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LOGISTICS CLUSTER DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITIES IN GEORGIA

Agenda

- Georgia Untapping Grate Development Potential
- Logistics cluster in Georgia
- European logistics market
- Defining logistics cluster parameters in Georgia:
 - Cluster composition options
 - ▶ Investment criteria
 - Cluster geography
 - ▶ Cluster components
- Specific opportunities in cold storage and food wholesale

Untapped Potential

Defining Cluster Parameters

Cold Storage Opportunities

Cooperation

Competitiveness & Trade

Georgia has significant negative trade balance with higher ranked trade partners



Source: National Statistics Office of Georgia - GeoStat

Transport Trends

Multinational companies investments and development efforts in pipeline and air transport resulted in sustained growth

Huge untapped Potential

- There is a very significant untapped potential in marine, cargo storage and handling and air cargo logistics.
- Georgia-Turkey railway expected completion in 2013 will open another efficient transportation possibilities
- Marine and railway development will stimulate road transport and logistics centers development.
- Transport system development will significantly improve Georgia's products cost competitiveness.
- Azerbaijan develops ports in Caspian Sea aiming to handle more than 1 mln. TEU per year by 2020

| ransport and Logistics | Current contribution to GDP, USD Mil | Target contribution to GDP in 2020, USD Mil | Financing estimate, 2016-2020, USD Mil |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Marine | 0 | 2,000 | 1,500 |
| Road | 223 | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| Railway | 42 | 400 | 500 |
| Air | 34 | 1,600 | 1,000 |
| Cargo handling and storage | 148 | 2,000 | 2,500 |
| Other supporting transport activities | 141 | 800 | 250 |
| Travel agencies, tour operators; tourist assistance | 187 | 600 | 150 |
| Total | 776 | 9,400 | 7,900 |

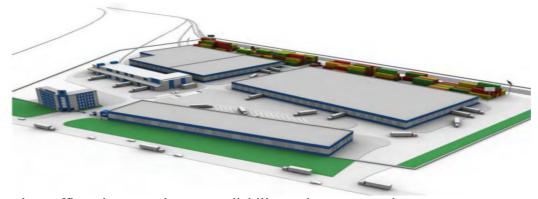
Marine Transport Development Potential

- Growth potential is huge when starting from zero
- Georgia still has experienced and qualified Marine personnel, history of shipbuilding and operating significant fleets

| Marine Transport | Current Fleet, Quantity | Investment estimates, USD Mil | Estimate An- nual revenues, USD Mil | Estimated payback period, Years |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Container Ships, TEU | 0 | 200 | 250 | 4–5 |
| Tanker, DW | 0 | 70 | 100 | 4–5 |
| Dry Bulk Cargo Ships, DW | 0 | 60 | 40 | 5–10 |
| Fishing Vassals, t. | 40 (120t.) | 70 | 100 | 1–3 |
| Total | | 400 | 490 | |

Dry warehouse and wholesale center, Sample Project

- Warehouse and container terminal
- Total area -18,4 ha;
- A Class Warehouse 64 300 sq.m.
- Cold Storage 9200 sq.m.
- Container terminal 2 200 TEU
- Total storage area 100 000 Pallets



Regular traffic to improve the route reliability, reduce costs and attract new cargo, concept

Poti- Alexandroupolis-Genoa–Marseille – regular frequency traffic

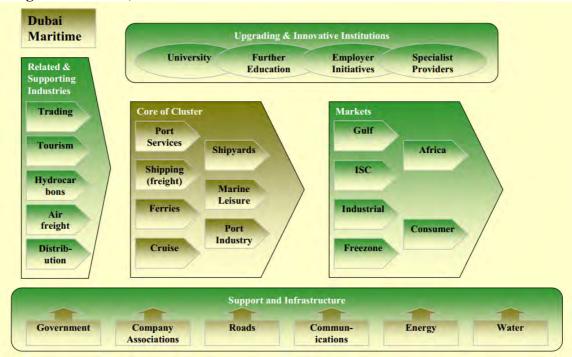
Inter black sea regular traffic

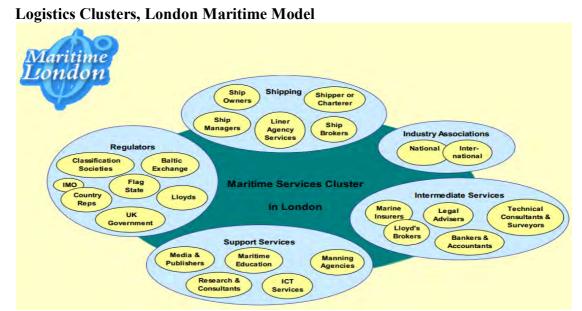


Logistic Clusters



Logistics Clusters, Dubai Model





Logistics Clusters, Netherlands

| KEY FIGURES UTRECHT | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| TOTAL STOCK (SQ M) | 595,000 |
| ADDITION 2006-2010 | 7% |
| RENTAL SHARE | 62.2% |
| ANNUAL DEMAND 2006-2010 (SQ M) | 30,000 |
| AVAILABILITY | 6.4% |
| MARKET RENTS (€ / SQ M / YEAR) | 45 - 60 |
| CONTAINER ACCESSIBILITY | |
| CAR | A2, A27, A12 MOTORWAY |
| TRAIN | N/A |
| BARGE | CONTAINER TERMINAL UTRECHT |
| KEY FIGURES ROTTERDAM | |
| TOTAL STOCK (SQ M) | 1,365,000 |
| ADDITION 2006-2010 | 19% |
| RENTAL SHARE | |
| HEINTAL SHARE | 68.7% |
| ANNUAL DEMAND 2006-2010 (SQ M) | 68.7% 88,500 |
| | |
| ANNUAL DEMAND 2006-2010 (SQ M) | 88,500 |
| ANNUAL DEMAND 2006-2010 (SQ M) AVAILABILITY | 88,500 8.9% |
| ANNUAL DEMAND 2006-2010 (SQ M) AVAILABILITY MARKET RENTS (€ / SQ M / YEAR) | 88,500 8.9% |
| ANNUAL DEMAND 2006-2010 (SQ M) AVAILABILITY MARKET RENTS (€ / SQ M / YEAR) CONTAINER ACCESSIBILITY | 88,500 8.9% 40 - 62.50 |

Logistics Clusters

Singapore – In 1965 Singapore was separated from Malaysia and lost its hinterland. In order to compete, Singapore redoubled its focus on trade and developed a re-export-oriented manufacturing economy, requiring efficient port operations, continuing Singapore's role as entrepôt for Southeast Asia (about 85% of the containers that come to the Port of Singapore never enter the country and over half of the remaining material leaves Singapore as re-export). The Singaporean Port Authority (PSA) kept investing in automation, leading to continuous optimization of port services, reducing time and cost to its tenants. Today, Singapore is the world's busiest container port.

Holland - Like Singapore, re-exports constitute a large fraction of total Dutch export – in this case close to 50%. Rotterdam is the largest container port in Europe but the entire Dutch logistics corridor stretching from Rotterdam, to Brabant, Breda and Fresh Park Venlo on the German border is actually a logistics cluster.

Zaragoza – PLAZA is the largest logistics park in Europe. You are all familiar with it. Geographically it is nearly equidistant from Madrid, Barcelona, Valencia and Bilbao, and it is an inland port between the Atlantic and the Mediterranean. The Aragón logistics cluster, however, is more extensive than just PLAZA. It includes facilities in Truel, Huesca, and Fraga, in addition to related private developments.

Memphis – FedEx's move to Memphis has cemented the city's role as a US logistics center. Memphis' geography and climate are central to its role as the biggest cargo airport in the world. But Memphis is also a major railroad center: all five US Class I railroads have facilities there. And it is home to over 400 trucking companies and a river port on the Mississippi River. Thus, Memphis is a quadra-mode logistics cluster.

Chicago – Chicago has developed into a trading hub thanks in large part to its location at the edge of the Great Lakes. The railroads were developed to connect the lakes' shipping lanes to the West, thus connecting the US East Coast to the US hinterland. The Eastern railroads then followed, making Chicago a railroad hub, an inland port and a huge logistics cluster. Today Chicago is still home to the commodities exchange and the largest inland port in the world.

FIGURE 7: TOP 10 EUROPEAN LOGISTICS MARKETS BY WAREHOUSING TAKE-UP (AVERAGE PROPORTION 2004-2006) FIGURE 6: TOP 10 EUROPEAN LOGISTICS MARKETS BY WAREHOUSING TAKE-UP 100% PROPORTION 2004-2006) **European Logistics Anchor Markets** 90% (70-75% market share) 80% Czech Republic 24 Poland 2% 70% Italy 4% Hung Established Big Sunbelt 60% Logistics Markets with & Trading logistics 50% Platforms activities (10-15% market below average 40% share) (10-15% market **Evolving Logistics** & Trading Platforms 30% share) (5-10% market 20% share) 10% 0%

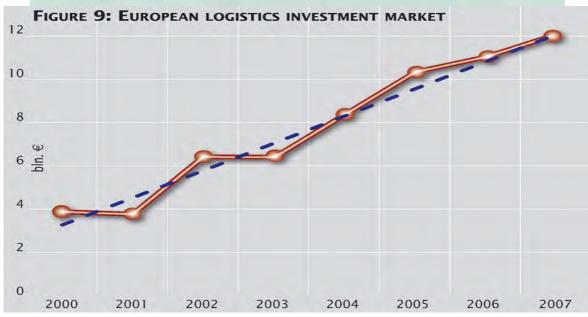
Top 10 European Logistics Markets



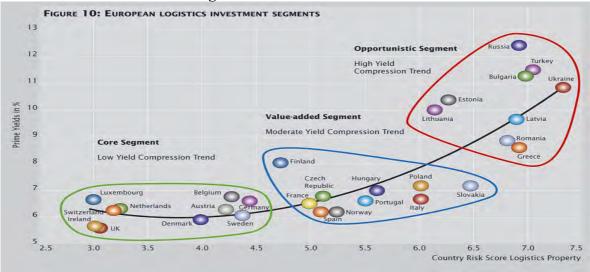


Investment Trends in European

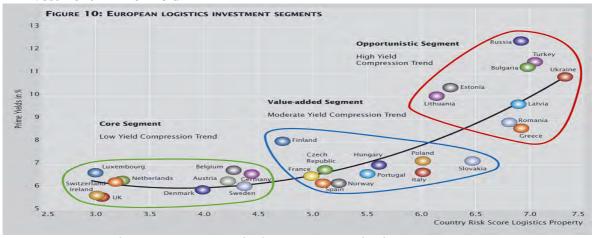




Investment Prime Yield Targets



Investment Prime Yield



European Warehouse Investor Typical Investment Criteria

- Categorizing the investors is difficult, because they are heterogeneous by both type and origin.
 - Foreign buyers dominate the market. Half of them were UK-based.
- The main part of the transaction volume, however, is generated by asset managers concentrating on distribution warehouses by offering specialty funds.
- Investors who neither used the warehouses themselves nor developed them are accountable for a quarter of the transaction volume
- On the supply side the corporate owners are the largest vendor group by generating half of the total transaction volume
- Investors prefer new or as-new warehouse complexes with a usable floor space of 10,000 m² and upwards.
 - Most investors prefer a low to moderate risk range.
 - The target property should normally include integrated office share between 5% and 15%,
- A clear height (under girder) in the warehouse not less than eight meters, good access options and excellent transport links.
- The lease contract term should be at least five years, which is usually influencing together with the solvency of the main tenant, the ultimate investment decision.

Cold chains play an important role in fruits and vegetables processing and handling around the world

| Wholesale Centers | Country | Established | Area (thousand sq. m.) |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------------------|
| Sidney Market | Australia | 1987 | 673 |
| Mercasevilla S. A. | Spain | 1971 | 444 |
| Berliner Grossmarkt | Germany | 1975 | 330 |
| Maryland Food Center | USA | 1967 | 330 |
| Grossmarkthalle Munhen | Germany | 1912 | 310 |
| Grossmarkt-Hamburg | Germany | 1962 | 268 |
| Rungis | France | 1967 | 230 |
| Mercamadrid | Spain | 1982 | 176 |
| Corporacion del Mercado central de Buenos Aires | Argentina | 1984 | 127 |
| Velikopolska Gielda | Poland | 1992 | 120 |

Creating Agro Logistics Clusters, Poland

| Creating Agro Logistics Clusters, Poland | | | |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| BRONISHE | | | |
| Main Products: | Fruits And Vegetables | | |
| Statistics: | | | |
| Turnover (Ton) | No Data | | |
| Turnover (Euro) | No Data | | |
| Total Area (m ²) | 62 000 | | |
| Used Area (m2) | 11 181 | | |
| Area With Climate Control (m2) | 5 550 | | |
| Chilled Storage (m2) | No Data | | |
| Area For Packaging (m2) | 30 000 | | |
| Infrastructure: | | | |
| Bank | a□ | | |
| Currency Exchange | a□ | | |
| Customs Post | No Data | | |
| Quality Control | No Data | | |
| Loading Zone | $a\square$ | | |
| Transport Companies | No Data | | |
| Special Storage For Exotic Fruits | r□ | | |
| Other | Coffee Shop, Bar | | |
| Lease Area: | | | |
| Average Area Per Month (m2) | 9 - 90 | | |
| Telephone | a□ | | |
| Electricity | a□ | | |
| Water | a□ | | |
| Office Equipment | a□ | | |

Creating Agro Logistics Clusters, Romania

| Creating Agro Logistics Clusters, Romania | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| BUCHAREST | | | |
| Main Products: Fruits, Vegetables, Meat, Dairy Products | | | |
| Statistics: | | | |
| Turnover (Ton) | 292 000 | | |
| Turnover (Euro) | 2 100 000 | | |
| Total Area (m ²) | 300 000 | | |
| Used Area (m2) | 21 000 | | |
| Area With Climate Control (m2) | 570 | | |
| Chilled Storage (m2) | 2 100 | | |
| Area For Packaging (m2) | 52 000 | | |

| Infrastructure: | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Bank | $a\square$ |
| Currency Exchange | $a\square$ |
| Customs Post | $a\square$ |
| Quality Control | $a \square$ |
| Loading Zone | $a\square$ |
| Transport Companies | $a\square$ |
| Special Storage For Exotic Fruits | $a \square$ |
| Other | Different Services For Farmers |
| Lease Area: | |
| Average Area Per Month (m2) | 60 |
| Telephone | $a\square$ |
| Electricity | $a\square$ |
| Water | $a\square$ |
| Office Equipment | r□ |

Creating Agro Logistics Clusters, Hungary

| BUDAPEST | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Main Products: | Fruits, Vegetables, Eggs, Honey | | |
| Statistics: | | | |
| Turnover (Ton) | 400 000 | | |
| Turnover (Euro) | No Data | | |
| Total Area (m ²) | 350 000 | | |
| Used Area (m2) | 4 200 | | |
| Area With Climate Control (m2) | No Data | | |
| Chilled Storage (m2) | 830 (own) | | |
| Area For Packaging (m2) | 33 000 | | |
| Infrastructure: | | | |
| Bank | $a\Box$ | | |
| Currency Exchange | $r\square$ | | |
| Customs Post | $a\square$ | | |
| Quality Control | $a\square$ | | |
| Loading Zone | $a\square$ | | |
| Transport Companies | $a\square$ | | |
| Special Storage For Exotic Fruits | $a\square$ | | |
| Other | Restaurant, Shops For Farmers | | |
| Lease Area: | | | |
| Average Area Per Month (m2) | 100 | | |
| Telephone | $a\Box$ | | |
| Electricity | $a\square$ | | |
| Water | $a\square$ | | |
| Office Equipment | r□ | | |

Creating Core of Logistics Cluster - Cold Storage - Business Model and Functions Development of modern wholesale centre will ensure efficient supply of Tbilisi and Rustavi markets with quality fresh fruits and vegetables year round

- Staged development
- 1st stage:
 - Main cold storage facility development;
 - Transportation logistics unit formation;
 - Trading.

- 2nd stage:
 - Facility expansion;
 - Regional facilities establishment;Export development.

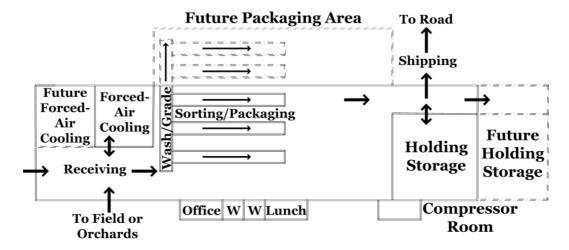
Selecting products and timing for storage and selling – Trading operations

| Products | Storage Start | Selling |
|-------------|---------------|---------|
| Potato | Sep-Oct | Apr-Jun |
| Carrot | Sep-Oct | May-Jun |
| Apple | Oct-Nov | Apr-Jun |
| Grape | Sep | Dec-Jun |
| Pomegranate | Oct-Nov | Mar-May |
| Citrus | Nov-Dec | Apr-May |

| Products | Break-even price* in CS, USD/t | Offseason Wholesale Price, USD/t |
|-------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Potato | 422 | 531 |
| Carrot | 483 | 681 |
| Apple | 427 | 1,294 |
| Pomegranate | 610 | 1,422 |
| Grape | 467 | 1,388 |
| Mandarin | 410 | 771 |
| Orange | 450 | 1,018 |
| Lemon | 435 | 935 |

Cold Storage Facility Concept

| Key Characteristics | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Installed capacity | 4,700 ton | |
| Land plot | 3 ha | |
| Facility Height (m) | 9.5 | |
| Total area (m2) | 5,200 | |
| Receiving | 300 | |
| Precooling (2 rooms) | 130 | |
| Washing and Grading | 300 | |
| Sorting and Packing | 300 | |
| Storing | 3,600 | |
| Dispatching | 300 | |
| Office Area | 300 | |
| Utilities | | |
| Electricity Load (Kw) | 1,100 | |
| Civil engineering | | |
| Road Connection | | |
| Local road with connection to arte | erials or freeways | |
| Railway Connection | | |
| (Optional) | | |



Tbilisi East (Gachiani or Lilo) Advantages

- Direct railway link to Azerbaijan, Armenia, black sea ports of Georgia and Turkey (Europe, the line is scheduled to be completed in 2012);
 - Within 20km from Tbilisi International airport providing air cargo possibilities;
- Tbilisi and Rustavi area comprise 31% of fruit and vegetables consumption and more than 60% of imported fruit and vegetables consumption.

| Sites | Consumption | Production | In county logistics | Export logistics |
|--------------|-------------|------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Tbilisi East | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Tbilisi West | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Khashuri | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| Kutaisi | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Poti | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 |

Cold Storage in Georgia Greenfield Investment Opportunity Project Overview

Partnership Fund, an investment fund of the Government of Georgia, is inviting strategic investors to co-invest in a USD 7 mil. Greenfield project aiming at development of 4,700t Capacity Fruit and Vegetables Cold Storage serving 1.2 mil. population of Tbilisi and Rustavi with quality fresh fruits and vegetables year round. Co-investment and support for setting up the project will be facilitated by Partnership Fund.

Financing

- \bullet The Investor's contribution in the amount of 25% of financing needed in common equity
 - Fund's matching contribution through sub-debt or common equity
- \bullet Debt financing in the amount of 50% of total financing need, that can be acquired in Georgian market with assistance of Partnership fund

| Estimated Investment Return Indicators (USD mil.) | |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------|
| Project NPV | 1.5 |
| Project IRR | 16% |
| Equity Holder's IRR | 21% |
| Payback Period | 6 Yrs. |

| Estimated Start-up Costs (USD mil.) | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|
| Equipment | 3.4 |
| Land | 0.3 |
| Buildings | 2.2 |
| Other | 0.6 |
| Working Capital | 0.5 |
| Total | 7.0 |

| Projected annual performance at full capacity (USD mil.) | |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Revenue | 4.0 |
| COGS | 1.5 |
| General & Admin | 0.3 |
| Depr. Interest & Tax | 0.5 |
| Net Profit | 1.7 |
| EBITDA Margin % | 55% |