaton, moving cellular automaton, a Moore machine, transition graph.

#### References

1. Zhang, P., Bui, T. D., Suen, C. Y. (2007). A novel cascade ensemble classifier system with a high recognition performance on handwritten digits. *Pattern Recognition*, 40 (12), 3415–3429. doi: 10.1016/j.patcog.2007.03.022
2. Lauer, F., Suen, C. Y., Bloch, G. (2007). A trainable feature extractor for handwritten digit recognition. *Pattern Recognition*, 40 (6), 1816–1824. doi: 10.1016/j.patcog.2006.10.011
3. Savas, B., Elden, L. (2007). Handwritten digit classification using higher order singular value decomposition. *Pattern Recognition*, 40 (3), 993–1003. doi: 10.1016/j.patcog.2006.08.004
4. Zheltov, S. Yu. (2010). *Obrobka ta analiz zobrazen' v zadachakh mashynnoho zoru*. Moscow: Fizmatknyha, 672.
5. Potapov, A. A., Pahomov, A. A., Nikitin, S. A., Gulyaev, Yu. V. (2008). *Noveyshie metody obrabotki izobrazheniy*. Moscow: Fizmatlit, 496.
6. Wolfram, S. (2002). *A New Kind of Science*. Wolfram Media. Inc., 1197.
7. Oliveira, C. C., de Oliveira, P. P. B. (2008). An Approach to Searching for Two-Dimensional Cellular Automata for Recognition of Handwritten Digits. *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, 462–471. doi: 10.1007/978-3-540-88636-5\_44
8. Suyasov, D. I. (2010). Vydelenie strukturnykh priznakov izobrazheniy simvolov na osnove kletochnykh avtomatov s metkami. *Programmye i apparatnye*, 4, 39–45.
9. Wu, H., Zhou, J., Gong, X., Wen, Y., Li, B. (2011). A new JPEG image watermarking algorithm based on cellular automata. *Journal of Information & Computational Science*, 8 (12), 2431–2439.
10. Belan, S. N. (2011). Specialized cellular structures for image contour analysis. *Cybernetics and Systems Analysis*, 47 (5), 695–704. doi: 10.1007/s10559-011-9349-8
11. Myroniv, I. V., Ostapov, S. E., Myroniv, I. V. (2010). Rozrobka ta doslidzhennya alhorytmu rozpoznavannya symvoliv tekstu na osnovi konkuruyuchykh klitynykh avtomativ. *Naukovyy visnyk Chernivets'koho natsional'noho universytetu imeni Yuriya Fed'kovycha. Seriya: Komp'yuterni systemy ta komponenty*, 1 (2), 47–52.
12. Zhykharevych, V. V., Ostapov, S. E., Myroniv, I. V. (2016). Analiz metodiv rozpoznavannya symvoliv tekstu. *Radioelektronni i komp'yuterni systemy*, 5, 137–142.
13. Zhykharevych, V. V., Myroniv, I. V., Ostapov, S. E. (2015). Alhorytm rozpoznavannya symvoliv tekstu na osnovi konkuruyuchykh klitynykh avtomativ. *Radioelektronika, Informatyka, Upravlinnya*, 4 (35), 31–45.
14. Myroniv, I., Zhikharevich, V., Ostapov, S. (2016). Development of the character recognition software on the base cellular automata. *Engineer of XXI Century*, 229–240.

**DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2017.103054**  
**THE SAFE CITY: DEVELOPING OF GIS TOOLS**  
**FOR GENDER-ORIENTED MONITORING (ON THE**  
**EXAMPLE OF KHARKIV CITY, UKRAINE) (p. 25-33)**

**Tetiana Fesenko**

Luhansk National Agrarian University, Kharkiv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-9636-9598>

**Galyna Fesenko**

O. M. Beketov National University of  
 Urban Economy in Kharkiv, Kharkiv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-7133-484X>

**Natalya Bibik**

O. M. Beketov National University of  
 Urban Economy in Kharkiv, Kharkiv, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-0924-6763>

The review of gender components of the social-spatial content of the safe city of Kharkiv was carried out using GIS mapping on the “Secondary city” platform. The following tasks are proposed: firstly, in the light of the modern concepts of a safe city, to analyze the characteristics of urban areas with the use of feminist optics; secondly, to identify the main methods of geo-research of the safety component; thirdly, to develop gender-sensitive geo-information maps of Kharkiv through explication of the problem of urban infrastructure security. The theoretical basis of scientific research is logico-structural analysis, as well as geo-information methods of spatial analysis on the platform ArcGISOnline. The gendered context of urban space security is revealed. Structural and logical analysis of the phenomenon of “safe city” in the context of sustainable development goals is provided. Geo-information layers for the interactive map of Kharkiv with gender-sensitive security parameters of urban locations have been developed.

Geolocation potential for identifying the safety/hazard coordinates of urban locations and assessing the quality of the urban environment, in general, are covered. Gender-segregated and gender-sensitive spatial data necessary to carry out gender monitoring of city security are visualized. The developed GIS layers for the map of Kharkiv are able to play an integrating role of the catalyst for the city’s gender mainstreaming and allow the local executive authorities to efficiently perform information and analytical processes to develop appropriate solutions (generation of gender segregated data, data management and exchange, remote zoning) and others.

A “model of multi-criteria evaluation of gender-sensitive content” to improve the processes of “content management” of urban infrastructure projects and programs is developed. The model integrates PMBoK requirements for the project content management and specific gender GIS requirements for the content of the infrastructure project. It is noted that the application of the proposed model allows making effective design decisions by integrating gender parameters in the project database in the format of GIS mapping.

**Keywords:** safe city, gender, GIS, requirements tracking matrix, urban projects, content management.

## References

- Wong, E. (2010). *Gender Equality for Smarter Cities: Challenges and Progress*. Nairobi: UNON, Publishing Services Section, 42.
- Creating safe public spaces. UN Women. Available at: <http://www.unwomen.org/ru/what-we-do/ending-violence-against-women/creating-safe-public-spaces>
- Safe cities free from violence against women and girls (2012). UN Women and ICRW, 16. Available at: [http://www.icrw.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/10/Baseline-Research-of-Safe-Cities-programme-\(1\)\[smallpdf.com\].pdf](http://www.icrw.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/10/Baseline-Research-of-Safe-Cities-programme-(1)[smallpdf.com].pdf)
- Sustainable Development Goals. Available at: <http://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/sustainable-development-goals/>
- Fesenko, T., Fesenko, G. (2016). E-readiness evaluation modelling for monitoring the national e-government programme (by the example of Ukraine). *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 3 (3 (81)), 28–35. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2016.71606
- Van den Berg, L., Mingardo, G., Pol, P. M. J. (2006). *The Safe City: Safety and Urban Development in European Cities*. Hants: Ashgate Publishing Limited, 31.
- Lenormand, M., Ramasco, J. J. (2016). Towards a Better Understanding of Cities Using Mobility Data. *Built Environment*, 42 (3), 356–364. doi: 10.2148/benv.42.3.356
- Whitzman, C., Legacy, C., Andrew, C., Klodawsky, F., Shaw, M., Viswanath, K. (Eds.) (2013). *Building Inclusive Cities. Women’s Safety and the Right to the City*. London: Routledge, 240.
- Fesenko, G. (2015). Urban antropologichniy diskurs filosofii bezpeki. *Gileya*, 92, 166–170. Available at: <http://eprints.kname.edu.ua/39773/1/1-Fesenko%20G.pdf>
- Bibik, N. V., Fesenko, H. H., Fesenko, T. H. (2015). «Henderni okulyary» dlya urbanistiv. *Hender. Ekolohiya. Zdorov’ya. Kharkiv: KhNMU*, 41–42.
- Fesenko, G. (2014). Filosofiya mista u henderniy interpretatsiyi prostoriv. *Lyudynoznavchi studiyi*, 30, 56–68. Available at: [http://ddpu.drohobych.net/filos\\_lud/wp-content/uploads/2016/04/2014\\_7.pdf](http://ddpu.drohobych.net/filos_lud/wp-content/uploads/2016/04/2014_7.pdf)
- Fenster, T. (2005). The Right to the Gendered City: Different Formations of Belonging in Everyday Life. *Journal of Gender Studies*, 14 (3), 217–231. doi: 10.1080/09589230500264109
- Fesenko, G. (2015). Henderno-chutlyvi lokatsiyi v urbanizovanomu prostori. *Hendernyy zhurnal «Ya»*, 2 (38), 4–6. Available at: [http://eprints.kname.edu.ua/43802/1/Fesenko%20G.G\\_4.pdf](http://eprints.kname.edu.ua/43802/1/Fesenko%20G.G_4.pdf)
- Chant, S., McIlwaine, C. (2013). *Gender, Urban Development and the Politics of Space*. E-International Relations (E-IR). Available at: <http://www.e-ir.info/2013/06/04/gender-urban-development-and-the-politics-of-space/>
- Fesenko, G. (2013). Hendernyy audyt yak praktyka staloho rozvytku mist. *Henderna polityka mist: istoriya ta suchasnist’*. Kharkiv: KhNUMH im. O. M. Beketova, 4, 234–237.
- Fesenko, T. G. (2017). Gender mainstreaming as a knowledge component of urban project management. *Strategic Management Department, NTU «KhPI»*, 3 (1225), 21–29. doi: 10.20998/2413-3000.2017.1225.4
- Horelli, L. (2002). *Gender mainstreaming urban planning and development – experiences of women’s place based politics*. Madrid: Escuela Tecnica Superior de Arquitectura, 16.
- Sandberg, L., Ronnblom, M. (2016). Imagining the ideal city, planning the gender-equal city in Umea, Sweden. *Gender, Place & Culture*, 23 (12), 1750–1762. doi: 10.1080/0966369x.2016.1249346
- Fesenko, T. G., Minayev, D. M., Belyats’kyy, O. V., Usachev, I. S. (2013). Implementatsiya hendernykh pidkhodiv u munitsypal’ni prohramy rozvytku zhytlovo-komunal’noho gospodarstva. *Henderna polityka mist: istoriya ta suchasnist’*. Kharkiv: KhNUMH im. O. M. Beketova, 4, 238–240.

20. Marusic, B. G. (2010). Analysis of patterns of spatial occupancy in urban open space using behaviour maps and GIS. *URBAN DESIGN International*, 16 (1), 36–50. doi: 10.1057/udi.2010.20
21. Wallin, S., Horelli, L. (2012). Playing with the glocal through participatory e-planning. *The Journal of Community Informatics*, 8 (3). Available at: <http://ci-journal.net/index.php/ciej/article/view/883/934>
22. Kwan, M.-P. (2002). Is GIS for Women? Reflections on the critical discourse in the 1990s. *Gender, Place & Culture*, 9 (3), 271–279. doi: 10.1080/0966369022000003888
23. Pavlovskaya, M., Martin, K. S. (2007). Feminism and Geographic Information Systems: From a Missing Object to a Mapping Subject. *Geography Compass*, 1 (3), 583–606. doi: 10.1111/j.1749-8198.2007.00028.x
24. Hnatyuk, S. Suchasna veb-kartohrafiya ta yiyi vykorystannya u poperedzhenni y likvidatsiyi naslidkiv nadzvychaynykh sytuatsiy (crisis mapping). *Analitychna zapyska. Natsional'nyy instytut stratehichnykh doslidzen'*. Available at: <http://www.niss.gov.ua/articles/806/>
25. Kharkiv, Ukraine: Secondary cities. Available at: <https://secondarycities.state.gov/kharkiv/#10/49.9804/36.2487>
26. Survey123 for ArcGIS: Smarter Forms, Smarter Field Work. Available at: <https://survey123.arcgis.com/>
27. ArcGISOnline. Available at: <https://www.arcgis.com/home/index.html>
28. A Guide to the project management body of knowledge (PM-BOK Guide) (2013). USA: Project Management Institute, 589.

DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2017.103340

**MODELING OF SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS WITH THE MARKOV PROCESSES (p. 33-38)**

**Tamara Savchuk**

Vinnitsia National Technical University, Vinnitsia, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-0061-6206>

**Nataliia Pryimak**

Vinnitsia National Technical University, Vinnitsia, Ukraine  
**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-9123-5635>

The comparative analysis of the existing research on the application of formal approaches to the software development process modeling is performed. Based on the analysis, the urgency of modeling of the software development process as a Markov random process is substantiated. An information model of association rule mining and application in software development is developed. The information model represents the process and can be used in the design of appropriate information technology. The research, which determined the number of steps needed to develop one software component and the whole software is carried out.

The levels of detail of the software development process such as the level, representing the development of software, which is a finite set of software components; the level, representing a detailed description of the stages of development of a particular component; the level, representing a detailed description a certain stage of development of a particular component are identified. For each level, the relevant stages of software development are described. Modeling of the software development process with the Markov chains is conducted. This will allow using a single mathematical tool to represent the corresponding process at different levels of detail.

**Keywords:** Markov processes, Markov chains, software development, association rule mining.

**References**

1. Herbsleb, J. D., Moitra, D. (2001). Global software development. *IEEE Software*, 18 (2), 16–20. doi: 10.1109/52.914732
2. Aho, A. V., Ullman, J. D. (1972). *The Theory of Parsing, Translation, and Compiling*. Vol. 1. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, 147–151.
3. Peterson, J. L. (1981). *Petri net theory and the modeling of systems*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, 310.
4. Harel, D. (1987). Statecharts: a visual formalism for complex systems. *Science of Computer Programming*, 8 (3), 231–274. doi: 10.1016/0167-6423(87)90035-9
5. uz Zaman, Q., Sindhu, M. A., Nadeem, A. (2015). Formalizing a Use Case to a Kripke Structure. *Software Engineering and Applications/ 831: Advances in Power and Energy Systems*. doi: 10.2316/p.2015.829-017
6. Stirling, C. (1991). *Modal and temporal logics*. GB.: University of Edinburgh, Department of Computer Science, 23–30.
7. Sindhu, M. (2013). *Algorithms and Tools for Learning-based Testing of Reactive Systems*. Stockholm, 19.
8. Fraser, G., Wotawa, F. (2007). Using model-checkers to generate and analyze property relevant test-cases. *Software Quality Journal*, 16 (2), 161–183. doi: 10.1007/s11219-007-9031-6
9. Dranidis, D., Tigka, K., Kefalas, P. (2003). Formal modelling of use cases with X-machines. *Proceedings of the 1st South-East European Workshop on Formal Methods, SEEFM'03*, 72–83.
10. Holcombe, M. (1988). X-machines as a basis for dynamic system specification. *Software Engineering Journal*, 3 (2), 69. doi: 10.1049/sej.1988.0009
11. Kolesnikova, E. V., Negri, A. A. (2013). Transformatsiia kognitivnykh kart v modeli markovskikh protsesov dlya proektov sozdaniia programnogo obespecheniia. *Managing the development of complex systems*, 15, 30–35.
12. Koshkin, K. V., Makeev, S. A., Fomenko, G. V. (2011). Kognitivnie modeli upravleniia zhilishchno-komunalnym hozaystvom kak aktivnoy sistemoy. *Managing the development of complex systems*, 5, 17–19.
13. Tihonov, V. I., Mironov, M. A. (1977). *Markovskie procesy*. Moscow: Soviet radio, 488.
14. Markov, A. V. (2011). Sovokupnoe ispolzovanie setey Petri I UML diagram pri razrabotke programmogo obespechenia. *Sbornik nauchnykh trudov NGTU*, 2 (64), 85–94.
15. Meier, P., Kounev, S., Koziolok, H. (2011). Automated Transformation of Component-Based Software Architecture Models to Queuing Petri Nets. *2011 IEEE 19th Annual International Symposium on Modelling, Analysis, and Simulation of Computer and Telecommunication Systems*. doi: 10.1109/mascots.2011.23
16. Jie, T. W., Ameen, M. A. (2015). A Model Driven method to represent Free Choice Petri Nets as Sequence Diagram. *2015 4th International Conference on Software Engineering and Computer Systems (ICSECS)*. doi: 10.1109/icsecs.2015.7333104
17. Singh, H., Pal, P. (2013). Software Reliability Testing using Monte Carlo Methods. *International Journal of Computer Applications*, 69 (4), 41–44. doi: 10.5120/11834-7554
18. Martin, R. (2003). *Agile Software Development: Principles, Patterns, and Practices*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall, 102–103.
19. What are the Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC) phases? Available at: <http://istqbexamcertification.com/what-are-the-software-development-life-cycle-sdlc-phases/>
20. Gorbun, I. (2003). *Teoriia imovirnostei i matematychna statystyka dlia naukovykh pratsivnykyv ta inzheneriv*. Kyiv, 90–110.

21. Everett, G. D. (2007). *Software Testing: Testing Across the Entire Software Development Life Cycle*. Wiley-IEEE Computer Society Press, 280.
22. Fundamentalni protsess testirovaniia. Available at: <http://qalight.com.ua/baza-znaniy/fundamentalniy-protsess-testirovaniya/>
23. Savchuk, T. O., Pryymak, N. V. (2015). Poshuk asotsiativnykh pravil dlia pryiniatiia rishen v marketyngovii diyalnosti, 3, 196–199.

DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2017.103716

**DEVELOPMENT OF A SYSTEM TO CONTROL THE MOTION OF ELECTRIC TRANSPORT UNDER CONDITIONS OF IRON-ORE MINES (p. 39-47)**

**Oleg Sinchuk**

Kryvyi Rih National University, Kryvyi Rih, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-7621-9979>

**Igor Kozakevich**

Kryvyi Rih National University, Kryvyi Rih, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-4472-4783>

**Vladislav Fedotov**

Kryvyi Rih National University, Kryvyi Rih, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-6536-5591>

**Albert Somochkyn**

Kryvyi Rih National University, Kryvyi Rih, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-3592-7899>

**Vadim Serebrenikov**

Donetsk National University of Economics and Trade named after M. I. Tugan-Baranovsky, Kryvyi Rih, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-5490-5601>

Based on the study of properties of an electric train as a control object, it has been proven that considerable speed fluctuations and shock loads caused by the presence of elasticity and gaps in the coupling devices take place during the train acceleration and stoppage. These loads cause current fluctuations in armature of the traction DC motors of electric locomotives, which adversely affects their service life. By studying the mathematical description of the dynamic system consisting of an electric locomotive and a set of wagons, a model was synthesized that allows one to investigate the processes taking place in this system when motion and coupling device parameters alter.

On the basis of the mathematical dependencies obtained, an algorithm was developed that enables parametric optimization of the system from the point of view of minimizing collisions of the train wagons during acceleration and braking. A characteristic feature of the algorithm that distinguishes it from existing ones is that the “locomotive – wagons” complex is considered with taking into account presence of elastic coupler and gaps between the train elements. The problem of eliminating dynamic loads caused by oscillating processes of the “locomotive – wagons” complex was solved which made it possible to conduct an analytical construction of a system for optimal control of the material handling processes of electric transport in conditions of iron ore mines. Application of this system makes it possible to optimally perform high-speed loading of wagons with raw materials and their unloading. It is expected that application of this approach through shortening the time spent in shifting the wagons for their loading will increase productivity of the mine transport by 20–30 %.

**Keywords:** dynamic forces, wagon coupling, eigenvalues, control constraints, breaking distance.

**References**

1. Shydlovskyy, A. K., Pivnyak, H. H., Rohoza, M. V. (2007). *Heoekonomika ta heopolityka Ukrainy*. Dnipropetrovsk: Natsional'nyy hirnychyy universytet, 282.
2. Babets', Ye. S., Mel'nykova, I. Ye., Hrebenyuk, S. Ya., Lobov, S. P.; Babets', Ye. S. (Ed.) (2015). *Doslidzhennya tekhniko-ekonomichnykh pokaznykiv hirnychodobuvnykh pidpnyemstv Ukrainy ta efektyvnosti yikh roboty v umovakh zminnoyi kon'yunktury svitovoho rynku zalizorudnoyi syrovyny*. Kryvyi Rih: vyd. R. A. Kozlov, 391.
3. Babec, E. K., Shtan'ko, L. A., Salganik, V. A., Mel'nikova, I. E. et. al. (2011). *Sbornik tekhniko-ehkonomicheskikh pokazateley gornodobyvayushchih predpriyatiy Ukrainy v 2009–2010 gg.: Analiz mirovoy kon'yunktury rynku ZHRS 2004–2011 gg.* Kri-voy Rog: Vidavnicchiy dim, 329.
4. Dechevsky, L. T., Sziebig, G., Korondi, P. (2016). Optimizing the automation of an iron ore production line – A case study, Part I: Optimal automated logistics. 2016 IEEE International Power Electronics and Motion Control Conference (PEMC). doi: 10.1109/epepecm.2016.7752087
5. Dechevsky, L. T., Sziebig, G., Korondi, P. (2016). Optimizing the automation of an iron ore production line – A case study, part II: Optimal automated quality control. 2016 IEEE International Power Electronics and Motion Control Conference (PEMC). doi: 10.1109/epepecm.2016.7752088
6. Yang, L., He, Z. (2016). Game and Strategy of China in the World's Negotiation of Iron Ore Price. 2016 International Conference on Industrial Informatics – Computing Technology, Intelligent Technology, Industrial Information Integration (ICIICII). doi: 10.1109/iciic.2016.0092
7. Sinchuk, O. N., Sinchuk, I. O., Chernaya, V. O. (2012). Protection system of AC mine electric locomotive from the emergencies. *Russian Electrical Engineering*, 83 (4), 225–229. doi: 10.3103/s1068371212040116
8. Sinchuk, O., Kozakevich, I., Kalmus, D., Siyanko, R. (2017). Examining energy-efficient recuperative braking modes of traction asynchronous frequency-controlled electric drives. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 1 (1 (85)), 50–56. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2017.91912
9. Debelyy, V. L., Debelyy, L. L., Mel'nikov, S. A. (2006). *Osnovnye napravleniya razvitiya shahtnogo lokomotivnogo transporta*. *Ugol' Ukrainy*, 6, 30–31.
10. Bundell, G. A. (2010). Application of a max-min-plus discrete event model to the operation of a heavy-haul iron-ore railway. *The 7th International conference on informatics and systems*, 1–10.
11. Ferrer-Coll, J., Angskog, P., Chilo, J., Stenumgaard, P. (2012). Characterisation of electromagnetic properties in iron-mine production tunnels. *Electronics Letters*, 48 (2), 62. doi: 10.1049/el.2011.3133
12. Ekman, J., Wisten, A. (2009). Experimental Investigation of the Current Distribution in the Couplings of Moving Trains. *IEEE Transactions on Power Delivery*, 24 (1), 311–318. doi: 10.1109/tpwrd.2008.2005668
13. Pu Guangyue, Wu Jiande, An Jian, Wang Jian, Ba Haibo, Wang Xiaodong. (2010). The design and application of the ore pulp water treatment in pipeline transport of refined iron ore. 2010 Third International Symposium on Knowledge Acquisition and Modeling. doi: 10.1109/kam.2010.5646215
14. Kozakevych, I. A. (2014). *Adaptyvnyy sposib kompensatsiyi nelineinykh vlastyivostey invertora napruhy dlya bezdatchykovoho vektornoho keruvannya na nyz'kykh chastotakh obertiv*. *Elektromekhanichni i enerhozberihayuchi systemy*, 1, 19–25.
15. Djeghader, Y., Zellouma, L., Labar, H., Toufouti, R., Chelli, Z. (2015). Study and filtering of harmonics in a DC electri-

- fied railway system. 2015 7th International Conference on Modelling, Identification and Control (ICMIC). doi: 10.1109/icmic.2015.7409469
16. Osadchuk, Yu. H., Kozakevych, I. A., Sinchuk, I. O. (2010). Alhorytm kompensatsiyi efektu "mertvoho chasu" v tr'okhrivnykh invertorakh napruhy. *Elektromekhanichni i enerhozberihayuchi systemy*, 1, 38–41.
  17. Semenov, A. D., Artamonov, D. V., Bryuhachev, A. V. (2003). Identifikaciya ob'ektov upravleniya. Penza: Izd-vo Penz. gos. un-ta, 211.
  18. Kozakevych, I. A. (2014). Doslidzhennya adaptivnykh system dlya bezdatchkovoho keruvannya asynkhronnymy dvihunamy pry roboti na nyz'kykh chastotakh obertiv. *Problemy enerhoresursozberezhennya v elektrotekhnichnykh systema. Nauka, osvita i praktyka*, 1, 29–31.
  19. Panteleev, A. V., Bartakovskiy, A. S. (2003). *Teoriya upravleniya v primerah i zadachah*. Moscow: Vyssh. shk., 583.
  20. Sinchuk, O. M., Kozakevych, I. A., Shvydkyy, D. O. (2014). Analiz sposobiv pokrashchennya dynamichnykh vlastyvostey asynkhronnykh elektropryvodiv zi skalyarnym keruvannyam. *Yakist' mineral'noyi syrovyny*, 428–432.
  21. Kanellakis, C., Nikolakopoulos, G. (2016). Evaluation of visual localization systems in underground mining. 2016 24th Mediterranean Conference on Control and Automation (MED). doi: 10.1109/med.2016.7535853
  22. Kozakevich, I. A. (2014). Issledovanie adaptivnogo nablyudatelya polnogo poryadka dlya nizkikh uglovykh skorostey dvigatelya. *Perspektyvy rozvytku suchasnoyi nauky*. Kherson: Vydavnychyy dim "Hel'vetyka", 65–67.
  23. Schneider, S., Melkumyan, A., Murphy, R. J., Nettleton, E. (2012). A geological perception system for autonomous mining. 2012 IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation. doi: 10.1109/icra.2012.6224761
  24. Stepanov, V. V. (2004). *Kurs differentsial'nykh uravneniy*. Moscow: Nauka, 473.

DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2017.103731

**DEVELOPMENT OF A METHOD FOR THE ACCELERATED TWO-STAGE SEARCH FOR AN OPTIMAL CONTROL TRAJECTORY IN PERIODICAL PROCESSES (p. 47-55)**

**Igor Lutsenko**

Kremenchuk Mykhailo Ostrohradskyy  
National University, Kremenchuk, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-1959-4684>

**Olena Fomovskaya**

Kremenchuk Mykhailo Ostrohradskyy  
National University, Kremenchuk, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-8065-5079>

**Igor Konokh**

Kremenchuk Mykhailo Ostrohradskyy  
National University, Kremenchuk, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0001-5930-1957>

**Iryna Oksanych**

Kremenchuk Mykhailo Ostrohradskyy  
National University, Kremenchuk, Ukraine  
ORCID: <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-4570-711X>

Optimization of manufacturing processes is the main tool that can provide access to the maximum financial efficiency of the enterprise. At the same time, this important tool for maximiz-

ing the resource efficiency is practically not used by enterprises due to the complexity and imperfection of the theory of optimal control, which manifests itself by its contradictory nature. The way out can be found by applying the method of practical determination of the optimal trajectory which was developed in the framework of this study. The advantage of the method is that it ensures determination of the optimal trajectory for those production processes which show intermediate results incomparable with each other both quantitatively and qualitatively.

For example, to evaluate effectiveness of the operational processes associated with heating fluids, melting steel, crushing iron ore, etc. the costs and time alter nonlinearly at the intermediate stages. At the same time, qualitative parameters of the output product change which makes it impossible to use a direct method for estimating quantitative parameters of the output product at intermediate stages of the conversion process.

The proposed method provides a two-stage process of optimization. In this case, completion of the first stage of optimization quickly transfers control to a zone close to the optimum in an automatic mode. The further search process just corrects the control trajectory if external conditions permit it.

Thus, the proposed practical method of searching for the optimal control trajectory is essentially robust.

**Keywords:** optimal trajectory, practical optimization method, two-stage optimization, search optimization.

**References**

1. Bellman, R. E. (2003). *Dynamic Programming*. Princeton University Press, 401.
2. Thomas, A. W. (2011). *Optimal control theory with applications in economics*. The MIT Press, 362. doi: 10.7551/mitpress/9780262015738.001.0001
3. Lober, J. (2016). *Analytical Approximations for Optimal Trajectory Tracking*. Springer Theses, 119–193. doi: 10.1007/978-3-319-46574-6\_4
4. Kulej, M. (2011) *Operations research*. Business Information Systems, 70.
5. Grad, S.-M. (2016). Duality for Multiobjective Semidefinite Optimization Problems. *Operations Research Proceedings*, 189–195. doi: 10.1007/978-3-319-28697-6\_27
6. Kasperski, A., Zielinski, P. (2016). Robust Discrete Optimization Problems with the WOWA Criterion. *Operations Research Proceedings*, 271–277. doi: 10.1007/978-3-319-28697-6\_38
7. Shapoval, A. A., Mos'pan, D. V., Dragobetskii, V. V. (2016). Ensuring High Performance Characteristics For Explosion-Welded Bimetals. *Metallurgist*, 60 (3-4), 313–317. doi: 10.1007/s11015-016-0292-9
8. Rodrigues, V. P., Pigosso, D. C. A., McAloone, T. C. (2016). Process-related key performance indicators for measuring sustainability performance of ecodesign implementation into product development. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 139, 416–428. doi: 10.1016/j.jclepro.2016.08.046
9. Gregory, J., Olivares, A., Staffetti, E. (2012). Energy-optimal trajectory planning for the Pendubot and the Acrobot. *Optimal Control Applications and Methods*, 34 (3), 275–295. doi: 10.1002/oca.2020
10. Ju, B.-F., Bai, X., Chen, J., Ge, Y. (2013). Design of Optimal Fast Scanning Trajectory for the Mechanical Scanner of Measurement Instruments. *Scanning*, 36 (2), 185–193. doi: 10.1002/sca.21084
11. Gasparetto, A., Zanotto, V. (2010). Optimal trajectory planning for industrial robots. *Advances in Engineering Software*, 41 (4), 548–556. doi: 10.1016/j.advengsoft.2009.11.001

12. Wang, H., Tian, Y., Vasseur, C. (2015). Non-Affine Nonlinear Systems Adaptive Optimal Trajectory Tracking Controller Design and Application. *Studies in Informatics and Control*, 24 (1), 05–12. doi: 10.24846/v24i1y201501
13. Burmistrova, O. N., Korol, S. A. (2013). Opređenje optimalnih skorostey dvizheniya lesovoznyih avtopoezdov iz usloviy minimizatsii rashoda topliva. *Lesnoy vestnik*, 1, 25–28.
14. Vega-Alvarado, E., Portilla-Flores, E. A., Mezura-Montes, E., Flores-Pulido, L., Calva-Yanez, M. B. (2016). A Memetic Algorithm Applied to the Optimal Design of a Planar Mechanism for Trajectory Tracking. *Polibits*, 53, 83–90. doi: 10.17562/pb-53-9
15. Bakulich, O., Musatenko, O., Samoylenko, E. (2016). Analysis of the efficiency indicators of cargo delivery distribution system. *Technology Audit and Production Reserves*, 3 (2 (29)), 40–44. doi: 10.15587/2312-8372.2016.71550
16. Lutsenko, I., Vihrova, E., Fomovskaya, E., Serdiuk, O. (2016). Development of the method for testing of efficiency criterion of models of simple target operations. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 2 (4 (80)), 42–50. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2016.66307
17. Lutsenko, I. (2015). Identification of target system operations. development of global efficiency criterion of target operations. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 2 (2 (74)), 35–40. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2015.38963
18. Lutsenko, I., Fomovskaya, E. (2015). Identification of target system operations. The practice of determining the optimal control. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 6 (2 (78)), 30–36. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2015.54432
19. Lutsenko, I., Fomovskaya, E., Oksanych, I., Vikhrova, E., Serdiuk, O. (2017). Formal signs determination of efficiency assessment indicators for the operation with the distributed parameters. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 1 (4 (85)), 24–30. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2017.91025
20. Lutsenko, I., Oksanych, I., Koval, S., Serdiuk, O. (2017). Estimated indicators verification method development for their use as optimization criterion. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 2 (4 (86)), 17–23. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2017.95914

**DOI: 10.15587/1729-4061.2017.99060**  
**DEVELOPMENT OF COMPUTER-INTEGRATED SYSTEMS FOR THE AUTOMATION OF TECHNOLOGICAL PROCESS OF ASSOCIATED GAS PROCESSING (p. 55-63)**

**Andrii Stopakevych**

Odessa national academy of telecommunications named after O. S. Popov, Odessa, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0003-1719-9071>

**Oleksii Stopakevych**

Odessa National Polytechnic University, Odessa, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-8318-6853>

**Anatolii Tigariiev**

Odessa national academy of telecommunications named after O. S. Popov, Odessa, Ukraine

**ORCID:** <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-3394-2526>

A procedure for constructing a computer-integrated system for automating the technological process of processing associated petroleum gas has been developed. Development of the technological process according to the proposed procedure makes it

possible to identify and overcome the difficulties encountered in solving the problems of technological calculation and synthesis of an automatic control system. Difficulties are exacerbated by the influence of heavy disturbances in the flow and concentration of associated petroleum gas.

Using the procedure, a technological process for processing associated petroleum gases along with an automatic control system has been developed. The technological process was adapted to use in medium oil fields, such as Ukrainian, which are characterized by low bulks and territorial dispersion. This makes it economically inexpedient to design large gas processing plants operating at a fixed load and gas concentration, which are common in the main oil-producing countries. Therefore, the technological process ensures production of methane and propane-butane of a required quality in the conditions of deviation of composition, concentration and flow rate of the streams incoming from wells in a wide range.

The automatic process control system has a two-level structure. The upper level is used to ensure operability at heavy disturbances, which is achieved by changing the operation conditions. The lower level ensures stabilization of the process for small disturbances. Two alternative implementations of the automatic control system based on PID controllers and linear quadratic regulator (LQR) were considered. The results of simulation made in HYSYS program show advantages of the cascade system of the proposed structure based on PID controllers. The control system ensures operability in conditions of deviation of gas flow by  $\pm 30\%$ , when the mole fraction of the gas components alters by 30–50% and when the gas temperature deviates by  $\pm 15^\circ\text{C}$  from the values of working conditions.

**Keywords:** distillation, methane, propane-butane, automatic control system, computer-integrated automation.

## References

1. Kovalenko, D. R. (2009). Hosudarstvennoe rehulyrovanye dobychy nefty y haza v Norvehyy. *Trudy ynstytuta hosudarstva y prava RAN*, 4, 274–285.
2. Provornii, I. A. (2013). Sovremennoe sostoianye y kliuchevie problemi utylyzatsyy poputnogo neftianoho haza v Rossyy. *Ynterekspo Heo-Sybyr*, 3 (1), 59–63.
3. Lukyn, A. E. (2014). Uhevodorodnii potentsyal bolshykh hlubyn y perspektiv eho osvoeniya v Ukraine. *Heofyzycheskyi zhurnal*, 36 (4), 3–23.
4. Lymarenko, O. M., Khalitova, L. A. (2014). Ways to improve the use of natural gas in Ukraine. *Technology audit and production reserves*, 2 (1 (16)), 21–26. doi: 10.15587/2312-8372.2014.23428
5. Khan, M. I. (2017). Falling oil prices: Causes, consequences and policy implications. *Journal of Petroleum Science and Engineering*, 149, 409–427. doi: 10.1016/j.petrol.2016.10.048
6. Mariano, M. M. (Ed.) (2015). Introduction to software for chemical engineers. Boca Raton, FL, USA: CRC Press, 603.
7. Pastushenko, V. S., Stopakevych, A. A., Stopakevych, A. A. (2016). Ynformatsyonno-vichyslytelnaia systema proektyrovaniya tekhnolohycheskoho protsessa utylyzatsyy uhlekysloho haza v metanol y systemi eho avtomatyzatsyy. *Vestnyk KhNU*, 243 (6), 226–230.
8. Roy, P. S., Amin, M. R. (2011). Aspen-HYSYS Simulation of Natural Gas Processing Plant. *Journal of Chemical Engineering*, 26 (1), 62–65. doi: 10.3329/jce.v26i1.10186
9. Ramzan, N., Naveed, S., Tahir, F. M. (2013). Simulation of natural gas processing plant for bumpless shift. *NFC-IEFR Journal of Engineering & Scientific Research*, 1, 151–156.



10. Bhran, A. A. E.-K., Hassanean, M. H., Helal, M. G. (2016). Maximization of natural gas liquids production from an existing gas plant. *Egyptian Journal of Petroleum*, 25 (3), 333–341. doi: 10.1016/j.ejpe.2015.08.003
11. Rao, K. N. M. (2015). *HYSYS and Aspen Plus in Process Design: A Practical Approach*. FRG: Lambert Academic Publishing, 380.
12. Kooijman, H. A., Taylor, R. (2000). *The ChemSep book*. Norderstedt: Books on Demand, 541.
13. Stopakevych, A. O. (2015). Razrabotka modely y prohrammnikh sredstv dlia sozdaniya robstnoi sistemy upravleniya teploobmennykom. *Avtomatyzatsiia tekhnolohichnykh i biznes-protse-siv*, 7 (3), 51–60.
14. Al-Malah, K. (2014). *MATLAB Numerical Methods with Chemical Engineering Applications*. USA, N.Y.: McGraw Hill Professional, 419.
15. Luyben, W. L. (2013). *Distillation design and control using Aspen simulation*. New York and Hoboken, NJ: AIChE and John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 510.
16. Cantrell, J. G., Elliott, T. R., Luyben, W. L. (1995). Effect of Feed Characteristics on the Controllability of Binary Distillation Columns. *Industrial & Engineering Chemistry Research*, 34 (9), 3027–3036. doi: 10.1021/ie00048a014
17. Luyben, W. L. (Ed.) (1992). *Practical distillation control*. N.Y.: Van Nostrand Reinhold, 560. doi: 10.1007/978-1-4757-0277-4
18. Skogestad, S. (2007). The Dos and Don'ts of Distillation Column Control. *Chemical Engineering Research and Design*, 85 (1), 13–23. doi: 10.1205/cherd06133
19. Rueda, L., Edgar, T., Eldridge, R. (2004). On-line parameter estimation and control for a pilot scale distillation column. *AIChE annual meeting*, 3–17.
20. Rueda, L. (2005). Modeling and control of multicomponent distillation systems separating highly non-ideal mixtures. Austin, TX: UT, 184.
21. Berge, J. (2005). *Software for Automation: Architecture, Integration, and Security*. USA, NC, Chapei Hill: ISA, 325.
22. Stopakevich, A. A. (2013). *Sistemnyj analiz i teoriya slozhnyh sistem*. Odessa: Astroprint, 350.
23. Stopakevich, A. A., Stopakevich, A. A. (2016). Design of robust controllers for plants with large dead time. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 1 (2 (79)), 48–56. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2016.59107
24. Stopakevich, A. A. (2015). Robust control system design of crude oil atmospheric distillation column. *Eastern-European Journal of Enterprise Technologies*, 5 (2 (77)), 49–57. doi: 10.15587/1729-4061.2015.50964
25. Leont'ev, V. S., Sharikov, Yu. V. (2012). Metodologiya modernizatsii i tekhnicheskogo perevoorzheniya rektifikatsionnykh kompleksov neftekhimicheskikh predpriyatij. *Neftegazovoe delo*, 1, 187–199.
26. Szabo, L., Nemeth, S., Szeifert, F. (2012). Three level control of a distillation column. *Engineering*, 04 (10), 675–681. doi: 10.4236/eng.2012.410086
27. Stopakevich, A. A., Stopakevich, A. A. (2015). Sintez i issledovanie cifrovyyh sistem supervizornogo upravleniya kolonnoj rektifikatsii nefci. *Avtomatizatsiya tekhnologicheskikh i biznes – processov*, 7 (4), 24–33.
28. Mehrpooya, M., Hejazi, S. (2015). Design and Implementation of Optimized Fuzzy Logic Controller for a Nonlinear Dynamic Industrial Plant Using Hysys and Matlab Simulation Packages. *Industrial & Engineering Chemistry Research*, 54 (44), 11097–11105. doi: 10.1021/acs.iecr.5b02076