

581.526.325

.. , ..

-  
99053 , . ,2,

( )

( ).

151 (157 . .) , 8 .  
- 95 (101 . .) *Bacillariophyta*, (34)  
*Dinophyta*, 1-8 .

« » *Phaeocystis*  
*pouchetii*, - - *Fragilariopsis*, *Achnanthes*  
*Corethron*.

*Cryptomonas* sp., *Pyramimonas* sp.

I-III

### XIX ..

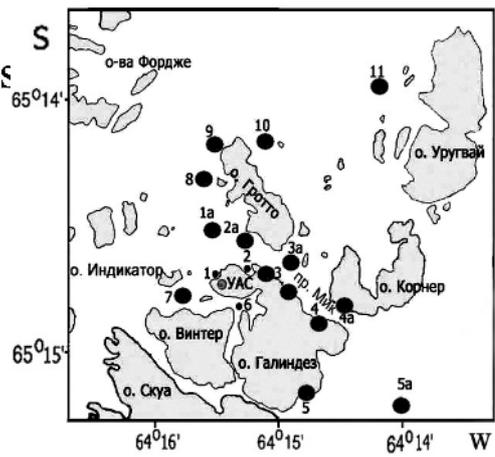
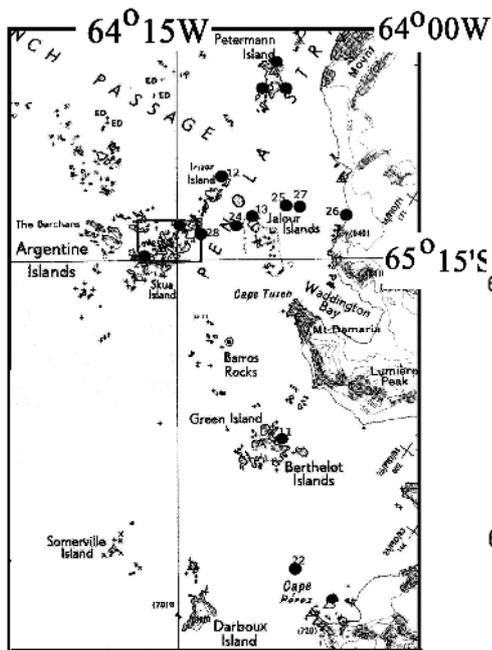
(Karsten, 1905; Mangin, 1915; Hart, 1934; Hustedt,  
1958; , 1959; Manguin, 1960; , 1964; Balech, El-Sayed, 1965;  
1973; , 1973; Balech, 1973; .., 1982; Kopczynska, Ligowski, 1982,  
1985; , 1983; Hirano, 1983; , 1985; , 1990, 1993;  
, 1993; Bidigare et al., 2001; .),

( , 2004; ., 2005, , , 2006).

30 , « 104 » ( ).

2002 . 2003 . 7-10- ( - 2005 ).

, , , , ( . ) , ( . ) .



(0,7-5 )

2002 . ( 10-20 ).

( . 1).  
( , 1983)

1-1,1 . 20-120

2 %.

“Amplival” (CARL ZEISS) ( )  
(2-15 ) ×120, 240 480. -  
( 15 ) – 0,01 ,  
0,4-0,8 .

( , 1978, 1986)

( )

(Shannon, Weaver, 1949).

(Karsten, 1905; Mangin, 1915; Hustedt, 1958; Manguin, 1960; , 1964;  
Hasle, Huimdal, 1967; Balech, 1973; Sournia et al., 1979; ., 1982; Hirano,  
1983; Priddle, Fryxell, 1985; ).

( ..., 2000),

(*Prymnesiophyta* Hibberd – *Prymnesiophyceae* Hibberd – *Coccolithophorales* Schiller),

(Identifying ..., 1997).

2002 .

2003 ., 124 (126 . .)  
8 . (73 %)

*Bacillariophyta* – 90 (92 . .), (16,6 %)

*Dinophyta* (21). 1-3 ( . 1).

2005 ., 27

. (31 . .), ( . 1, .  
) .

151 (157 . .) , (64,3 %)

*Nitzschia*, *Licmophora*, *Amphora*, *Navicula*, *Fragilaria*,  
*Cocconeis*, *Diploneis* ..

1.

	( )					
	.		%		.	
	2002 .,	2003 .	-	2005 .	, 2002- 2003, 2005 .	%
<i>Bacillariophyta</i>	90 (92)	73	32 (36)	51,5	95 (101)	64,3
<i>Dinophyta</i>	21	16,6	20	28,6	34	21,7
<i>Prymnesiophyta</i>	2	1,6	8	11,4	8	5,1
<i>Chrysophyta</i>	2	1,6	-	-	2	1,3
<i>Chlorophyta</i>	3	2,4	4	5,7	6	3,8
<i>Cyanophyta</i>	3	2,4	1	1,4	3	1,9
<i>Cryptophyta</i>	2	1,6	1	1,4	2	1,3
<i>Euglenophyta</i>	1	0,8	-	-	1	0,6
	124 (126)	100	66 (70)	100	151 (157)	100

(11 ) ( . ) *Chaetoceros*  
(11 ), *Fragilariopsis* (7), *Asteromphalus* (5), *Coscinodiscus* (4),  
(5-6)  
*Gyrodinium*, *Prorocentrum* *Protoperidinium*. (*Prymnesiophyta*)  
*Rhabdosphaera* 4 .

(2002-2003 2005 .)

***Bacillariophyta***  
***Coscinodiscophyceae***

<i>Actinocyclus octonarius</i> Ehr.	<i>Coscinodiscus oculus-iridis</i> Ehr.
<i>Asteromphalus heptactis</i> (Bréb.) Ralf	<i>C. stellaris</i> Roper.
<i>A. hookeri</i> Ehr.	<i>Coscinodiscus</i> sp.
<i>A. hyalinus</i> Karst.	* <i>Cyclotella</i> sp.
<i>A. parvulus</i> Karst.	<i>Dactyliosolen antarcticus</i> Castr.
<i>A. robustus</i> Castr.	<i>Eucampia antarctica</i> (Castr.) Mangin
<i>Asteromphalus</i> sp.	<i>E. zodiacus</i> Ehr.
<i>Chaetoceros castracanei</i> Karst.	<i>Odontella polymorpha</i> Mangin
<i>Ch. compressus</i> Laud.	<i>O. weissflogii</i> (Jan.) Grun.
<i>Ch. concavicornis</i> Mangin	<i>O. aurita</i> (Lyngb.) C.A. Agardh.
<i>Ch. convolutes</i> Castr.	<i>Paralia</i> sp.
<i>Ch. criophilus</i> Castr.	<i>Porosira glacialis</i> (Grun.) Jörg.
<i>Ch. dictaeta</i> Ehr.	<i>P. pseudodenticulata</i> (Hust.) Jousé

*Chaetoceros flexuosus* Mangin  
*Ch. neglectus* Karst.  
*Ch. neogracile* Vanlend.  
*Ch. socialis* Laud.  
*Ch. tortissimus* Gran  
*Chaetoceros* sp.  
*Charcotia irregularis* M. Per.  
*Corethron criophilum* Castr.  
*Coscinodiscus bouvet* Karst.  
*C. furcatus* Karst.

*Fragilaria striatula* Lyngb.  
*Fragilariopsis curta* (V. Heurck) Hust.  
*F. cylindrus* (Grun.) Krieger  
*F. kerguelensis*  
*F. obliquecostata* (V. Heurck) Heid. & Kolbe  
*F. oceanica* (Cl.) Hasle  
*F. ritscheri* Hust.  
*F. rhombica* (O'Meara) Hust.  
*Fragilariopsis* sp.

\* *Amphipleura rutilans* var. *antarctica* (Harw.) Grun.  
*Achmanthes brevipes* Ag.  
*A. longipes* Ag.  
*Amphiprora kjellmanii* Cl.  
*Amphiprora* sp.  
*Amphora ovalis* Kütz.  
*A. veneta* (Kütz.) Hust.  
*Amphora* sp.

*Cocconeis adeliae* Manguin  
*C. costata* var. *antarctica* (Greg.) Manguin  
*C. infirmata* Manguin  
*C. imperatrix* A. Schm.  
*Cocconeis* sp.  
*Cylindrotheca closterium* (Ehr.) Reim. & Lew.  
*Diploneis latefurcata* (Font.) Cl.  
*Diploneis* sp.  
\* *Manguinea fusiformis* (Manguin) Paddock  
*Membraneis challengerii* (Grun.) Paddock

*Amphidinium crassum* Lohm.  
*A. extensum* Wulff  
\* *A. larvale* Lind.  
*Cochlodinium* sp.  
\* *Glenodinium paululum* Lind.

*Proboscia alata* (Brightw.) Sundström  
*P. inermis* (Castr.) Jördan & Ligow.  
*P. truncata* (Karst.) Nöt. & Ligow.  
*Rhizosolenia antarctica* Karst.  
*Rhizosolenia* sp.  
*Schimperella antarctica* Karst.  
*Thalassiosira antarctica* Comb.  
*T. rotula* Meunier  
*Thalassiosira* sp.  
*Triceratium arcticum* Brightw.

#### **Fragilariophyceae**

\* *Grammatophora arcuata* Ehr.  
*Grammatophora* sp.  
*Licmophora abbreviata* Ag.  
*L. antarctica* Carlson  
*Licmophora* sp.  
*Lioloma pacificum* (Cupp) Hasle  
*Synedra* sp.  
*Thalassionema nitzschioides* Grun.  
*Thalassiothrix antarctica* (Schim.) Karst.

#### **Bacillariophyceae**

*Navicula directa* W. Sm.  
*N. molesta* Kras.  
*Navicula* sp.  
*Nitzschia holsatica* Hust.  
*N. longissima* var. *reversa* W. Sm.  
*N. sicula* (Castr.) Hust.  
*N. tenuirostris* Mer.  
*Nitzschia* sp.  
\* *Pinnularia fluminensis* var. *kerguelensis* (Grun.) Manguin  
\* *P. quadratarea* var. *soederlundii* (A. S.) Cl.  
\* *P. quadratarea* var. *baltica* (A. S.) Grun.  
\* *Pleurosigma* Clevei Grun.  
*P. direcum* Grun.  
\* *Pseudonitzschia antarctica* Manguin  
*P. delicatissima* Cl.  
*P. pseudodelicatissima* Hasle  
*P. pungens* (Grun. & Cl.) Hasle  
*P. seriata* (Cl.) H. Per.  
*Tropidoneis laevis* G. S. West

#### **Dinophyta**

##### **Dinophyceae**

*Oxytoxum gladiolus* Stein  
*O. scolopax* Stein  
\* *O. sphaeroideum* Stein  
*Oxytoxum* sp.  
\* *Pronoctiluca spinifera* (Lohm.) Schill.

\* *Gymnodinium agiliforme* Schill.  
 \* *Gymnodinium simplex* (Lohm.) Kof. & Sw.  
 \* *G. wulffii* Schill.  
*Gymnodinium* sp.  
*Gyrodinium conicum* Schill.  
*G. fusiforme* Kof. & Sw.  
*G. lachryma* (Meunier) Kof. & Sw.  
 \* *G. pingue* (Schütt) Kof. & Sw.  
 \* *G. wulffii* Schill.  
*Gyrodinium* sp.  
 \* *Heterocapsa triquetra* (Ehr.) Balech

\* *Prorocentrum antarcticum* (Hada) Balech  
*P. balticum* (Lohm.) Loeb.  
*P. cordatum* (Ostf.) Dodge  
 \* *P. micans* Ehr.  
 \* *P. triestinum* Schill.  
*Prorocentrum* sp.  
*Protoperidinium antarcticum* (Schimp.) Balech  
*P. brevipes* (Pauls.) Balech  
*P. divergens* (Ehr.) Balech  
*P. globules* Stein  
*P. minusculum* Pav.  
*P. pellucidum* (Bergh) Schütt  
*Scrippsiella trochoidea* (Stein) Balech

***Prymnesiophyta***  
***Prymnesiophyceae***

\* *Anacanthoica acanthos* (Schill.) Delf.  
*Emiliana huxleyi* (Lohm.) Hay & Mohler  
 \* *Rhabdosphaera ampullaceal* Lec.-Schl.  
 \* *R. hispida* Lohm.  
 \* *R. tabulosa* Schill.  
 \* *R. tignifer* Schill.  
 \* *Syracorhabdus pulcher* (Lohm.) Lec. & Bernh.  
*Syracorhabdus* sp.

***Chrysophyta***  
***Dictyochophyceae***

*Dictyocha speculum* Her.  
*Phaeocystis pouchetii* (Hariot) Lagerh.

***Haptophyceae***

***Chlorophyta***  
***Chlorophyceae***

\* *Dunaliella* sp.  
 \* *Closteriopsis longissima* Lemm.

*Poropila dubia* Schill.

***Prasinophyceae***

*Pterosperma cristatum* Schill.

*Pyramimonas* sp.

***Ulvophyceae***

\* *Hormidiopsis crenulata* (Kütz.) Huring

***Cyanophyta***  
***Hormogoniophyceae***

*Oscillatoria tenuis* Ag.

*Oscillatoria* sp.

***Chroococcophyceae***

*Johannesbaptistia pellucida* (Dickie) Tailor & Dronet

***Cryptophyta***  
***Cryptomonadophyceae***

*Cryptomonas* sp.

***Cryptophyceae***

*Hillea fusiformis* Schill.

***Euglenophyta***  
***Euglenophyceae***

*Euglenia* sp.

.  
 \*

*Odontella weissflogii*, *Amphora kjellmanii*, *Schimperella antarctica*, *Dactyliosolen antarctica*, *Eucampia antarctica*,  
*Corethron criophilum*.

: *Asteromphalus hyalinus*,  
*A. parvulus*, *Chaetoceros neglectus*, *Ch. compressus*, *Ch. dictyota*, *Fragilariopsis curta*,  
*F. cylindrus*, *Cocconeis infirmata*, *Coscinodiscus bouvet*, *Cylindrotheca closterium*,  
*Porosira pseudodenticulata*, *Thalassiosira antarctica*, *Eucampia antarctica*, *Odontella weissflogii*,  
*Tropidoneis laevissima*, *Protoperdinium brevipes*, *P. divergens*,  
*P. pellucidum*.

: *Achnanthes brevipes*, *A. longipes*, *Actinocyclus octonarius*,  
*Cocconeis imperatrix*, *Fragilaria striatula*, *Licmophora abbreviata*, *Navicula directa*,  
*Triceratium arcticum*.

(*Amphora ovalis*, *A. veneta*,  
*Amphipleura rutilans* var. *antarctica*, *Nitzschia holsatica*, *Hormidiopsis crenulata*,  
*Oscillatoria tenuis*).

2002-2003

( . 1)

( - ),

36,9 3,5 47,8-2,8 ·<sup>-3</sup>.

*Fragilariopsis*, *Nitzschia*, *Pseudonitzschia*, *Chaetoceros*,  
*Licmophora*, *Cocconeis*.

*Thalassiothrix antarctica*, *Corethron criophilum*, *Odontella weissflogii*,

c (55-97 %)

( 77-88 %)

, *Fragilariopsis* spp.

48

75 % – 2-5

*Gymnodinium*, *Prorocentrum*.

149

3136

25

<sup>3</sup>

3

( . 2).

, , *Eucampia antarctica*, ,  
*(Lioloma pacificum, Chaetoceros criophilus, C. convolutus,*  
*C. flexuosus, Proboscia inermis* ),  
 ( . 2).

2005 .  
 ( 29,6 , 33,3 ·<sup>-3</sup>),  
 . 44 92 %

*Pyramimonas, Dunaliella (Chlorophyta)*,  
 ( 250<sup>3</sup>)

( 100-300·10<sup>3</sup> )  
*Corethron criophilum* ( 95-100 %).

- 2005 .  
 66 (70 . ) , 51,5 % -  
 . 2002 . 13  
 , 9 - , 6 - ( ) , 2 -  
 1 ( . ) .

( ,  
 , 1998; , 2003),  
 1997 1998 . 22 ,  
 13 .  
 (2-7 )  
 70 (

), . .  
 - 2005 . ( . . 1). 1998 . *Bacillariophyta* 67 % ,  
*Dinophyta* - 17 %

(*C. criophilum*),  
*Chaetoceros, Fragilariopsis, Licmophora*

(1,7-27,7 , 6,1-144,7 ·<sup>-3</sup>)  
 ( . . 2).

( )  
 (2,8 , 4,4 ·<sup>-3</sup>),

(113<sup>3</sup>) *Phaeocystis pouchetii*,  
 « » ,

« » ( 108 , 12,3 ·<sup>-3</sup>).

( 55,9 , 7,0 ·<sup>-3</sup>).  
 36,7 , 4,8 ·<sup>-3</sup>,

*P. pouchetii* 83-91,7 %

(30-46)

*P. pouchetii* ,

(0,24).

2.

.«

» (

)

						(% )				N	
	N	B				N					
	10 <sup>6</sup> · 3	· 3				2-15	> 15				
-	<u>36.9</u> 4,8-146,9	<u>47.8</u> 8,6-168,0	<u>20</u> 15-25	<u>1.8</u> 1,18-2,68	<u>1612</u> 512-2677	<u>77.3</u> 58,0-94,0	<u>23.0</u> 6,0-42,0	<u>16.0</u> 8,7-42,0	<u>82.0</u> 58,0-91,3	<i>Fragilariopsis</i> sp.	<i>Corethron criophilum</i> , <i>Odontella</i> sp., <i>Fragilariopsis</i> sp.
-	<u>3.5</u> 0,1-7,1	<u>2.8</u> 0,1-7,0	<u>10</u> 3-22	<u>1.42</u> 0,58-2,72	<u>1131</u> 149-3146	<u>83.4</u> 72,8-97,0	<u>16.8</u> 3,0-35,7	<u>55.1</u> 6,0-88,1	<u>44.9</u> 11,9-94,0	<i>Fragilariopsis</i> sp.	<i>Thalassiothrix antarctica</i> , <i>Eucampia antarctica</i> ,
-	<u>14066.0</u> 2,8-109062,6	<u>2276.5</u> 4,4-13475,0	<u>32</u> 16-46	<u>2.0</u> 0,24-3,24	<u>2094</u> 123-4326	<u>71.8</u> 2,1-99,8	<u>28.2</u> 0,2-97,9	<u>20.5</u> 0,2-91,7	<u>79.5</u> 8,3-99,8	<i>Phaeocystis pouchetii</i> , <i>Thalassiosira antarctica</i> , <i>Fragilariopsis</i> sp., <i>Chaetoceros</i> sp., <i>Achnanthes brevipes</i>	<i>Coscinodiscus</i> sp., <i>Phaeocystis pouchetii</i> , <i>Fragilariopsis</i> sp., <i>Achnanthes brevipes</i> , <i>Thalassiosira antarctica</i> , <i>Odontella</i> sp.
-	<u>232.6</u> 33,8-1065,0	<u>171.8</u> 43,8-472,7	<u>18</u> 8-30	<u>1.62</u> 1,23-2,32	<u>1262</u> 444-2128	<u>79.4</u> 51,9-93,4	<u>20.4</u> 6,6-48,1	<u>24.9</u> 8,3-76,1	<u>75.1</u> 23,0-91,7	<i>Cryptomonas</i> sp., <i>Pyramimonas</i> sp., <i>Chaetoceros</i> sp.,	<i>Corethron criophilum</i> , <i>Cryptomonas</i> sp., <i>Pyramimonas</i> sp.,
; N -											

(Rodriguez et al., 2002 , b; Varela et al., 2002)  
*Phaeocystis* sp.  
 ( - ),  
 (Bidigare et al., 2001). -

(Kopczynska, Ligowski, 1982, 1985; , 2004).  
*P. ouchetii* ,  
 (67 , 245 ·<sup>-3</sup>).

( 3,24) ,

( *Chaetoceros*, *Fragilariopsis*, *Nitzschia*, *Oxytoxum*, *Amphidinium*, *Gymnodinium*,  
*orethron criophilum* ) .

*Coscinodiscus*, *Membraneis*, *Asteromphalus*, *Thalassiosira antarctica*,  
*Charcotia irregularis*, . 2-3  
*Fragilariopsis* , -

( 8 )  
 , . 2 , 2,7 ·<sup>-3</sup>

*Achnanthes brevipes* ( 133 , 287 ·<sup>-3</sup>).

2,1 , 0,38-3,0 ·<sup>-3</sup>). *Fragilariopsis* spp.  
*Ach. brevipes* 100

( , 2005).  
 -  
*Fragilariopsis* *Ach. brevipes*, , -  
 20 , -  
 , ,  
*orethron criophilum* ( 2 , 227 ·<sup>-3</sup>),  
 61-70 % , -  
 (79 %)  
*Chaetoceros* , -

( . . 2).  
 ,  
 (330-650 <sup>3</sup>)  
*Cryptomonas* (*Cryptophyta*) *Pyramimonas* sp. (*Chlorophyta*),  
 « »

122  $\cdot 10^{-3}$ ) *Cryptomonas* sp., *Pyramimonas* sp., (369 ,  
(0,50) . - ,  
« » ( 1 , 472  $\cdot 10^{-3}$ ). - ,  
-1,2  
0 ,  
*Cryptomonas* sp. *Pyramimonas* sp. ( ,  
),  
-  
( , 1993; Bidigare et al., 2001; Rodriguez et al.,  
2002a,b; Varela et al., 2002).  
« » ,  
, ( .1), 139 , 109  $\cdot 10^{-3}$ ,  
18 10  $\cdot 10^{-3}$ .  
- ( 87 %)  
*Chaetoceros* , 62 %  
*orethron riophilum*.  
*Gymnodinium*,  
*Amphidinium*, *Prorocentrum*,  
- , ( asl , 1969;  
Krebs, 1970; Kocczynska, 1981, 1996; , 1993; , 2005).  
, , ,  
, ,  
- )  
*Fragilariopsis*  
, . *riophilum*  
- .  
2002-2003 . 2005 . ,  
151 (157 . .) , 8  
- 95 (101 . .)  
*Bacillariophyta*, *Dinophyta* (34),  
1-8 .

\_\_\_\_\_

( - ),

*Fragilariopsis*),

*orethron riophilum*, *Odontella* spp., *Thalassiothrix antarctica*.

*Phaeocystis*,

*Fragilariopsis* spp., *Achnanthes brevipes* . *riophilum*.

*Cryptomonas*, *Pyramimonas*

I-III

(Margalef, 1958).

7- 10-

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SPECIES DIVERSITY OF PHYTOPLANKTON IN THE WATERS  
OF ARGENTINE ISLANDS (ANTARCTIC)

Results of studies of species diversity of phytoplankton are presented for the waters of Argentine islands. Water samples were collected during 7<sup>th</sup> (2002-2003) and 10<sup>th</sup> (autumn 2005) Ukrainian antarctic expeditions. Seasonal variations in the community species composition have been described; the dominant species and taxa, and the time periods of their vegetation were identified for the first time in the waters of Argentine islands. A total of 151 microalgal species (157 taxa, including subspecies and varieties) were recorded, which represented 8 taxonomic divisions. *Bacillariophyta* (95 spp., 101 taxa) and *Dinophyta* (34 spp.) were the most species-rich divisions while the others were represented by 1 to 8 taxa only. The highest species diversity was registered in spring and early summer. Three main peaks of the phytoplankton abundance occurred annually during the spring-summer period, corresponding with population maxima of *Phaeocystis pouchetii* (*Chrysophyta*) in October, the diatom genera *Fragilariopsis*, *Achnanthes* and *Corethron* in November and early December, and a bloom of *Cryptomonas* sp., *Pyramimonas* sp. and other small flagellates in the middle January. Changes in the list of the dominant species, their abundance and size distribution were in accordance with the I to III stages of the spring-summer succession. In autumn and early polar winter when the vegetation was extinct, phytoplankton abundance and species diversity were low.

*Keywords:* phytoplankton, species diversity, abundance, biomass, Argentine islands, Antarctic.

... // ... , 1990. – . 29.  
– . 128-146.  
... , 1993. –  
. 32. – . 141-150.  
... , 2005. – 208 .  
... )// ... , 1993. – . 31.  
– . 159-166.  
... « »  
1957-1958 // ... , 1959. – . 10. –  
. 29-32.  
... « »// . – 1998. – . 2. – . 198-203.  
... – : ,  
1964. – 167 .  
... // . – 2004. – 2.  
– . 125-137.  
... « »//  
: . . ( , 29 – 2 2006 .) – ., 2006.  
– . 133.

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- ... / ... // ... - 2000. - **10**, . 4. - 309 .
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- ... // ... , 2005. - . 129-146.
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- ... 1981 // ... , 1985. - **2**. - . 111-134.
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- ... ( ... ) // ... - 2003. - . 1. - . 107-113.
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