681.518.2 . . ( ) : ; ( ); ; : : ( ), ), ( 36000 1000 . 150 6000 . ( ) ( ), , N<sup>2</sup>  $Z_{\rm H}$ : vn. ; : ( ); ; ( ( ), ) : [1] ( ) z  $N_{ecp}(z)$  $N_{e}(x, y, z) = N_{e}(, z)$ (  $N_e = N_{e\,cp}(z) + \Delta N_e(\rho,z) \; . \label{eq:Ne}$ . .), (1) , ( ) . 1.

•

$$N_{Tcp} = \int_{0}^{\infty} N_{e cp}(z) dz = z_e N_{em}$$
, (2)  
z - ;  $N_{em}$  -









Рис.2. Комплексна модель розподілу електронної



N<sub>p</sub>,

 $N_T(p)$  [1, 2].

 $N_T(p)$ Ν ,





$$h_0^2 = \frac{E_r}{N_0} = \left(\frac{P_c}{P}\right) \quad . \tag{3}$$

$$h^{2} = E_{r}' N_{0}$$

$$h_{0}^{2} = E_{r}/N_{0}$$

$$h^{2} = \eta \, h_{0}^{2}, \qquad (4)$$

. 1

[3]

$$\eta_{-} \sim \frac{N}{f_0^2}$$
. (5)

 $\mathbf{f}_0$ 

\_

v 
$$v = 90^{\circ}$$

N <sub>cp</sub>

 $N_T(),$ 

.2)

z = zA( ,

$$\varphi(\rho, z_e) = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \int_{0}^{z_e} \sqrt{\varepsilon(\rho, z)} dz = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \int_{0}^{z_e} \sqrt{\overline{\varepsilon}(z) + \Delta\varepsilon(\rho, z)} dz.$$
(6)

 $z \ ) \ A_0.$ 

,

(11)

,

(13)

4N<sub>t</sub>(p)

,

,

29

,

( )  
;  
,  
$$\mathbf{\hat{S}}_{r} = \sqrt{P_{t}} \sum_{i=1}^{L} \sqrt{F_{0}} \cdot e^{-j\omega_{0}\Delta\tau_{i}} \cdot e^{-j\omega_{0}\left(\frac{z}{c}+\overline{\tau}\right)}$$
.  
(17)

$$S_{r}(t) = \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Re}\left\{S_{r}^{e}e^{j\omega_{0}t}\right\} = \sqrt{2} \operatorname{Re}\left\{\sqrt{P_{t}}be^{j\omega_{0}(t-\tau_{cp})}\right\},$$
(18)

$$\begin{split} \tau_{cp} = & \frac{z}{c} + \overline{\tau} = t_0 + \overline{\tau} \ - \\ , \quad b = & \sum_{i=1}^{L} k_i \cdot e^{i\Theta i} = \sum_{i=1}^{L} \sqrt{F_0} e^{-j\omega_0 \Delta \tau_i} \quad - \\ , \quad . \end{split}$$

N<sub>T</sub>(p).

(5)

$$\left| \overrightarrow{b} \right|^2 = \alpha^2 + 2\sigma_b^2, \qquad (19)$$

, \_ \_ \_ b

,

$$\overline{P}_{r} = \alpha^{2} P_{t} + 2\sigma_{b}^{2} P_{t} = P_{r} + P \quad . \tag{20}$$

[4, 5].

,



,

.

(7)

$$\varphi(\omega, \rho, z_e) = \varphi(\omega_0, \rho, z_e) + \varphi'(\omega_0, \rho, z_e)(\omega - \omega_0) +$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \varphi''(\omega_0, \rho, z_e)(\omega - \omega_0)^2 .$$
(22) (5)

,

(23)  
$$\varphi'(\omega_0, \rho, z_e)(\omega - \omega_0) = \left[\frac{z_e}{c} + \overline{\tau} + \Delta \tau(\rho)\right](\omega - \omega_0)$$

( )

$$\frac{1}{2} \varphi''(\omega_0, \rho, z_e)(\omega - \omega_0)^2 = (\omega - \omega_0)^2 N \times \frac{40,4(2\pi)^2}{\omega_0^3 c} - \frac{40,4(2\pi)^2}{\omega_0^3 c} (\omega - \omega_0)^2 \Delta N \quad (\rho) . \quad (24)$$

(11), .  

$$\frac{1}{2} \varphi''(\omega_0, \rho, z_e)(\omega - \omega_0)^2 \approx \frac{40.4(2\pi)^2}{\omega_0^3 c} (\omega - \omega_0)^2 N$$
 .  
(25)

(f<sub>0</sub>) (f<sub>0</sub>).

 $\Delta \omega_0 = \omega - \omega_0 = 2\pi f_0 . \qquad (21)$ 

,



## GENERAL LAWS OF RADIO WAVES TRANSIONOSPHERE DISTRIBUTION INFLUENCE FACTORS ON TERRESTRIAL RADIO SYSTEMS ANTIJAMMING

O.V. Shulga

Radio waves transionospheric distribution factors influence on RTS receivers antijamming: radio waves energy absorption; their propagation changing (refraction); radio waves scattering by ionosphere inhomogeneities; emitted wave different frequency components phase and group distribution velocities difference thru ionosphere. Earth ionosphere inhomogeneous structure research methods definedl. Electron density distribution in ionosphere comprehensive model described.

**Keywords:** ionosphere, radio waves transionosphere distribution, ionosphere heterogeneity, spacecraft (SC), electron density, monochromatic wave.