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Influence of formal social groups onto the personality

Peculiarities of small social group are studied. It is determined that to small groups mostly belong formal groups, which in philosophy are also called purpose-oriented. It is mentioned that every person simultaneously belongs to several groups. To one group we can belong during quite a short period (excursion group, army, technical college). When the goals are achieved such groups break down. The others, contrariwise, accompany us during all our life (family, relatives, friends) and have remarkable influence. It is proved that in the basis of this or other division into the groups is the fact that social groups are the movers of social progress, because the society stops its development without them, without their activity. Except for this, on the character of social groups depend not only society's development, but also its statics, so to say the quality of functioning of all society's institutions at the certain

moment of historical development. Depending on the fact, of which groups society consists, which one dominates and which one subordinates, the type of society, its social–political and state regime depends. Also the structure of formal groups is analyzed, their difference from informal is determined. It is cleared up that formal social groups, in contrast to informal, regulate their activity with the norms, traditions, and follow the same values. The influence of formal group to the individual, as well as its role as a subject of collective activity in historical process of society’s development is shown.

Keywords: individual, social group, formal group, purpose–oriented group, collective activity.

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