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. . . 1, . . . 2

1 . . . ,
2 «

»,

.
:
,

() (\hat{R} , $\hat{}$,
 $R^{(1)}$. [1, . 14], $\hat{R}^{(1)}$, ($\hat{}^{(1)}$,
 $R^{(2)}$. . 26, 27] $\hat{}^{(1)}$. [3, C. 202,

, $R^{(1)}$ H, L $\hat{}$
 $R^{(2)} \gg /2T$, - $\hat{}$ (,
[2]. $T -$ 0,17°)
 $H = k_H \hat{}$, $L = k_L \hat{}$, (2)

$k_H, k_L -$.
 $R^{(1)}$, $R^{(2)}$.

(«Skylab», « »), [4].
« - » .).

() ()
() .

[3] $S = 4$ H, L , (1) [4, C. 199] $\hat{}^{(1)}$

$H, L -$ () $\hat{}^{(1)}$

. $R^{(2)}$.

[4]. n

[5]. (). 3 ... 6

$n \rightarrow \infty$ 2 . 7

n

$R^{(2)}$

8

1.

$R^{(1)}$,

$R^{(2)}$

$R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$

[6].

[7]

$R, R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$

R

[12-14],

$R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$

$R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$.

$R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$

R . [8]

$R^{(1)}$

B

($B > 1,25 \dots 1,3$)

$R^{(2)}$,

().

$R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$

: RIAS (, 1994 .),

(, 2002 .), GRAVES

(, 2005 .), - (, 2006 .),

AN/TPY-2 (C , 2006-09 .) [15],

$R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$

- (, 2009 .),

$R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$

- (,)

[16].

[10].

2.

$R^{(2)}$.

$R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$

[11].

$R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$

().

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1

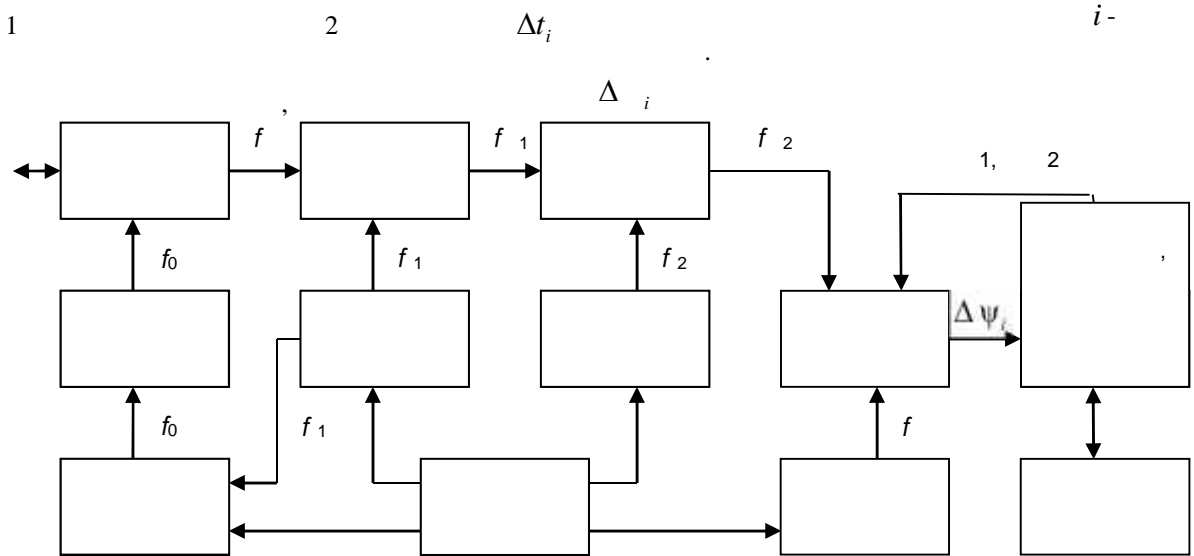
2

$R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$

$i (i = \overline{1, N})$, $N -$

$$\Delta \mathcal{E}_i = \left(\frac{f_1}{f_2} - \frac{f_2}{f_1} \right) \cdot \Delta t_i = \left(\frac{f_1^2 - f_2^2}{f_1 f_2} \right) \cdot \Delta t_i \quad (3)$$

[17].



. 1.

$$R^{(1)}, R^{(2)},$$

3.

$$R^{(1)}, R^{(2)},$$

$$\frac{N}{R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}} \quad [11]$$

$$\dot{R}^{(1)}, \dot{R}^{(2)}$$

$$\frac{2}{1} = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 \frac{12L}{N(N-1)^2 q_0^2 T^2},$$

N

$$\Delta \Psi = \{ \Delta_i \}_1^N \cdot \Delta \Psi$$

$$\frac{2}{2} = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 \frac{180L}{N(N-1)^4 q_0^2 T^4}, \quad (4)$$

$$(R_m^{(1)}, R_n^{(2)}), \quad m, n - R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$$

$$R^{(1)}, T_C - q_0^2 - /$$

$$L - (L =$$

$$3,75 \quad 1,25$$

).

4.

f

[13, C.168].

$$T = (N-1)T$$

$$\left(\frac{\Delta_1}{\Delta_2}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{2}{2}\right)^2 \frac{12}{(N-1)^2 T^2} \Delta_2^2$$

$$\Delta_1^2 = (q_1^2)^{-1}, \quad q_1^2 = \left(\frac{2}{2}\right)^2 \frac{180}{(N-1)^4 T^4} \Delta_2^2 \quad (6)$$

[18, .283, (5.4.36)].

$$q_1^2 \approx -60 \quad [18], \dots$$

$10^{-6}-10^{-7}$ [20].

$$\Delta_1^2 \cong 10^{-6} \Delta_2^2$$

[17]

$$\Delta_1^2 = \Delta_2^2 =$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^3 (\Delta_j/3)^2 + \Delta^2/12, \quad (5)$$

$$\{\Delta_j, j=1\dots3\}$$

$$f_2 = 5 \cdot 10^{-8} \quad [19, .132].$$

$$f_2 = 16$$

$$\Delta f_2 = f_2 \cdot f_2 = \pm 0,8$$

$$T_H \Delta f_2$$

$$n=9 \dots = 360^\circ / (2^n - 1) \approx 0,7^\circ$$

$$T > 2T \quad [20].$$

$$\pm 3, \pm 4 \quad \dots$$

$$[17]. \quad (5)$$

$$\Delta_1 = 5,00847 [\dots] = 7,5722 \times 10^{-4} [\dots]$$

$$\Delta(t) = \Phi_M \cos(2t/T + \langle \dots \rangle), \quad (7)$$

$\langle \dots \rangle$

$$T \approx 5 \quad [16].$$

$$\Delta_1 \cong 2 \Delta_2 = 1,51543 \times 10^{-3} [\dots]$$

$$\Delta_2,$$

$$(\dots)$$

T_H

$$I_{Ci} \quad I_{Si} \quad i-$$

$$\Phi_i = \arctg(I_{Si}/I_{Ci}).$$

.152]

$$\Delta_2 = \Delta f_2 \Delta t_i \left(\dots / T \right)^2. \quad (8)$$

$$\Delta_2$$

$$\Delta R^{(1)} = (\dots / 2) \Delta_2 / \dots$$

$$\Delta R^{(2)} = (2 / \dots) \Delta_2 / \dots \quad (9)$$

$$\Delta_j^2 \quad \Delta_j^2 \quad (j=1 \dots)$$

$$; j = 2 \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{AM0} \\
 & \text{AM0} = 2 (t_0 + \Delta t_0 / 2) / T + \langle m \rangle, \\
 & \Delta t_0 \quad \Delta t_i \quad i = 0. \\
 & \Delta R^{(1)} = (/ 2) \Delta \quad \sin \quad / , \\
 & \Delta R^{(2)} = (2 /) \quad \sin \quad / ^2. \quad (10) \\
 & R^{(1)} \quad R^{(2)} \quad \text{AM0} .
 \end{aligned}$$

$$[0, 2], \quad m_{1M} \quad m_{2M} \quad (10)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 m_{1M} &= M \left\{ \Delta R_{\text{PACC}}^{(1)} (\text{AM0}) \right\} = \\
 &= (/ ^2) \Delta \quad / T_H = \quad f \quad \Delta t_i T_H / T^2 , \quad (11)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 m_{2M} &= M \left\{ \Delta R_{\text{PACC}}^{(2)} (\text{AM0}) \right\} = \\
 &= (4 / ^2) \Delta \quad / T^2 = 4 \quad f \quad \Delta t_i / T^2 . \quad (12)
 \end{aligned}$$

5.

$$R^{(1)} \quad R^{(2)} \quad 3 / \quad 0,3 / ^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \Delta R^{(1)} , \quad (13) \\
 & K_{\text{HKP}} = [0,07;1].
 \end{aligned}$$

6.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & R^{(1)}, R^{(2)} . \\
 & R^{(1)}, R^{(2)} \quad \frac{2}{\Sigma_1} \quad \frac{2}{\Sigma_1} \quad (4) \quad (6)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta_1 &= \left(\frac{\quad}{2} \right)^2 \frac{12}{(N-1)^2 T^2} \left[\frac{L}{Nq_0^2} + \quad \right], \\
 \Delta_2 &= \left(\frac{\quad}{2} \right)^2 \frac{180}{(N-1)^4 T^4} \left[\frac{L}{Nq_0^2} + \quad \right]. \quad (14)
 \end{aligned}$$

[21, C.123].

$$[14]. \quad \Delta R^{(1)} \quad \Delta_1 \quad \Delta_2 \quad R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$$

V [14, . 337].

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \Delta \hat{R}^{(n)} \\
 & R_0^{(n)} = R^{(n)}(t_0), \quad n = 1, 2, \\
 & \quad \quad \quad t_0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 m_1 &\approx - \quad R_0^{(1)} \Delta \quad \mu \quad \sin \quad v , \\
 m_2 &\approx - \quad R_0^{(2)} \Delta \quad \mu \quad \sin \quad v , \quad (13) \\
 & \Delta \quad r , \quad v -
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta_1 &= |m_{1M}| + |m_1| \approx \\
 &\approx \left| (/ ^2) \Delta \quad / \right| + \\
 &+ \left| K \quad R_0^{(1)} \Delta \quad \mu \quad \sin \quad v \right|, \quad (15)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta_2 &= |m_{2M}| + |m_2| \approx \\
 &\approx \left| (4 / ^2) \Delta \quad / ^2 \right| + \\
 &+ \left| \quad R_0^{(2)} \Delta \quad \mu \quad \sin \quad v \right|. \\
 & \quad \quad \quad (15)
 \end{aligned}$$

$R^{(1)}, R^{(2)}$

[22, . 438,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mu &= (\Delta R^{(1)}) / (R^{(1)}) \quad (\Delta \quad r) , \quad (4.3.8) \\
 &\approx 10^{-3} / \quad r .
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_1 &= \sqrt{ \frac{2}{\Sigma_1} + \Delta_1^2 } , \quad V_2 = \sqrt{ \frac{2}{\Sigma_2} + \Delta_2^2 } , \quad (16) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad (14) \quad (15)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \Delta \quad r \in [0,3; 2] \\
 \mu &\approx 0,5 \quad (R^{(1)}) \approx 10^4 / .
 \end{aligned}$$

(14)...(16)

[23].

()

	120	0,3647	0,2706	1,0047	0,2706	2,8747	0,2706
		0,3833	0,7909	1,0116	0,7909	2,8771	0,7909
		0,3709	0,5037	1,0070	0,5037	2,8755	0,5037

* _____ 1
 1 2: -
 R⁽¹⁾
 R⁽²⁾
 R⁽¹⁾ R⁽²⁾ 2

		$K_{HKP} = 0,1$					
		$R^{(1)}, /$					
$v,$	$R^{(2)}, / ^2$	180		500		1435	
0	40 ... 120	0,1179*	0,7432	0,1179	0,7432	0,1179	0,7432
		0,0674	0,4249	0,0674	0,4249	0,0674	0,4249
		0,0047	0,0306	0,0047	0,0306	0,0047	0,0306
		0,0047	0,0306	0,0047	0,0306	0,0047	0,0306
	40	0,1180	0,7439	0,1180	0,7439	0,1180	0,7439
		0,0676	0,4260	0,0676	0,4260	0,0676	0,4260
		0,1179	0,7432	0,1179	0,7432	0,1179	0,7432
		0,0674	0,4249	0,0674	0,4249	0,0674	0,4249
	120	0,0407	0,0386	0,1047	0,0386	0,2917	0,0386
		0,0407	0,0386	0,1047	0,0386	0,2917	0,0386
		0,1247	0,7442	0,1577	0,7442	0,3146	0,7442
		0,0787	0,4267	0,1245	0,4267	0,2994	0,4267
	120	0,1179	0,7432	0,1179	0,7432	0,1179	0,7432
		0,0674	0,4249	0,0674	0,4249	0,0674	0,4249
		0,0407	0,0546	0,1047	0,0546	0,2917	0,0546
		0,0407	0,0546	0,1047	0,0546	0,2917	0,0546
	120	0,1247	0,7452	0,1577	0,7452	0,3146	0,7452
		0,0787	0,4284	0,1245	0,4284	0,2994	0,4284

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10.11.2012

EVALUATION OF MEASUREMENT ACCURACY IN DOPPLER AND RANGE ACCELERATION FOR RADAR COHERENT PROCESSING SYSTEM

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The analytical model for estimates of mean squared error in Doppler and range acceleration of ballistic and space targets supplied with pulse train coherent processing are proposed. It should be used in the decision making on inclusion the pulse train coherent processing system into the radar.

Keywords: early warning radar, coherent processing system, estimation errors, Doppler, range acceleration.