

658.562:681.5

Разработана самонастраивающаяся нечеткая модель для управления стабильностью технологического процесса на основе прогнозирования отклонения размерного параметра деталей от номинального значения.

: , , , , ; ξ_n

$$(1), \mu_n=0 [3].$$

[1, 2].

, , , .

, X_n n -

4]. [3, $X_n = an + \xi_n + U_n$, an ; a ; n ; ξ_n ; U_n [3].

an U_n () X_n $X_{n-1}, X_{n-2}, \dots, X_{n-N}$ N . [5],

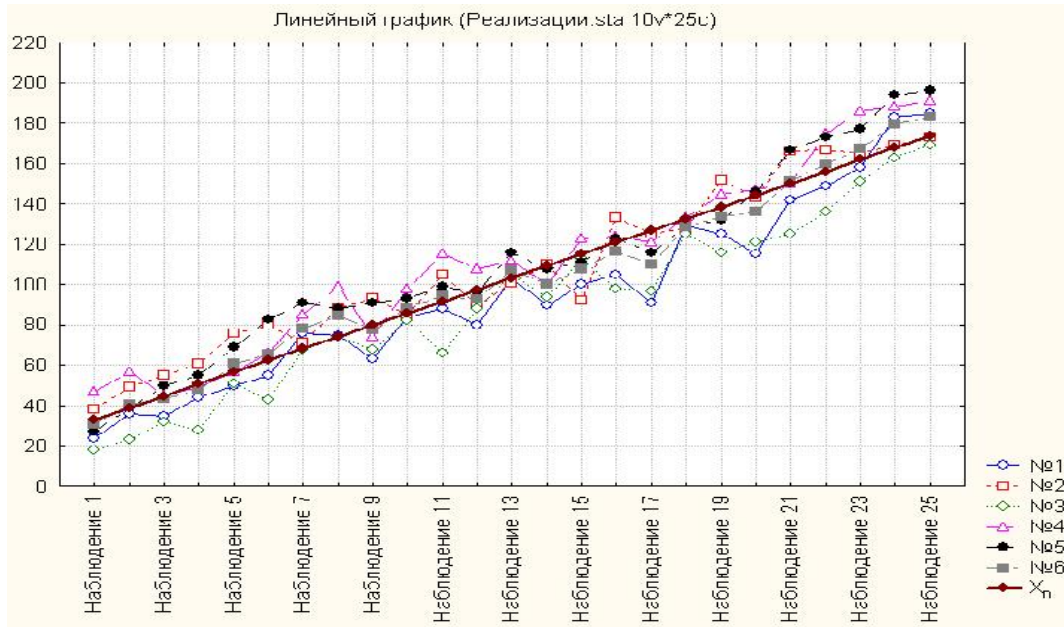
$N=6$.

{ X_n } $X_n = L_n + \mu_n + \xi_n$ (1) X_n n - L_n () ; μ_n ()

150-

Ø50h11

$$X_n = 5,85n + 27,3 \quad (.1).$$



.1.

$N=6$

X_1-X_6 ,

) [6].

1

X_n ,

X_7, \dots
 $\{X_n\}$,
 $m=125-6=119$ (.1).

m	X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	X_5	X_6	Y
1	24	36	35	44	50	55	76
2	36	35	44	50	55	76	75
3	35	44	50	55	76	75	63
4	44	50	55	76	75	63	84
5	50	55	76	75	63	84	88
6	55	76	75	63	84	88	80
7	76	75	63	84	88	80	103
8	75	63	84	88	80	103	90
9	63	84	88	80	103	90	100
10	84	88	80	103	90	100	105
11	88	80	103	90	100	105	91
12	80	103	90	100	105	91	129
13	103	90	100	105	91	129	125
14	90	100	105	91	129	125	115
15	100	105	91	129	125	115	142
16	105	91	129	125	115	142	149
17	91	129	125	115	142	149	158

CubiCalc 2.0

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18	129	125	115	142	149	158	183
19	125	115	142	149	158	183	185
...
119	132	146	167	173	177	194	196

6-

<i>m</i>	X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	X_5	X_6	Y
1	31	41	43	47	61	65	78
2	41	43	47	61	65	78	85
3	43	47	61	65	78	85	78
4	47	61	65	78	85	78	88
5	61	65	78	85	78	88	95
6	65	78	85	78	88	95	92
7	78	85	78	88	95	92	107
8	85	78	88	95	92	107	100
9	78	88	95	92	107	100	108
10	88	95	92	107	100	108	117
11	95	92	107	100	108	117	110
12	92	107	100	108	117	110	129
13	107	100	108	117	110	129	134
14	100	108	117	110	129	134	136
15	108	117	110	129	134	136	151
16	117	110	129	134	136	151	160
17	110	129	134	136	151	160	167
18	129	134	136	151	160	167	179
19	134	136	151	160	167	179	183

X_1-X_6

Y

Rule Maker,

[7, 8].

Interpolation

Rule Maker (. 2).

1

X_1-X_5 X_6 ,
 Y ,

. 3 - 5.

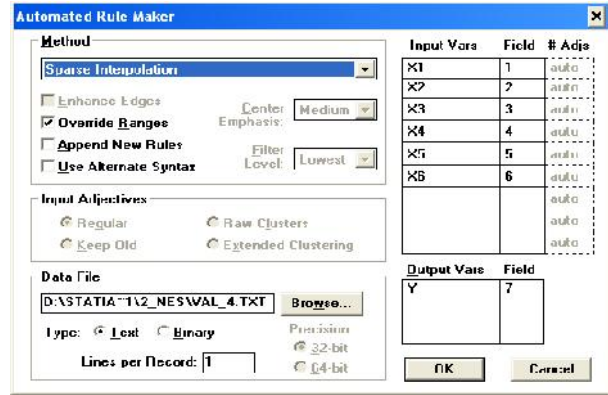
119 (. 6).

(. 2)

. 7.

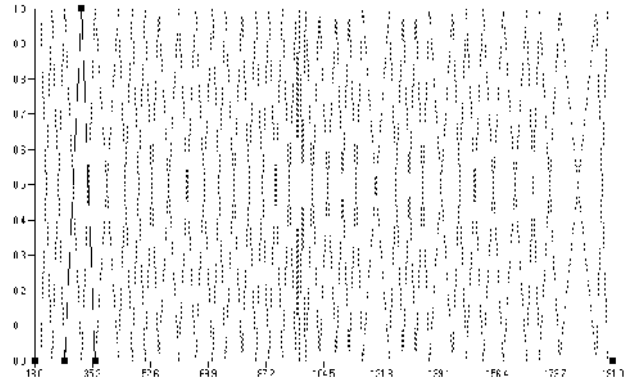
6-

(Discrete choice, best rule)
(CENTROID) (. 8).



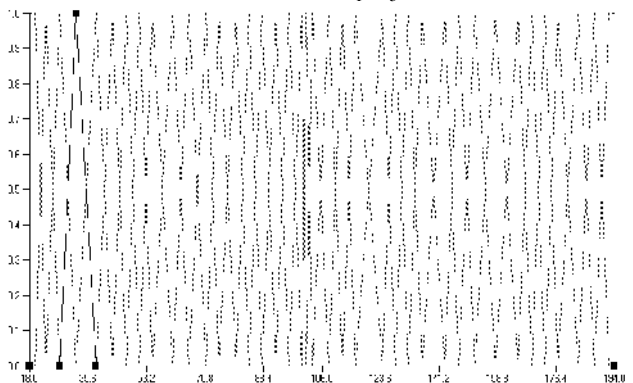
. 2.

Rule Maker
CubiCalc 2.0



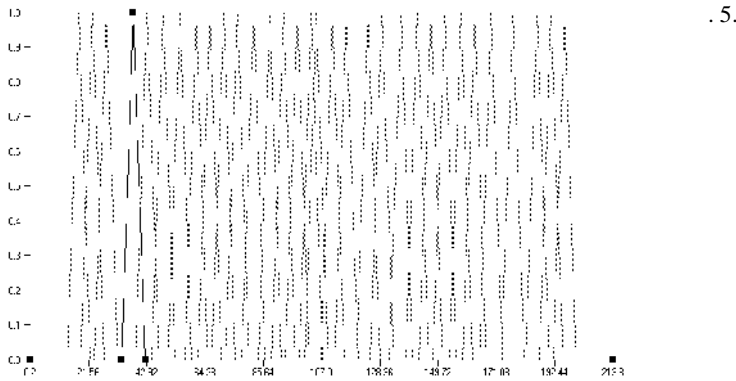
. 3.

X_1-X_5



. 4.

X_6



Y

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Rules
MIRMAI_SYNTAX
IF X1 IS adj02 AND X2 IS adj05 AND X3 IS adj05 AND X4 IS adj06 AND X5 IS adj08 AND X6 IS adj09 THEN MAKE Y adj11;
IF X1 IS adj05 AND X2 IS adj05 AND X3 IS adj06 AND X4 IS adj08 AND X5 IS adj09 AND X6 IS adj13 THEN MAKE Y adj11;
IF X1 IS adj05 AND X2 IS adj06 AND X3 IS adj08 AND X4 IS adj09 AND X5 IS adj13 AND X6 IS adj13 THEN MAKE Y adj08;
IF X1 IS adj06 AND X2 IS adj08 AND X3 IS adj09 AND X4 IS adj11 AND X5 IS adj11 AND X6 IS adj11 THEN MAKE Y adj12;
IF X1 IS adj08 AND X2 IS adj09 AND X3 IS adj11 AND X4 IS adj13 AND X5 IS adj13 AND X6 IS adj15 THEN MAKE Y adj13;
IF X1 IS adj09 AND X2 IS adj13 AND X3 IS adj13 AND X4 IS adj15 AND X5 IS adj15 AND X6 IS adj16 THEN MAKE Y adj12;
IF X1 IS adj13 AND X2 IS adj13 AND X3 IS adj10 AND X4 IS adj15 AND X5 IS adj16 AND X6 IS adj14 THEN MAKE Y adj17;
IF X1 IS adj13 AND X2 IS adj10 AND X3 IS adj15 AND X4 IS adj16 AND X5 IS adj14 AND X6 IS adj20 THEN MAKE Y adj18;
IF X1 IS adj14 AND X2 IS adj16 AND X3 IS adj16 AND X4 IS adj14 AND X5 IS adj17 AND X6 IS adj17 THEN MAKE Y adj19;
IF X1 IS adj14 AND X2 IS adj14 AND X3 IS adj21 AND X4 IS adj17 AND X5 IS adj19 AND X6 IS adj21 THEN MAKE Y adj14;
IF X1 IS adj14 AND X2 IS adj21 AND X3 IS adj17 AND X4 IS adj20 AND X5 IS adj20 AND X6 IS adj17 THEN MAKE Y adj21;
IF X1 IS adj21 AND X2 IS adj17 AND X3 IS adj20 AND X4 IS adj21 AND X5 IS adj17 AND X6 IS adj26 THEN MAKE Y adj20;
IF X1 IS adj17 AND X2 IS adj20 AND X3 IS adj21 AND X4 IS adj17 AND X5 IS adj25 AND X6 IS adj25 THEN MAKE Y adj19;
IF X1 IS adj20 AND X2 IS adj21 AND X3 IS adj17 AND X4 IS adj26 AND X5 IS adj26 AND X6 IS adj24 THEN MAKE Y adj24;
IF X1 IS adj17 AND X2 IS adj17 AND X3 IS adj26 AND X4 IS adj25 AND X5 IS adj28 AND X6 IS adj30 THEN MAKE Y adj26;
IF X1 IS adj26 AND X2 IS adj25 AND X3 IS adj24 AND X4 IS adj29 AND X5 IS adj29 AND X6 IS adj32 THEN MAKE Y adj30;
IF X1 IS adj25 AND X2 IS adj24 AND X3 IS adj29 AND X4 IS adj30 AND X5 IS adj31 AND X6 IS adj37 THEN MAKE Y adj30;
IF X1 IS adj24 AND X2 IS adj24 AND X3 IS adj31 AND X4 IS adj32 AND X5 IS adj36 AND X6 IS adj37 THEN MAKE Y adj30;
IF X1 IS adj29 AND X2 IS adj30 AND X3 IS adj32 AND X4 IS adj36 AND X5 IS adj36 AND X6 IS adj05 THEN MAKE Y adj06;
    
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.6.

	31.000	41.000	43.000	47.000	61.000	65.000	78.000	85.000	78.000	88.000	95.000	92.000	107.00	100.00	108.00	117.00	110.00	129.00	134.00	
X1																				
X2	41.000	43.000	47.000	61.000	65.000	78.000	85.000	78.000	88.000	95.000	92.000	107.00	100.00	108.00	117.00	110.00	129.00	134.00	136.00	
X3	43.000	47.000	61.000	65.000	78.000	85.000	78.000	88.000	95.000	92.000	107.00	100.00	108.00	117.00	110.00	129.00	134.00	136.00	151.00	
X4	47.000	61.000	65.000	78.000	85.000	78.000	88.000	95.000	92.000	107.00	100.00	108.00	117.00	110.00	129.00	134.00	136.00	151.00	160.00	
X5	61.000	65.000	78.000	85.000	78.000	88.000	95.000	92.000	107.00	100.00	108.00	117.00	110.00	129.00	134.00	136.00	151.00	160.00	167.00	
X6	65.000	78.000	85.000	78.000	88.000	95.000	92.000	107.00	100.00	108.00	117.00	110.00	129.00	134.00	136.00	151.00	160.00	167.00	179.00	
Y	76.000	76.000	71.000	88.000	93.000	88.000	117.00	88.000	98.000	124.00	116.00	129.00	129.00	147.00	147.00	152.00	177.00	186.00	196.00	

.8.

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Rule Execution Strategy

Smooth transition, constant if single rule active
 Smooth transition, varies with activation
 Discrete choice, best output adjective
 Discrete choice, best rule
 Custom

Current Selections

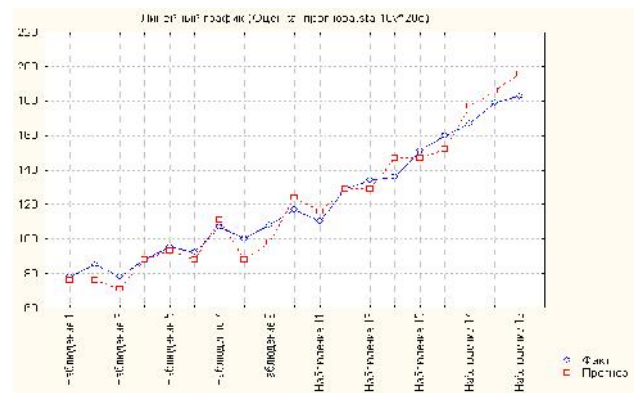
Scale: PRODUCT
 Combine: SINGLE BEST
 Defuzzify: CENTROID

.7.

CubiCalc 2.0

(.9, .10),

(.3).



.9.

t-

Y_i

\hat{Y}_i

Группа 1	Группа 2	Статистика	Значение
Финансы. Прогноз	Финансы. Прогноз	Среднее	120,63
Финансы. Прогноз	Финансы. Прогноз	Станд. откл.	0,322945
Финансы. Прогноз	Финансы. Прогноз	Среднее	120,63
Финансы. Прогноз	Финансы. Прогноз	Станд. откл.	0,322945

t-

p=0,982

p=0,05 (. 10), . . .

. 10. t-

STATISTICA 6.1

3

Mean Absolute Deviation	$MAD = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i - \hat{Y}_i $	6,36
Root Mean Square Error	$RMSE = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (Y_i - \hat{Y}_i)^2}$	7,41
Mean Absolute Percentage Error	$MAPE = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{ Y_i - \hat{Y}_i }{Y_i} \cdot 100$	5,34%
Mean Percentage Error	$MPE = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(Y_i - \hat{Y}_i)}{Y_i} \cdot 100$	1,10%
	$\varepsilon = \frac{RMSE}{Y_i^{min}} \cdot 100$	9,95%

(. 3),

$$S = \sigma_{|Y_i - \hat{Y}_i|} / \sigma_{Y_i} = 0,12.$$

4. . . . /
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 90 % – 99 % 5. . . . /
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- CubiCalc 2.0
- 14.04.2014

STABILITY CONTROL TECHNOLOGICAL PROCESSES OF PARTS BASED ON FUZZY MODELING

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Developed adaptive fuzzy model for stability control technological process based on the forecasting of the size of the parameter deviations of parts from the nominal value.

Keywords: control, stability, technological process, adaptive fuzzy model, controlled size.