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CONSTRUCTING A NARRATIVE OF EUROPEAN INTEGRATION IN THE VERKHOVNA RADA OF UKRAINE: A CORPUS-BASED DISCOURSE ANALYSIS

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Anna Kryvenko. Constructing a Narrative of European Integration in the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine: A Corpus-Based Discourse Analysis. Social transformations constitute and are constituted by discourse. The discursive construction of the narrative of European integration is an essential part of public policy making as well as shaping socially shared knowledge and attitudes in Ukraine. At the same time, European integration as a discursive construct is subject to modification in the course of time and /or in different settings of institutional communication. The objective of this article is twofold: to reveal how consistently the narrative of European integration has been constructed in discursive practices of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine (the Ukrainian Parliament) in the 21st century and to contribute to the elaboration of a corpus-based methodology suitable for analyzing discourses of social change over time in the Ukrainian language. A combination of quantitative and qualitative approaches is employed to treat the data coming from an ad hoc built electronic corpus of written texts posted on the official website of the Verkhovna Rada between 2002 and 2017. The findings include patterns of naming and reference to European integration as well as the distribution and dynamics of their usage within the observed period. The uncovered modifications in the discursive construction of European integration are interpreted with respect to a wider socio-political context. Since this research is ongoing, avenues of further work on this subject are outlined.

Key words: narrative of European integration; electronic corpus; corpus approaches to discourse analysis; collocation; consistent collocates.

Г.Л. Кривенко. Аналіз конструювання наративу європейської інтеграції у Верховній Раді України крізь призму корпусної дискурсології. Статтю присвячено проблемам побудови і аналізу моделей дискурсивного конструювання наративу європейської інтеграції в комунікативних практиках Верховної Ради України крізь призму корпусної дискурсології - нової трансцисциплінарної сфери досліджень, що постає як синтез двох мовознавчих дисциплін: дискурсологіі та корпусної лінгвістики. Спираючись на положення конструкціоністської епістемології про те, що соціальні перетворення конституюють і конституюються через дискурс, дискурсивне конструювання наративу європейської інтеграції розглядається як невід'ємна частина розбудови державної політики, а також формування спільних знань та поглядів в українському суспільстві. Водночас, європейська інтеграція як дискурсивний конструкт може змінюватися з часом та / або за різних умов інституційного спілкування. У статті переслідуються дві мети: з'ясувати, наскільки послідовно відбувалося конструювання наративу євроінтеграції у дискурсивних практиках Верховної Ради України у XXI столітті, та зробити вклад до формування методологічних засад корпусних досліджень, придатних для аналізу україномовного соціально значущого дискурсу на часовому зрізі. Здійснено спробу поєднання кількісних та якісних підходів для аналізу даних, отриманих у процесі обробки спеціально побудованого електронного корпусу текстів, опублікованих на офіційному веб-сайті Верховної Ради України у період з 2002 по 2017 рр. Результати включають у себе зразки іменування та референції європейської інтеграції у досліджуваних текстах, а також розподіл і динаміку їхнього використання протягом спостережуваного періоду. Виявлені модифікації дискурсивного конструювання європейської інтеграції трактуються на тлі ширшого соціально-політичного контексту. Пропонуються шляхи подальших наукових розвідок, присвячених темі дослідження.

Ключові слова: наратив європейської інтеграції; електронний корпус; корпусні підходи до аналізу дискурсу; колокація; послідовні колокати.

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А.Л. Кривенко. Анализ конструирования нарратива европейской интеграции в Верховной Раде Украины сквозь призму корпусной дискурсологии. Статья посвящена проблемам построения и анализа моделей дискурсивного конструирования нарратива европейской интеграции в коммуникативных практиках Верховной Рады Украины сквозь призму корпусной дискурсологии - новой трансцисциплинарной сферы исследований, которая выступает как синтез двух языковедческих дисциплин: дискурсологии и корпусной лингвистики. Опираясь на положения конструкционистской эпистемологии о том, что социальные преобразования конституируют и конституируются через дискурс, дискурсивное конструирование нарратива европейской интеграции рассматривается как неотъемлемая часть развития государственной политики, а также формирования общих знаний и взглядов в украинском обществе. В то же время, европейская интеграция как дискурсивный конструкт может меняться со временем и / или при различных условиях институционального общения. В статье преследуются две цели: выяснить, насколько последовательно происходило конструирование нарратива евроинтеграции в дискурсивных практиках Верховной Рады Украины в XXI веке, и внести вклад в формирование методологических основ корпусных исследований, пригодных для анализа украиноязычного социально значимого дискурса на временном срезе. Предпринята попытка сочетания количественных и качественных подходов для анализа данных, полученных в процессе обработки специально построенного электронного корпуса текстов, опубликованных на официальном сайте Верховной Рады Украины в период с 2002 по 2017 гг. Результаты включают в себя образцы именования и референции европейской интеграции в исследуемых текстах, а также распределение и динамику их использования в течение наблюдаемого периода. Выявленные модификации дискурсивного конструирования европейской интеграции трактуются на фоне более широкого социальнополитического контекста. Предлагаются пути дальнейших научных поисков, посвященных теме исследования.

Ключевые слова: нарратив европейской интеграции; электронный корпус; корпусная подходы к анализу дискурса; колокация; последовательные колокаты.

1. Introduction

Yavorska and Bohomolov [2010] make a point that in the Ukrainian political discourse of the 1990s and 2000s, Europe was represented as a desired yet dubious object. Importantly, European integration was also imagined in relation to a travel destination for the country. Ukraine has undergone tectonic political and social shifts since the approval of the Strategy and the Programme of Ukraine's Integration with the European Union (EU) by presidential decrees in 1998 and 2000 respectively. Despite the fact that "the intention to join the EU was initially voiced solely by the presidency", by 2002, "references to 'European integration' found their way into the programmes of most political parties and blocs, however 'virtual' some of these programmes may have been' [Wolczuk 2009: 193]. Yet, review of the relevant literature reveals that whether or not the Verkhovna Rada (the Ukrainian parliament) has been consistent in constructing the narrative of European integration in the recent history of Ukraine has been overlooked from a linguistic perspective.

This article contributes to filling this gap by revealing how the narrative of European integration is constructed in the discursive practices of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine in the 21st century. The Verkhovna Rada (VR) is viewed here not as a mere location for the political debates of its members [cf. van Dijk 2002: 214] or a range of members having competing voices and struggling for power [cf. Wodak 2009: 191]. In contrast, it is interpreted as a "plural subject" (in terms of [Gilbert 1989]) – a representative institute, which, in accordance with Article 85¹ of the Ukrainian Constitution, determines the principles of domestic and foreign policy. This definition permits one to account for the phenomenon of collective intentionality, in particular, observed in organizations, corporations and governments [Tollefsen 2002], which rests on sociological and phenomenological theories by Durkheim, Weber, Heidegger and Searle, to name a few. However, alternatively to the premise of real and true beliefs and their collective acceptance adopted in rational system theories [Tollefsen 2002: 400], this analysis assumes the possibility of institutional

discursive intentionality, which does not necessarily represent "real and true beliefs" but is clearly manifested via recurrent discursive practices of an organization. These are materialized by means of various semiotic systems, including language, especially language-in-use.

The time span of 2002 – 2017 covered in this research embraces not only the five latest convocations of the Verkhovna Rada of 2002, 2006, 2007, 2012 and 2014, but also a series of crucial developments in recent Ukrainian history, including the Orange Revolution of 2004, the Revolution of Dignity of 2013 – 2014, the Association Agreement between Ukraine and the EU signed in 2014, and the ongoing Russian aggression against Ukraine since 2014.

The selected perspective limits this research to the "frontstage" discourse, i.e. discourse produced in staging and performing politics designed for the public (after Wodak [2009: 4ff]). The official website of the VR – a popular medium of communicating politics to both the general public and media professionals – was used as a source of texts for analysis. There is an underlying assumption that, as is the case with the European Parliament, the VR also maintains its website "to enhance public access to information about the institution and its activities".

The theoretical and methodological framework of this research draws on advancements in corpus linguistics and discourse analysis, which enable a combination of quantitative and qualitative approaches in the data analysis. There is growing evidence that the systemic employment of corpus tools in discourse analysis adds an empirical dimension to introspection [Haarman *et al.* 2002], provides a more rigorous quantitative discourse analysis of the data [Baker and Levon 2015: 223–225]. It also enables one to focus on non-obvious meanings and usage patterns from a "modern diachronic" perspective in the spirit of modern diachronic corpus-assisted discourse studies [Partington 2013: 265–321]. This research also utilizes the notions of topic and topoi as well as discursive strategies of nomination and predication elaborated within the discourse-historical approach [Reisigl and Wodak 2009] when interpreting the quantitative data. However, it does not adopt a critical perspective of exploring and combating "discursive injustice" [van Dijk 2009: 63] that realizes "social wrongs" [Fairclough 2009: 167ff], which is typical of critical discourse analysis.

The objectives of this study direct it towards searching for similarity as well as addressing difference across verbal practices of interest in the VR. In fact, a focus on similarity in corpus approaches to discourse studies is "somewhat neglected" [Taylor 2018: 19–22] beyond the stage of selecting or creating comparable corpora. This approach undermines the completeness of the analysis, produces potentially misleading difference-oriented findings in quantitative terms and fosters expectation bias on the part of the researcher.

Due to space limitations, this article focuses primarily on the consistency of collocational patterns used to create or recreate the meaning of European integration in the VR over time. In terms of corpus linguistics, the following definition of collocation is adopted in this paper: any computationally derived "above-chance frequent co-occurrence of two words within a predetermined span, usually five words on either side of the word under investigation (the *node*)" [Baker *et al.* 2008: 278]. The centrality of collocation in corpus linguistics, especially in the analysis of meaning [Sinclair 1991: 115–116; McEnery & Hardie 2012: 79], and the importance of 'themes, images, or motifs that seem to go together" [Gee 2011: 165] in discourse studies makes a collocational perspective the common ground and a fruitful area of research for both branches of linguistics.

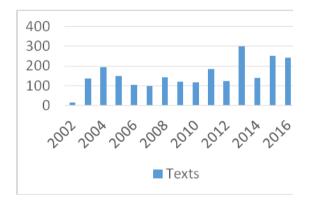
In terms of structure, this article consists of five parts: introduction, data and method, results, discussion and conclusions.

2. Method

Data for this research came from an *ad hoc* built electronic corpus of written texts posted on the official website of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine (the Ukrainian parliament) between 2002 and 2017. The selection of texts was done semi-automatically based on one criterion: at least a

single explicit mention of European integration in the text. The texts to be analyzed by corpus software were preserved in machine-readable form and grouped into 16 sub-corpora (each representing one year). The total corpus contained nearly 1,26 million word tokens and over 56 000 word types (as calculated by the software [AntConc 3.5.7]) and it consisted of 2 549 full-size texts. The distribution of texts and tokens per year is shown in Figures 1 and 2. The genres employed in the corpus embraced parliamentary news, minutes of plenary sittings, hearings and committees meetings, Speaker's addresses, committee agendas, reports, announcements, etc. The span of time and the variety of genres included into the VR corpus made it representative for the purposes of this research and increased the generalizability of research findings.

Although full written texts were treated as sampling units at the stage of building the VR corpus, they were not examined individually at the stage of quantitative analysis of the sub-corpora. They were interpreted as an aggregate sample of the "frontstage" discursive continuum within each respective year. However, not only concordance lines, but also some selected paragraphs and full texts were closely read at the stage of data interpretation.



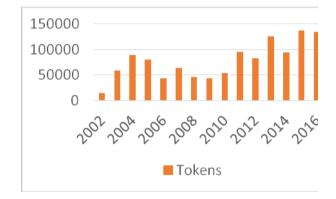


Figure 1. The VR corpus size: the number of texts per year

Figure 2. The VR corpus size: the number of tokens per year

In order to identify lexical items/word phrases used in the VR corpus to explicitly denote the notion of European integration, a frequency count of words containing the Ukrainian equivalents of the stems *euro*, *integr-* and *EU* was run and analyzed against the data on the distribution of texts and tokens in the sub-corpora. To compensate for significant variability in the size of the sub-corpora, the received frequencies of the selected search nodes were normalized per 10 000 tokens.

To uncover statistically prominent lexical associations with European integration in the VR corpus and their dynamics over time, the immediate "co-text" (in the sense of [Stubbs 2001: 5ff]) of the selected search nodes was explored by means of the collocation tool, the cluster tool and the concordance plot tool in the software [AntConc 3.5.7]. On top of raw frequencies, some other quantitative parameters typical of contemporary corpus studies were accounted for in this research. The distance of collocates from the node words was measured both to the left and to the right of the node with the specification of the size of collocation window and the size and the range of the cluster. The strength of the collocation was combined with the statistical significance of the co-occurrence. The range of the collocate was measured as the number of sub-corpora in which the collocate appeared. The dispersion of the selected nodes within the sub-corpora was informative for the purposes of discourse analysis due to the chronological order of texts in each sub-corpus. In this article, the strength of the relationship between node words and their collocates was measured by the combined Mutual Information (MI) and Log Likelihood (LL) statistics with the probability value >0.05 and the minimal collocate frequency of 5. The corresponding equations are described in [Stubbs 1995]. These steps were taken to address a known tendency of MI, when used on its own,

to favor low-frequency words [Baker 2006: 102]. Overall, the higher was the MI (LL-filtered) score, the stronger was the association between a node and collocate.

Of particular interest for this research – given its focus on a discourse analysis looking for consistency over time – were consistent collocates of the selected node words. Consistent collocates, or c-collocates, are understood in corpus linguistics as "words that stably collocate with the node in multiple datasets and are to be viewed as indicating core elements of meaning, semantic associations and semantic prosodies" (in other terms, discourse prosodies – A.K.) [Germond et al. 2016: 140ff; cf. Gabrielatos & Baker 2008: 11]. There is no fixed numerical expression of collocate consistency in the literature on corpus linguistics (e.g. Gabrielatos & Baker [2008] stipulate that a consistent collocate has to occur in at least seven out of the ten annual corpora, whereas Germand *et al.* [2016] deem collocates as consistent when seen in all or most sub-corpora. This article maintains that in order to investigate consistency of representation in discourse, it is worth looking beyond individual c-collocates [cf. Gabrielatos & Baker 2008]. Respectively, it profiles the selected nodes with respect to consistency in their semantic preferences, i.e. the relations "not between individual words, but between a lemma or word-form and a set of semantically related words" [Stubbs 2002: 65], as well as their discourse prosodies, i.e. features that "express speaker attitude" [Stubbs 2002: 65].

Consistency markers in a broader sense are seen here as indicators of institutional discursive intentionality. The procedure of their extraction involved comparing the collocational profiles of the selected node words across sub-corpora and their dynamics was established as regards continuities, discontinuities and ruptures in their usage over time. Because of technical limitations of the software, which was originally geared towards English, the automatically generated collocate types were first saved as word lists and then lemmatized with the lemma list, which was manually created for the purposes of this research. Also, coupling wildcard characters like * (zero or more characters), @ (zero or one word) and | (search term OR search term) with the selected nodes as well as the advanced search option allowing one to import a set of search terms and to list context words were widely used for various searches to overcome the lack of automatic lemmatization and to enable word-group queries.

The concordance tool and the file view tool were used for close contextualized reading of the results generated by the other AntConc tools, as described above.

3. Results

This article reports on a selected range of findings in the VR corpus. The findings are relevant for the discussion of consistency in the construction of the narrative of European integration by the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine.

Although the noun phrase європейська інтеграція (yevropeys'ka intehratsiya "European integration") is considered the core term of the Ukrainian official discourse on the relations between Ukraine and the EU [Yavorska and Bohomolov 2010: 113], a variety of connected linguistic expressions is regularly employed to refer to these relations in the VR verbal communication. They the noun євроінтеграція (yevrointehratsiya "Eurointegration"), євроїнтеграційний (yevrointehratsiynyy "Eurointegration(al)") derived from the noun, and phrases such as інтеграція України до ЄС / європейськиї структтур (intehratsiya Ukrayiny do YeEs / yevropeys'kykh struktur "integration of Ukraine to the EU / European structures") or інтегруватися до Європи / ЄС (intehruvatysya do Yevropy / YeEs "to integrate to Europe / the EU"). In order to reveal some general trends in denoting European integration in the VR over time, frequencies of the search nodes євроінтегр* (yevrointehr* "eurointegr*"), інтегр* (intehr* "integr*"), espo* (yevro* "euro*"), EC (YeEs "EU") in the VR corpus were normalized per 10 000 tokens and calculated one by one for each sub-corpus representing one year between 2002 and 2017 (Figure 3). The data for espo* (yevro* "euro*") and immerp* (intehr* "integr*") exclude instances of $\epsilon \epsilon pointer$ (yevrointehr* "eurointegr*"), which are presented separately.

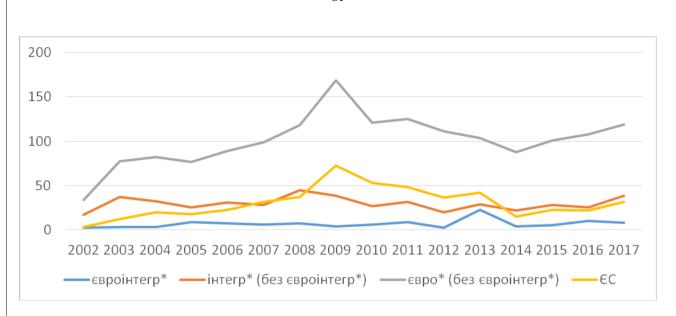


Figure 3. Normalized frequencies of the search nodes $\epsilon \epsilon pointmerp^*$ (yevrointehr* "eurointegr*"), $ihmerp^*$ (intehr* "integr*"), $\epsilon \epsilon po^*$ (yevro* "euro*"), ϵC (YeEs "EU") in the VR corpus between 2002 and 2017 (per 10 000 tokens).

As seen from Figure 3, references to European integration on the VR website are habitual throughout the whole period of observation. The spike for $\epsilon\epsilon\rho$ 0* (yevro* "euro*") and ϵ 0 (YeEs "EU") in 2009 is not accompanied by the other two search nodes; however, a number of rises and falls after 2010 are overall comparable with respect to all four search nodes. Occurrences of $\epsilon\epsilon\rho$ 0 (yevrointehr* "eurointegr*") are the most prominent in the sub-corpus for 2013.

The denominal adjective *yevrointehratsiynyy* "Eurointegration(al)" as well as the core term *yevropeys'ka intehratsiya* "European integration" and its more colloquial clipped duplicate *yevrointehratsiya* "Eurointegration" were selected for a closer examination in the VR corpus. In total, word-forms of these lemmas occur 3,422 times in the corpus. Their aggregate dispersion through each annual sub-corpus generated via AntConc is shown in Figure 4. Since the texts in each sub-corpus are ordered chronologically, some general conclusions can be made about trends in the focus on matters of European integration throughout each year under observation based on how evenly the bars are dispersed through each plot. For instance, plot 12 featuring the 2013 sub-corpus suggests that European integration was salient in the VR discursive practices throughout the year, particularly in the first few months, due to the intense preparation for the Ukraine-EU Association Agreement and not just in relation to Maidan, which took place in late 2013 – early 2014.

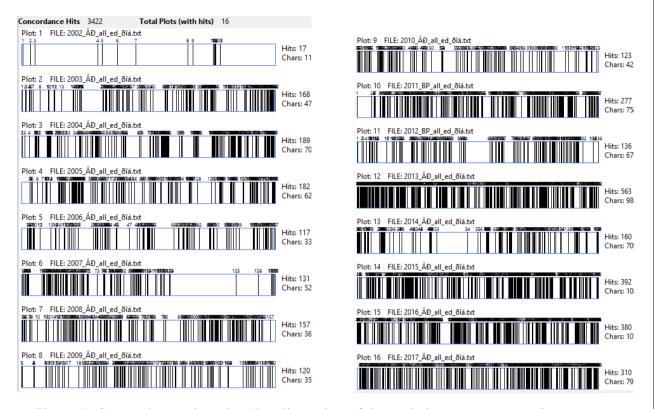


Figure 4. Concordance plots showing dispersion of the node lemmas *yevrointehratsiynyy*, *yevropeys'ka intehratsiya* and *yevrointehratsiya* across each annual sub-corpus.

However, visual results in the 'bar-code' format should be interpreted with great care [Anthony 2018]. First, a normalized length of the plots limits comparisons among the sub-corpora due to significant differences in their size (the size of each sub-corpus (in this case, the number of characters in the sub-corpus) as well as the number of hits (in this case, raw frequencies of the search words) is to the right of each bar-code plot). Second, bar-code plots can "exaggerate the frequency of items in very long texts and similarly under-represent the frequency of items in short texts" [Anthony 2018: 213]. Hence, tentative tendencies suggested by the bar-code plots need to be further explored by other corpus tools and confirmed by other calculations.

The immediate co-text of the nodes *yevrointehratsiynyy* "Eurointegration(al)", *yevropeys'ka intehratsiya* "European integration" and *yevrointehratsiya* "Eurointegration" was examined in both the 1L (one word to the left) and 1R (one word to the right) positions by the cluster tool. Some of the most frequent results are shown in Table 1, excluding the clusters with functional words. An additional search revealed that the lemmas *realizatsiya* "realization" and *pidtrymka* "support" are found immediately to the left of the node *yevrointehratsiyn** in 59 and 41 occurrences respectively, both in 12 sub-corpora, and the collocate lemma *prahnennya* "aspiration" occurs immediately to the right of the node *yevrointehratsiyn** 151 times in 14 sub-corpora. Also, the genitive plural form *pytan yevropeys koyi intehratsiyi* was the most frequent cluster token with 1837 hits (cf. 25 hits for the token in the nominative plural). In fact, this cluster token was part of the name of the VR committee *Komitet Verkhovnoi Rady Ukrainy z pytan' yevropeis'koi intehratsii* "the Committee of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine on issues of European integration", which was originally formed in 2003. The most frequent clusters with the node *yevropeys'ka intehratsiya* and a collocate immediately to the right in Table 1 also refer to this committee.

A collocation analysis of the nodes *yevrointehratsiynyy* "Eurointegration(al)", *yevropeys'ka intehratsiya* "European integration" and *yevrointehratsiya* "Eurointegration" focused on the co-text of five collocates to the right and five collocates to the left of the nodes. In particular, the search of the node *yevrointehratsiyn** "Eurointegration(al)", when applied to the whole VR corpus, resulted

in 141 collocate types and 2,755 collocate tokens within the 5L/5R window span with the minimum collocate frequency of 5. The first hundred collocate types ranked by statistics are shown in Appendix 1. The top-ranked lemmas include *prahnennya* "aspiration", *ustremlinnya* "striving", *chynnyk* "factor", *transkordonnyy* "cross-border", *protses* "process", *yevroatlantychnyy* "Euro-Atlantic", *paket* "package", *kurs* "course", *realizatsiya* "realization", *ukladennya* "conclusion (of the UA-EU agreement)", *spryamuvannya* "direction", *pidtrymka* "support (noun)" and *perspektyva* "prospect". The collocates *poslidovnyy* "staunch", *aktyvnyy* "active" and *vazhlyvyy* "important" and *priprytet* "priority", which might have to do with the discourse prosody of the node, as well as the possessive pronoun *nash* "our" are not far behind in the ranking.

However, not all of the relatively frequent and /or statistically prominent collocates of the node lemma *yevrointehratsiynyy* "Eurointegration(al)" are consistently used throughout the VR corpus. For instance, *yevroatlantychnyy* "Euro-Atlantic", *paket* "package", *ukladennya* "conclusion" are observed only in three, two and one sub-corpora respectively within the specified window span. On the other hand, collocates like *Ukrayina* "Ukraine" or *derzhava* "state" are consistently used throughout the VR corpus but are less exclusive in their association with the node lemma *yevrointehratsiynyy* "Eurointegration(al)" and therefore have noticeably lower MI+LL scores.

Table 1
Frequent clusters with the selected nodes in the 1L and 1R positions, in the descending order

Node	Position	Clusters
(lemmatized)		(lemmatized)
yevrointehratsiyn*	1L	realizatsiya yevrointehratsiyn* "realization of
		Eurointegration(al)"; pidtrymka yevrointehratsiyn* "support
	1R	of Eurointegration(al)"
		yevrointehratsiyne prahnennya "Eurointegration(al) aspiration";
		yevrointehratsiynyy protses "Eurointegration(al) process";
		evrointehratsiynyy kurs "Eurointegration(al) course";
		yevrointehratsiyne ustremlinnya "Eurointegration(al)
		striving"; yevrointehratsiynyy paket "Eurointegration(al)
		package (a set of laws)"; yevrointehratsiynyy zakon/
		zakonoproekt "Eurointegration(al) law/ draft law";
		yevrointehratsiyna perspektyva "Eurointegration(al) prospect";
		yevrointehratsiyna reforma "Eurointegration(al) reform";
11	17	yevrointehratsiyna polityka "Eurointegration(al) policy"
yevropeys'ka	1L	pytannya yevropeys'koyi intehratsiyi "issue of European
intehratsiya		integration"; sfera yevropeys'koyi intehratsiyi "sphere of
		European integration"; shlyakh yevropeys'koyi intehratsiyi
		"way of European integration"; <i>protses yevropeys'koyi</i> intehratsiyi "process of European integration"; napryamok
		yevropeys'koyi intehratsiyi "direction of European
	1R	integration"; polityka yevropeys'koyi intehratsiyi "policy of
	1IX	European integration"
		(unlemmatized): yevropeys'koyi intehratsiyi rekomenduye "(of)
		European integration recommends"; yevropeys'koyi
		intehratsiyi rozhlyanuv "(of) European integration
		considered"; yevropeys'koyi intehratsiyi Ukrayiny "(of)
		European integration of Ukraine"; yevropeys'koyi intehratsiyi
		vyznav "(of) European integration recognized"; yevropeys'koyi
		intehratsiyi pidtrymuye "(of) European integration supports"

yevrointehratsiya

1L

pytannya yevrointehratsiyi "issue of Eurointegration"; shlyakh yevrointehratsiyi "way of Eurointegration"; dosvid yevrointehratsiyi "experience of Eurointegration"; kontekst yevrointehratsiyi "context of Eurointegration"; sfera yevrointehratsiyi "shere of Eurointegration"; protses yevrointehratsiyi "process of Eurointegration"; perspektyva yevrointehratsiyi "prospect of Eurointegration"

1R

(unlemmatized): yevrointehratsiyi Ukrayiny "(of) Eurointegration of Ukraine"; yevrointehratsiyi komitetu "(of) Eurointegration (to/for) the Committee"; yevrointehratsiya ye "Eurointegration is"; yevrointehratsiya zalyshayet'sya "Eurointegration stays/remains"

As for the semantic preference of the node lemma *yevrointehratsiynyy*, on top of the expected parliamentary lexicon (*zakon* "law", *zakonoproekt* "draft law; bill", *paket* "package (set of laws)", *akt, postanova, uhoda, reforma, polityka, parlament, Verkhovna, Rada, holova*), the proper names of two Speakers (*Lytvyn, Rybak*), and the country names (*Ukrayina* "Ukraine", *Polshcha* "Poland") occurred on the list of statistically strong collocates (see Appendix 1).

The same basic algorithm was applied to derive collocates of the nodes yevropeys'ka intehratsiya "European integration" and yevrointehratsiya "Eurointegration", all possible wordforms of which were joined as equal alternatives in a single search entry for convenience. Within the 5L/5R window span, this search derived 651 collocate types and 25,689 collocate tokens with the minimum collocate frequency of 5. The results were also sorted by statistics, and 4.7 MI (LLfiltered) value was used as a cut-off point for the purposes of illustration (see Appendix 2) and comparability with the results in Appendix 1. The top-ranked collocate lemmas of potential interest for this research include yevroatlantychnyy "Euro-Atlantic", nezvorotnist "irreversibility", nezminnyy "invariable", nezminnist "invariability", zovnishnyopolitychnyy "related to foreign policy", shlyakh "way", kurs "course", priorytet "priority", dosvid "experience", napryamok "direction", zovnishniy "foreign; external", zdobutky "achievements", pryskorennya "acceleration", protses "process", krok "step", which are listed here in MI-value descending order. A closer concordance reading showed that some other top-ranked collocates either refer to the venue of the Committee for European Integration meetings (kuluary "lobby (vestibule)", kimn. "room", vul. "street", the street names Sadova and Hrushevskoho) or are, with a few exceptions, first and last names of chairpersons or deputy chairpersons of the parliamentary Committee for European Integration.

Based on the data above, a joined list of selected c-collocates of the node lemmas yevrointehratsiynyy, yevropeys'ka intehratsiya and yevrointehratsiya was produced within the 5L/5R window span with the minimum collocate frequency of 5 (Table 2).

Table 2
Selected c-collocates of the node lemmas yevrointehratsiynyy, yevropeys'ka intehratsiya and yevrointehratsiya with raw frequencies of the collocate lemmas and their range across the sub-corpora

	- 0		
C-collocate	Hits	Range	
	(total)	(sub-corpora)	
Ukrayina	1260	16	
protses "process"	162	16	
kurs "course"	135	15	
shlyakh "way"	146	15	
pidtrymka "support"	120	15	
prahnennya "aspiration"	169	14	
nash "our"	144	14	
dosvid "experience"	56	14	
perspektyva "prospect"	54	14	
realizatsia "realization/implementation"	87	13	
napryam "direction"	57	13	
priorytet "priority"	48	11	

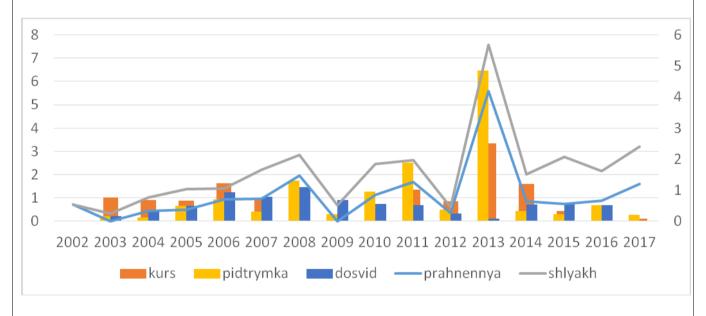


Figure 5. Normalized frequencies of some selected c-collocates of the node lemmas *yevrointehratsiynyy, yevropeys'ka intehratsiya* and *yevrointehratsiya* across the annual sub-corpora (per 10 000 tokens).

Given the limitations of this paper, five c-collocates out of Table 2 were further selected for a chronological analysis of their distribution across the annual sub-corpora based on their normalized frequencies. As seen from Figure 5, the selected c-collocates peak in 2008, 2011 and, most of all, in 2013. Also, the frequency patterns of *prahnennya* and *shlyakh* show more similarity than the patterns of the other selected c-collocates. The research results are further discussed in the next section.

4. Discussion

There is enough evidence in the data to claim that the narrative of European integration has been consistently, if irregularly, constructed in the Verkhovna Rada's discursive practices within

the observed period, especially in relation to the concepts of desire and journey. These findings loosely resonate with the observations by Yavorska and Bohomolov [2010: 80-84, 86-89, 116] of the Ukrainian political discourse of the 1990s and 2000s, with Europe delineated as a desired yet dubious object and a travel destination for Ukraine. However, habitual co-occurrences with the search nodes *yevrointehratsiynyy* "Eurointegration(al)", *yevropeys'ka intehratsiya* "European integration" and *yevrointehratsiya* "Eurointegration" in the VR corpus present a more nuanced picture.

The statistically strong association between *yevrointehratsiynyy* "Eurointegration(al)" and *prahnennya* "aspiration" in the VR corpus on the whole as well as its consistency as a collocate across the sub-corpora and its allowance for the close³ synonymous noun *ustremlinnya* "aspiring; striving" – another collocate strongly associated with *yevrointehratsiynyy* – in most of the same contexts (cf. (1) and (2)), all suggest that the concept of desire is a salient point of representation of European integration in the Ukrainian parliamentary discursive practices.

(1) за владу, на ділі, а не на словах підтверджувати наші євроінтеграційні прагнення. Успіх багато в чому залежить від співпраці | 2002 | Ш. Барретт запевнив українських колег у підтримці євроінтеграційних прагнень України. Він заявив, що «все зроблять, аби бул 2013 у Україні у здійсненні її права вибору на реалізацію євроінтеграційних прагнень. У той же час проблема, що виникла з Росією, | 2013 | имогою українського суспільства, прагненням нашої європейської інтеграції». «На превеликий жаль, багато українців заплатили | 2015

(2) саміті дозволить детально обговорити шляхи реалізації євроінтеграційних устремлінь України. Повідомлення 16 ЛИСТОПАД | 2006. літичних акцентів всередині Грузії. «Ми підтримуємо євроінтеграційні устремління українського народу і сподіваємось, що украї | 2013. лимпуш-Цинцадзе доповіла про стан виконання наших євроінтеграційних устремлінь, зокрема, про перші підсумки виконання У | 2016.

In the VR discursive practices, both nouns *prahnennya* "aspiration" and *ustremlinnya* "aspiring; striving" are featured rather as names for goal-oriented activities (in terms of [Trub 2007: 57]) and may be interpreted as an ambitious declaration of intention on behalf of both the personified state of Ukraine and its people (1, 2). However, the context of *prahnennya* "aspiration" and *ustremlinnya* "aspiring; striving" gradually shifts as the determination grows over time, from references to their legal grounding and justification (3) to their development (4) and realization (5), the latter being particularly salient in 2013-2017.

(3)
|парламент працюватиме над правовим забезпеченням євроінтеграційних устремлінь нашої держави, - сказав Голова Верховної | 2004_прав меншин. В цьому, і насамперед у цьому – мотивація наших євроінтеграційних устремлінь, як і виправдані сподівання на дос 2004_

(4) µньополітичного відомства висловив зацікавленість у розвитку євроінтеграційних прагнень України, зазначивши, що це «зближу [2006]

(5) дійшли згоди стосовно проекту заяви Верховної Ради України "Про реалізацію євроінтеграційних прагнень України та укладення 2013 яхів подолання нинішніх викликів і загроз, допомагатиме ефективній реалізації євроінтеграційних прагнень України, а також под 2017 ою якої є набуття членства в Європейському Союзі, реалізуючи євроінтеграційні прагнення народу України, що були підтверджє 2014 режиму з ЄС. Це буде конкретним втіленням у життя прагнень до євроінтеграції сотень тисяч українців, які вийшли на Майдан 2015.

Unlike *prahnennya* "aspiration" and *ustremlinnya* "aspiring; striving", the noun *bazhannya* "wish; desire" does not collocate with the selected nodes in the VR corpus within the given parameters. A separate search revealed that, in fact, there is only a handful of uses of *bazhannya* "wish; desire" with respect to the EU or Europe in the entire corpus, all of them exemplified in the concordance lines (6). Moreover, the behavior of *bazhannya* in the VR corpus noticeably differs from that of *prahnennya* and *ustremlinnya*: grammatically, it readily colligates with a verbal complement, and semantically, it expresses a wish but lacks intensity, a clear way of achieving it in

the foreseeable future and, possibly, a sense of reality. It is indicative that in 5 out of 11 instances bazhannya collocates with the words used figuratively in the following co-texts: spilnyy yevropeyskyy dim "common European house", yevropeyska simya/rodyna "European family", spilnyy yevropeyskyy humanitarnyy prostir "common European humanitarian space".

(б)
на є сьогодні, то слід звернутися саме до східного регіону...". Бажання інтегруватися до ЄС і НАТО стало частиною нашої сучасної національної ідеї. ження" підтримуватиме демократичні прагнення України, її бажання інтегруватися до європейської спільноти, стати членом Європейського Союзу. 2004_ р ступенем наполегливості, з якою Україна заявляє про своє бажання отримати статус "асоційованого члена ЄС", а конкретними досягненнями в ек | 2004_ мені Країни, що головує у Раді ЄС, висловив розуміння щодо бажання України набути членства в ЄС. Р.Шефферс зазначив, що зараз не слід говорити | 2007_ съких контактів між нашими народами повністю відповідає бажанню розбудовувати спільний європейський дім на засадах довіри та взаємоповаги | 2011_ ація објєднує усі фракції парламенту України та демонструє бажання українського народу стати членом європейської сімјї",- заявив член Комітету № 2013_ ула вимога запровадження європейських стандартів життя, бажання бути в європейській сімјї. «Це нормально», - сказав він. Разом з тим, В.Рибак зі | 2013_ веренним правом нашої країни, але це не подобається Росії Бажання стати невідіємною частиною європейської родини є суверенним правом нашої країни, але це не подобається Росії Бажання до објєднання у спільний європейський гуманітарний простір мали наслідком | 2015_ віїни Андрій Парубій. Основним лейтмотивом конференції є бажання змінювати Європейський Союз відповідно до вимог часу, посилення безпеки | 2016_ ною та ЄС, при явці 32%), створюють додаткові перешкоди бажанню України приєднатися до ЄС" - з доповіді "ДВІ ВІЙНИ УКРАЇНИ: ЗАХИСТ НЕЗА. | 2016_

Salience of the goal-oriented *prahnennya* and *ustremlinnya* with respect to European integration in the VR corpus is further amplified by the strength of the collocational relationship between the selected search nodes and the words denoting physical location and locomotion. Two collocates *kurs* "course" and *shlyakh* "way" stand out due to their statistical strength of association with the nodes and their consistency through the whole corpus, but the selected nodes also realize their semantic preference for locomotion via some other related words like *napryam(ok)* "direction; trend" or *krok* "step".

In the literature adopting a cognitive linguistic approach, these words are usually interpreted in terms of the generic-level "motion" image-schema and a set of the specific-level metaphors conceptualizing JOURNEY, which include: ACTION IS SELF-PROPELLED MOTION, PURPOSES ARE DESTINATIONS, MEANS ARE PATHS, LONG-TERM, PURPOSEFUL ACTIVITIES ARE JOURNEYS, etc., within the Event Structure metaphor system (see Kövecses [2010] for an overview; cf. [Yavorska and Bohomolov 2010: 80-84]). In the VR corpus, European integration is conceptualized both ways: as the simple motion schema – movement along the path, often without an initial location and with an explicitly or implicitly expressed destination, or as a journey metaphor, which gets filled in with various details including speed and means of motion, determination, and fellow travelers. Moreover, European integration itself is variably conceptualized either as a path (7) leading towards a goal (8) or as a goal in itself (9).

(7)

и також обговорили деякі аспекти просування України на шляху євроінтеграції. В.Клаус висловив розуміння і підтримку європейс 2005. ка Польща підтримувала, підтримує і буде підтримувати Україну на євроінтеграційному шляху розвитку». За словами польського 2015. успішного розвитку націй, держав, кожної людини. Обравши шлях європейської інтеграції, наша держава якнайшвидше повинн 2016.

(8)
взаємодії» між Європейським Союзом та Україною на шляху її європейської інтеграції, надання нашій державі «чіткої перспекти 2015.
Наш цивілізаційний шлях – незмінний! Наш шлях – це євроінтеграція! Наша мета - повернення у родину вільних європейських н 2017.

3. Парубій підкреслив, що обидві наші країни «пліч-о-пліч йдуть по шляху євроінтеграції – в ЄС і НАТО», і що наша співпраця має 2017

(9)

називають себе друзями України», і повністю підтримує її кроки на шляху до євроінтеграції, зокрема, у частині підписання угод пі 2010. лих країн». К.Вігенін запевнив, що його країна підтримує Україну на шляху до євроінтеграції, і запросив В.Рибака відвідати Респубі 2013. Іатвійська Сторона заявила, що всіляко підтримуватиме Україну на шляху до євроінтеграції. «Ми свідомі тих труднощів, з якими є 2014. The latter is particularly obvious in the phrase *kurs na yevropeys`ku intehratsiyu* "course toward European integration" (10), although compare (11), which is associated with the direction that a vehicle, especially a ship or plane, is travelling in or plans to travel in. Yavorska and Bohomolov [2010: 82] note that references to course or being on course emphasize an early or middle stage of the journey. In fact, the frequency of the collocational relation between *kurs* and the selected nodes has been steadily decreasing in the sub-corpora after 2013 (see Figure 5), which suggests that these days the process of European integration is seen as being further along. There is also a recurrent emphasis on the irreversibility (*nezvorotnist*) and invariability (*nezminnyy*, *nezminnist*) of this course.

(10)

ружби, прикладом дотримання правлюдини, тим більше, що курс України на євроінтеграцію є незмінним", - наголосивВ.Литвин, 2003 кену, цілеспрямовану та послідовну зовнішню політику, взявши курс на європейську інтеграцію. За його словами, зараз триває п 2003 рту України на міжнародній арені відповідно до проголошеного курсу держави на європейську інтеграцію. Відповідний проект з 2006 и законів, попідписували конституційною більшістю, визначили курс на євроінтеграцію. Голова Верховної Ради підтвердив про т 2008 в також зазначив, що Президент України і Партія регіонів взяли курс на євроінтеграцію. "Три з половиною роки ми готували док 2013 и проблемами, - сказав Голова Верховної Ради. - Україна обрала курс на євроінтеграцію, а система правоохоронних органів залиц

(11)

1. Рахімкулов вважає, що реалізація політики європейської інтеграції як пріоритетного курсу державної політики України вимагає 2007.
 Верховної Ради заявив, що зовнішньополітичний курс України «визначений у напрямку євроінтеграції, і це залишається незмінні 2010.
 його прийняття дозволить забезпечити реалізацію євроінтеграційного курсу України в умовах потенційних та реальних загроз тк 2014.

Despite challenges on the way, Ukraine's aspirations and self-propelling are widely supported both externally (12) and internally (13). Repetitive references in the VR corpus (see Figure 4), predominantly to external support coming both from individual countries (commonly the Member States and the US) and international organizations, including the European Parliament, may be interpreted as a counterpoint to the refrain "Europe doesn't want us" [Yavorska and Bohomolov 2010: 88], which was identified in the Ukrainian media discourse on European integration. Moreover, the states that have recently joined the EU or have made more progress on their way to the EU membership are depicted as sharing or willing to share with Ukraine their own *dosvid* "experience" of European integration, so that Ukraine could benefit from it (12).

(12)

у, Л.Заоралек висловив готовність обмінятись з Україною досвідом євроінтеграції Чеської Республіки. В.Литвин запросив Л.Заоралека є 2005 ргівлі. Б.Тадич висловив готовність поділитися з Україною досвідом євроінтеграції Сербії. Повідомлення 14 ЛИСТОПАДА 2011, 15:28 2011 Убліки Польща підтвердила прагнення Польщі поділитися досвідом євроінтеграції; щоб Україна могла забопітти помилкам, скористати 2015

(13)

ніхто із політиків сьогодні не відмовиться від підтримки євроінтеграції України, додавши, що в суспільстві ця ідея має підтримку | 2008. В.Швець наприкінці зустрічі позитивно відзначив курс молоді на підтримку євроінтеграційних прагнень України, наголосив на вє 2011 склався стійкий політичний консенсус та масова підтримка переважною більшістю населення європейської інтеграції України. Г 2013. Декілька тисяч українців, затриманих після початку масових протестів на підтримку євроінтеграції. "Звільнення політвіязнів пови 2014.

The dynamics of the selected c-collocates in Figure 4 can be, quite speculatively, related to the discursive construction of European integration as a goal-oriented activity with respect to its various phases, which might be more clearly seen in the 2013-2017 sub-corpora. After the peak in 2013 and the decline in 2014, possibly related to the Russian aggression against Ukraine, the associations between European integration and *prahnennya* and *shlyakh* are on the rise again, whereas *kurs*, which was declared and confirmed earlier, as well as *pidtrymka* and *dosvid* from other countries, much needed in the earlier stages, are not in the foreground any longer.

Probably, the most indicative consistent feature of the discursive construction of European integration is its overall positive discourse prosody in the VR corpus. Actually, in the theoretical literature on corpus linguistics, discourse prosody is discussed in terms of habitual positive or negative connotations of the collocates that regularly occur with a search node [Xiao & McEnery 2006: 106; McEnery & Hardie 2012: 136]. However, in the spirit of a methodological synergy between corpus linguistics and the discourse-historical approach, discourse prosodies may be expressed in terms of topics and topoi [Baker *et al.* 2008: 297; Gabrielatos & Baker 2008: 11]. This methodological move looks promising for a more focused analysis of patterns of argumentation dominating the discursive construction of European integration in the VR corpus, which is subject to future research.

Another promising avenue is the interpretation of the discursive construction of European integration in relation to inclusion and exclusion strategies, on the one hand, and part/whole relations, on the other. Yavorska and Bohomolov [2010: 116] point out "the ambiguity of the word *integration*, which can be used to indicate 1) entering a certain, already united whole, and 2) connecting parts within the whole", which explains why the notions behind the term *yevropeys'ka intehratsiya* "European integration" differ significantly in the local political discourse and within the EU. In fact, along with collocationally strong associations between European integration and foreign relations (*zovnishnyopolitychnyy, zovnishniy*), the former is also constructed in relation to home policy (14), also see (13), which suggests that the notion of European integration in the VR corpus has extended to Europeanization – "the processes by which European integration affects domestic change and the outcome of this change" [Börzel & Risse 2000: 3].

(14)

иву. Курс на європейську інтеграцію - це невідіємний елемент внутрішніх реформ, які спрямовані на зростання нашої економіки 2002. зай важливо продовжувати євроінтеграційний напрям у зовнішній і внутрішній політиці України. "Третя сесія, - сказав В.ЛИТВИН, 2003 європейська інтеграція є незмінним ключовим пріоритетом внутрішнього розвитку України. «2013 рік є вирішальним для віднос 2013. досвід європейських структур, тому що євроінтеграція стала частиною внутрішньої політики України, адже на практиці ми часто 2016.

Last but not least, future research shall reveal in detail the incongruities between the patterns of "eurointegr*" and "integr*", on the one hand, and "euro*" and "EU", on the other, in the VR corpus (Figure 2).

5. Conclusions

The article presented the initial stage of the ongoing research. Its main finding is that the narrative of European integration has been consistently, if irregularly, constructed in the Verkhovna Rada's discursive practices within the observed period despite drastic changes in the political and social landscape of Ukraine in recent years. In fact, preparation for the Association Agreement between Ukraine and the EU in 2013 had the most salient impact on the frequency of explicit mentions of European integration on the Verkhovna Rada's website. Overall, European integration is discursively constructed as a goal-oriented activity – a long-lasting process, which is a conscious choice and an aspiration of Ukraine as a personified whole, its people and its political elites, and which is supported by the EU Member States and other states engaged in the same goal-oriented activity. It is a challenge requiring 'movement toward' and 'change within' but there is no other alternative. It is also Ukraine's right grounded in the country's history and recently paid for by the blood of its citizens.

At the same time, a close analysis of the explicit mentions' immediate co-texts across the sub-corpora identified recurrent lexical patterns and uncovered their semantic fluctuations within the observed period. A detailed examination of their salience and consistency was enabled by the employment of the large-scale data, which came from the machine-readable corpus of written texts grouped into annual sub-corpora for the purposes of this research. The use of corpus software tools allowed for such patterns to be extracted based on a clearly defined and automatically applied set of

criteria. However, the interpretation of the lexical patterns obtained via the corpus-based processes required the explanatory power of other research approaches suitable for quality discourse analysis. The emerging transdisciplinary field of corpus-based studies – *corpus discoursology*, empowered by the theoretical and methodological synergy of modern diachronic corpus-assisted discourse studies in terms of A. Partington and A. Marchi, the discourse-historic approach by R. Wodak and elements of conceptual metaphor theory, particularly in terms of Z. Kövecses, is arguably best equipped for comparisons of discourse data through time.

When applied to exploring narratives of European integration consistently produced by state institutes, this kind of research provides empirical evidence of how plural subjects communicate to the public fundamental issues related to the nation's present and future. It also reveals the dynamics of adjusting and bringing into accord their discursive constructs with continuous political and social developments both at the national and transnational European levels. On a broader scale, the approach presented in the article might meaningfully contribute to multidisciplinary studies aiming to make sense of an increasingly complex socio-cultural and political reality.

NOTES

- 1. Retrieved November 30, 2018, from https://www.president.gov.ua/ua/documents/constitution/konstituciya-ukrayini-rozdil-iv
- 2. Retrieved November 30, 2018, from http://www.europarl.europa.eu/portal/en/legal-notice
- 3. As opposed to near synonyms, i.e. "lexical pairs that have very similar cognitive or denotational meanings, but which may differ in collocational or prosodic behaviour" [Xiao & McEnery 2006: 108].

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APPENDIX

Appendix A^{1,2}. Non-lemmatized collocates of the lemma *yevrointehratsiynyy*: collocation spin: 5L/5R; min. frequency: 5; cut-off point: 4.7 MI (LL-filtered) value

SL/5K; min. frequency: 5; cut-off point: 4.7 Mf (LL-intered) value																																		
Collocate	Ж	рибак	україни	роботу	итодп	наголосив	сторони	українського	розгляд	Дій	заявив	aktiB	зокрема	ЛИТВИН	Ь	були	прес	країни	постанови	зустрічі	також	підкреслив	came	питання	парламенту	зазначив	прийняття	верховної	цьому	, ,	рада	голова	буде	щодо
Stat	5.94756	5.89797	5.80494	5.78591	5.77466	5.77285	5.73356	5.72936	5.69925	5.58540	5.52795	5.48780	5.43390	5.40848	5.38350	5.29543	5.28421	5.27902	5.25333	5.19512	5.15799	5.01311	5.00166	4.95306	4.91319	4.89366	4.84315	4.83317	4.80843	4.80509	4.80474	4.79872	4.79339	4.74605
Freq(R)	_	9	205	0	9	10	4	7	2	0	2	-	14	6	m	2	2	7	0	· m	8	c	c	2	2	6	0	14	7	13	2	20	m	4
Freq(L)	33	m	46	7	0	00	9	2	2	7	m	7	00	—	m	<u></u>	0	—	9	2	20	2	2	12	13	9	7	24	2	1	4	2	2	36
Freq	9	6	251	7	9	<u>~</u>	10	6	2	7	2	00	22	10	9	9	2	00	9	00	38	2	2	17	15	15	7	38	6	24	9	22	00	40
Rank	/9	89	69	20	71	72	73	74	75	9/	11	78			8	82	83	84	85	98	87	88	89	06	91	95	93	94	95	96	16	86	66	100
Collocate	народу	досвіду	нашій	питаннях	повјязаних	заяву	ухвалення	VXBUIII	Savous	закопи	AOCRIA	делжави	законопроекти	віланацив		ПОЛВЩ	реформ	контексті	ВИСЛОВИВ	червня	парламент	сподівання	обговорили	підтримки	наших	завдань	державі	<u>:=</u>	законопроектів	зовнішньої	угоди	законів	Важливим	боку
Stat	7.47645	7.45067	7.38144	7.30015	7.06446	7.06446	7.06069	7.05457	68686	6.80474	6.76964	6.75843	6.70853	6 70336	6,66272	21200.0	0.64282	6.64282	6.63114	6.63003	6.60961	6.60383	6.58789	6.56352	6.53497	6.48392	639969	6.38474	6.32644	6.22532	6.16758	6.12813	6.09794	6.05539
Freq(R)	13	2	_	2	0	0	0	9	> 4	r «) 15	25	· cc	. ~	2 0	2 (ח	4	œ	10	4	9	m	0	0	2	0	e	7	2	25	17	_	2
Freq(L)	0	3	2	5	9	9	7	. 9	, (, (, (٠ ٣	0	. ~) (٠ ،	9	_∞	œ	0	9	-	9	12	6	4	2	27	00	3	-	0	4	3
Fred	13	2	9	7	9	9	7	1	ي رو	1	7	37	12	ي رو) (c	o .	5	12	16	10	10	7	6	12	6	9	2	30	15	2	56	17	2	œ
Rank	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	CA			45	46	47	0	9 9	49	20	51	52	23	54	22	26	27	28	65 0	09	19	62	63	49	9	99
Collocate	прагнень	устремлінь	чинник	прагненнях	устремління	VTDMMaJOCE	транскордонне	прагненням	apollogi	процеств	Пакету	прагнення	KVDCV	neanisanin	Document of the second	IIOOII AOBHY	укладення	спрямування	курс	підтримці	активну	підтримку	перспектив	координації	тему	бачення	співробітництво	нашої	заяви	процеси	реалізації	підтримує	важливою	пріоритетів
Stat	11.86203	11.80711	11.69749	11.56961	11.24768	11.02529	10.85774			1011018	9 94102	9.75830	9,64943	964565	0.56210	21000.0	9.38375		8.89013	8.66272	8.63297	8.60492	8.30517	8.19706	8.16315	8.14335	8.04767	7.88039	7.74784	7.72412	7.70934	7.65727	7.56961	7.49280
Freq(R)	123	14	0	5	9	9	· -	7		3 5	, 4	7	34		, ,	5 2	3	7	=	0	0	0	00	0	0	0	-	33	0	2	—	0	-	2
Freq(L)	_	0	28	0	0	0	58	l c	· -	- 0	· ~	, -		280	3 1	- 0	0	0	_	2	00	23	0	7	53	2	28	m	∞	0	37	=	4	co
Freq	124	14	28	2	9	9	53	1		8 5	0 0	92	36	3 %	3 -		3	7	12	2	00	23	00	7	53	2	53	36	00	2	38	=	2	2
Rank	_	2	m	4	2	9	7	. 00		10	: [12	1,5	14	, ŕ	2 ,	9	11	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	52	56	27	28	59	30	31	32	33

Appendix B^3 . Non-lemmatized collocates of the lemmas yevopeys'ka intehratsiya and yevrointehratsiya: collocation spin: 5L/5R; min. frequency: 5; cut-off point: 4.7 MI (LL-filtered) value

			M				КИЙ	цію				цують		. Ā			М	оектів		ійне			·=		8%		F		9	9		
Collocate	столі		інститутом	×	іванна	комітеті	зарубінський	конференцію	заліщук	Таким	шевчук	рекомендують	комітетом	комітетські	бориса	грудня			зустрілися				стратегічні	напрямку	Вимір	VFOAV	просування	комітету	заступника	складовою		_
Stat	6.28767	6.27173	6.24814	6.14210	6.13567	6.13567	6.12668	6.10005	6.08953	6.07799	6.06528	6.06528	6.05970	6.03553	5.98728	5.98186	5.96374	5.94105	5.92778	5.89154	5.88113	5.87887	5.84289	5.84289	5.84289	5.83821	5.81374	5.80691	5.77223	5.75947	22000	5.73033
Freq(R)		c	7	4	7	4	7	2	10	9/	00	5	4	9	9	Ξ	30	133	5	12	00	4	0	-	0	42	2	157	20	8	ć	30
Freq(L)	2	2	0	_	0	45	-	2	0	0	0	0	39	2	0	59	2	9	0	100	63	25	2	21	6	2	12	618	17	6	u	2
Freq	7	2	7	45	7	49	00	7	10	9/	00	2	43	00	9	70	32	139	2	112	71	53	2	22	6	4	14	775	37	12	-	+
Rank	29	89	69	20	71	72	73	74	75	9/	77	78	79	8	8	82	83	84	85	98		88	89	06	91	95	93	98	95	96	07	2
Collocate	чергове	курс	рекомендує	незмінність	іонова	борис	обрала	вечерко	питань	такими	остап	низку	повідомлення	прокопович	пріоритетом	грушевського	поділитися	комітет	григорій	семерак	продовольства	шляху	тарасюк	немиря	курсу	висновку	різне	провів	обговорив	круглому	тарасюка	
Stat	1	7.19958	7.17482	7.16482	7.14774	7.08994	7.06528	7.00255	6.95568	6.80522	6.79226	6.77794	6.76212	6.76043	6.74692	6.74335	6.72424	6.70882	6.62344	6.60585	6.60585	6.55867	6.50976	6.50795	6.43665	6.42785	6.41320	6.40707	6.38721	6.37014	6.36074	
Freq(R)		2	154	0	45	28	0	15	96	42	00	121	40	16	52	16	-	53	40	00	0	2	63	40	_	m	7	61	2	2	00	
Freq(L)	21	43	-	5	0	-	9	0	1965	0	0	0	419	_	2	0	6	681	0	0	8	86	3	-	46	45	0	3	0	2	_	
Fea	22	45	155	2	45	59	9	15	2061	54	00	121	459	17	27	16	10	710	40	œ	_∞	103	99	41	47	45	7	64	2	7	6	
Rank	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	20	51	52	53	54	55	99	22	28	29	09	61	62	63	64	
Collocate	кімн	кулуари	коліндою	немирі	підкомітети	грабар	інтеграції	KiM	садова	іоновою	марією	євроатлантичного	незворотність	Вул	незмінним	марії	зеркаль	брифінг	інтеграцією	визнав	зовнішньополітичним	ратифікувати	інтеграція	марія	іонової	ш	експертного	інтеграцію	розглянув	урядового	рекомендував	
Stat	8.74978	8.65024	8.65024	8.40232	8.38721	8.38721	8.26194	8.23521	8.15357	7.96219	7.94980	7.87264	7.87264	7.73271	7.65024	7.65024	7.65024	7.65024	7.56278	7.53982	7.51274	7.50915	7.44775	7.39390	7.37722	7.37014	7.34958	7.34246	7.33414	7.30629	7.30232	
Freq(R)	14	7	2	32	m	2	2339	15	73	9	16	2	0	8	6	E	00	2	00	132	2	73	73	36	12	14	_	8	149	_	44	
Freq(L)	_	0	0	0	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	30	7	0	2	0	0	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	2	0	12	0	
Freq	15	7	2	32	2	2	2383	15	73	9	16	35	7	90	Ξ	Ξ	00	13	00	132	2	73	73	36	12	14	41	82	149	13	4	
Rank	-	2	23	4	2	9	7	∞	6	10	1	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	56	27	28	53	30	31	

Appendix B⁴. (Continued)

	Appendix B. (Continued)														ліл		• (•	JUI	LUII	luc	uj												
Collocate	правовим	листопада	зінченко	ірина	климпуш	більшістю	цинцадзе	молдови	перспективи	викликів	ВЗЯВ	революції	служба	оксана	групою	інформування	геращенко	стратегічних	активну	питанням	заступник	ИПНЯ	міністерства	нашої	комітети	співголова	валерій	участю	голови	поінформувала	крок	захід	pyxy
Stat	5.02966	5.02143	5.01798	5.01516	5.00639	5.00639	4.98728	4.93404	4.92977	4.92778	4.92778	4.91844	4.90301	4.88471	4.88471	4.87765	4.86650	4.86017	4.84289	4.83148	4.81922	4.80894	4.78675	4.78545	4.78517	4.77110	4.77110	4.76095	4.74402	4.72214	4.72214	4.70773	4.68941
Freq(R)	_	4	4	33	9	0	9	2	6	3	10	9	9	2	3	0	43	_	2	4	28	8	oo	28	4	7	7	8	32	6	0	2	_
Freq(L)	6	20	-	0	0	9	0	2	24	2	0	-	36	0	2	9	—	2	2	2	19	21	19	23	3	0	0	3	113	0	6	3	9
Freq	10	54	2	33	9	9	9	7	33	2	10	7	42	2	2	9	4	9	7	6	95	24	27	51	7	7	7	=	145	6	6	00	7
Rank	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198
Collocate	справах	стратегічного	директора	тему	зустріч	народної	міністерством	комітетами	делегацією	уповноважений	нервня	направити	xouemo	міністра	квітня	травня	прийняти	КЛЮЧОВИМ	управління	молдова	ряд	засідання	головним	шлях	прискорення	процесу	економіки	контексті	трудової	протокол	процесі	стратегія	обговорили
Stat	5.30541	5.30232	5.27173	5.26232	5.26038	5.25793	5.25793	5.25793	5.24652	5.24085	5.23423	5.22398	5.21728	5.19081	5.17174	5.15467	5.14079	5.10592	5.09770	5.09565	5.09419	5.09334	5.08140	5.07281	5.06528	5.05913	5.05550	5.04538	5.04143	5.03881	5.03553	5.03133	5.02997
Freq(R)	32	_	_	33	51	m	2	2	=	9	9	00	e	23	6	4	19	2	=	=	50	110	12	m	0	9	_	=	0	6	4	9	=
Freq(L)	43	10	4	14	2	m	4	4	_	2	40	0	2	40	32	39	0	—	109	_	_	115	m	13	7	33	48	37	2	0	16	_	26
Freq	75	Ξ	2	47	26	9	9	9	12	00	46	00	2	63	41	43	19	9	120	12	21	225	15	16	7	39	49	48	2	6	20	7	37
Rank	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165
Collocate	стратегічний	BCbOro	януковича	зовнішньої	спільне	провели	лютого	вересня	урядовий	здобутки	відхилити	запропоновані	семінар	залишається	директор	хорватія	надзвичайним	торкаючись	круглий	член	стратегічним	адаптація	стіл	питаннями	m	спільно	запорукою	відповіді	парламенту	березня	закордонних	головуванням	слухання
Stat	5.71164	5.68501	5.67826	5.66350	5.65024	5.63827	5.63508	5.62657	5.60585	5.57985	5.57496	5.56932	5.54591	5.51779	5.51779	5.51274	5.49374	5.48032	5.47092	5.46042	5.45385	5.44861	5.43393	5.41320	5.39721	5.38972	5.38721	5.37722	5.36886	5.35643	5.34777	5.32832	5.32442
Freq(R)	-	19	00	14	9	15	6	6	2	0	7	13	2	22	9	6	12	2	13	10	4	2	12	2	271	17	_	9	226	6	48	œ	22
Freq(L)	5	2	2	27	9	0	62	59	3	5	0	0	0	4	7	_	0	9	4	9	2	0	2	5	2028	7	4	0	23	48	64	2	15
Freq	9	21	13	41	12	15	71	89	00	2	7	13	2	56	13	10	12	oo	17	16	9	5	17	7	2299	24	2	9	249	57	112	10	37
Rank	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132

NOTES

- 1. All the data were treated as lowcase.
- 2. Apostrophe was automatically replaced with j in the whole VR corpus for technical reasons.
- 3. All the data were treated as lowcase.
- 4. In the current version of AntConc, if more than one word is specified as the search term, the second and any other words of the node will appear among collocates. That is why the word-forms of *intehratsiya* are on the collocation list.