

ABSTRACTS

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MANAGEMENT OF RISKS OF LIFE SAFETY IN MODERN CONDITIONS

Due to the intensive social development of mankind, accompanied by the introduction of new technologies of production, exploitation of natural resources, the growth of information flows and rates of life, new threats to the population arising from natural, man-made and social factors arise and actualize. The overcoming of these threats is a matter of life safety experts.

Organization of life support of the population in emergency situations in accordance with the Code of Civil Protection of Ukraine "citizens of Ukraine have the right to protect their lives and health from the consequences of accidents, catastrophes, major fires, natural disasters and demand from the Government of Ukraine, other bodies of state executive power, administrations of enterprises, institutions and organizations irrespective of the forms of ownership and management of guarantees regarding its implementation. The state as a guarantor of this right creates a system of civil protection, aims to protect the population from the dangerous consequences of accidents and catastrophes of technological, environmental, natural and military character. "The main function of the bodies of state executive power, administrations of enterprises, institutions and organizations, regardless of the forms of ownership and management, in the event of the emergency, is the protection of the population and the organization of its life support.

The right to safe livelihoods in Ukraine, in addition to the Constitution of Ukraine, is guaranteed by a system of nationwide organizational engineering, sanitary and hygienic, anti-epidemic and other measures aimed at preventing emergencies. At the same time, for the territory of the countries of the former USSR, the risk (death from unnatural causes) is close to $10 * 2 *$ per year, which is 3-5 orders of magnitude higher than the normative level established in the EU. Significant increase in the number and magnitude of natural disasters and man-made disasters in recent decades is connected both with the growth of the population and the development of an increasingly large territory of the planet, and with the unceasing use of ever more powerful (and not always properly controlled) technologies of adapting the world to ever-growing human needs, has led to a significant increase in the attention of governments of national states and international institutions to the problem of reducing the natural and man-made risk.

In order to ensure sustainable development of the society, the system of education in civil security should cover not only the training of highly specialized specialists in fire safety, civil protection, law enforcement, but also all sectors of the population. The mission of education in civil security should be the formation of a person's social responsibility for the viability of himself and his colleagues on the

basis of the formed security thinking.

Key words: management, emergency, civil , safety, risk.

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WAYS OF PERFECTION FUNCTIONING FORCES CIVIL DEFENCE: MANAGEMENT OF MATERIALS BY BACKLOGS

An important element of managerial activity is the preparation and adoption of sound management decisions. In the scientific article, based on the analysis of the tasks defined in the Code of Civil Protection, as well as the actions of the authorities and civil defense forces in emergency situations, a mathematical apparatus is proposed for determining the necessary (sufficient) material reserves to increase the effectiveness of the actions of civil defense forces units in the emergency response.

In the article a mathematical device for calculating material reserves (MR) is required to ensure the operation of equipment and weapons in the performance of emergency rescue and other types of work.

Some indicators of the reliability of weapons are used to assess the impact of material reserves on the effectiveness of the operation of the Civil Defense Force units during the liquidation of the National Assembly and its consequences.

Key words: civil defense forces, material reserves, indicators of readiness, weapons objects, probability.

Lebiedieva N.

SOME DIRECTIONS OF THE STATE POLICY REALIZATION IN PROFESSIONAL AND AMATOR ARTS

In the difficult socio-economic and political development situation, that our country is during last years, art is paid less attention in the context of public administration. Consequently, the urgency of the problem of implementing state policy in this field does not lose its weight. The main aim of the article is to describe the implementation of state management to professional and amateur art on the basis of modern Ukrainian scientific sources and legislation. Having studied the main laws of state policy regulation, which are set out on official law-making sites, it has been concluded that the implementation of the state policy of professional and amateur arts is carried out by the Constitution of Ukraine, the Law of Ukraine on Culture, which regulates activity in the artistic sphere. State promotes the establishment of humanistic ideas, high moral principles in public life and provides freedom of creativity, protection of copyright and intellectual property rights guarantees citizens' rights in the field of culture.

Key words: professional and amateur art, mechanisms, state administration, realization.

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EXPERIENCE OF DECENTRALIZATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF LOCAL GOVERNANCE IN THE EU COUNTRIES

The article reveals the peculiarities of the processes of forming the basic units of the administrative-territorial system in the EU member states: Italy, France, and Slovakia. The processes of finding the optimal form of provision of functions of local self-government are investigated. The regularities of strengthening of subnational levels of management according to different schemes are determined. The key aspects of the practical experience of unifying and strengthening the local level of governance in Central European countries and separately in the post-socialist countries are revealed. The prospects of realization of a wide range of powers by local self-government bodies through mechanisms of intermunicipal cooperation are determined. The peculiarities of administrative-territorial transformations in the EU member states: Italy, France, and Slovakia have been investigated, which have led to strengthening of various subnational levels - local and regional. Regional development is considered as an object of regional, national and supranational governance.

Key words: decentralization, local governments of EU member states, local self-government, consolidation of administrative-territorial units, inter-municipal cooperation.

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DIRECTIONS FOR IMPROVEMENT OF THE INFORMATIONAL AND ANALYTICAL MECHANISM OF STATE ADMINISTRATION IN EMERGENCY SITUATIONS

The directions of improvement of the information-analytical mechanism of public administration in emergency situations are substantiated.

It has been determined that in order to increase the capacity of a single state civil defense system to counter threats to national security in the field of civil defense, emergency response tasks should be carried out in conjunction with other components of the security and defense sector.

Measures aimed at improving the information and analytical mechanism of state administration in emergency situations are proposed: to conduct joint inter-departmental trainings with the involvement of diverse ministries of government, which are tasked with preventing and eliminating the consequences of emergencies,

using simulation systems to prepare management bodies for action under difficult conditions. emergency situations, to introduce into the management system of the latest information technologies, to develop the specialist This is a mathematical software for solving informational and settlement problems.

Key words: mechanisms of state administration, administrative bodies, emergency situation, information provision, special mathematical and software, informational and settlement tasks, simulation modeling.

Romanenko Y., Doctor of Public Administration, Full Professor

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE STRATEGY FOR REFORMING THE STATE MANAGEMENT FOR 2016-2020

2017 was the second year of the implementation of the integrated medium-term Strategy for Reforming the Public Administration of Ukraine for 2016-2020, developed in accordance with the common European principles and criteria for good governance. Reform of public administration is a priority for the government, because the quality of state institutions affects the economic growth and living standards of the population. The paper analyzes the report of the Cabinet of Ministers on the state of implementation of the Strategy for Reforming the Public Administration of Ukraine for 2016-2020 and analyzes the implementation of the Strategy by sections as of March 31, 2018 prepared by the RPA group experts "Public Administration Reform".

Key words: public administration, reform strategy, European standards of good administration, implementation of the Strategy by sections.

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REGARDING IMPROVEMENTS TO THE SYSTEM OF TRAINING FOR THE SENIOR STAFF OF THE CIVIL PROTECTION SERVICE AND THE POPULATION IN EMERGENCY SITUATION

The problems concerning the state of training for the senior staff of the Civil Protection Service and the population in technogenic and natural emergency situations are highlighted. The brief information on implementation of the inter-branch component of the training system and target destination in the civil protection sphere is given.

Key words: senior staff, civil protection, emergency situation, training for the population, further training.

Yurchenko V., Candidate of Technical Sciences (PhD), Associate Professor

TRAINING OF PUBLIC OFFICIALS – TO THE REQUIREMENT OF THE PRESENTATION

In the scientific article the problems of organization of training and advanced training of civil servants in the field of civil protection are researched. On the basis of the analysis of existing professional programs, it has been established that the content of the component programs does not fully meet the requirements of the normative documents on the training of civil servants in the field of civil protection.

The insufficient content of the training modules of the functional and branch components of the professional qualification program for the category under consideration is found to be insufficient.

The content of the qualification requirements for managers and employees of civil service departments of central, local executive authorities, local governments, on the basis of which the content of the main training modules for the professional qualification program of the aforementioned category of students is developed.

The content of the main training modules for the professional development program of the above-mentioned category of students is developed.

The proposed procedure for the implementation of the proposals on the content of training of managers and staff of the civil service departments of central, local government and local self-government bodies is proposed.

Key words: training, qualification improvement, specialist, civil defense, civil servant, professional program.